Krishna Institute Of Medical Sciences Deemed University



Krishna Institute of Nursing Sciences

B. Sc. Nursing - Program code: 4101

Syllabus

Philosophy

Krishna institute of medical sciences Deemed to be University's, Krishna Institute of Nursing Sciences believes that, Health is a state of well-being that enables a person to lead a psychologically, socially and economically productive life. Health is right of all the people, Individuals, families and communities have a responsibility to words maintaining their health. Nursing contributes to the health services in a vital and significant way in the health care delivery system. It recognizes national health goals and is committed to participate in the implementation of National Health policies and programme. It aims at identifying health needs of the people, planning and providing quality are in collaboration with other health professionals and community groups.

Scope of Nursing practice encompasses provision of promotive, preventive, curative and rehabilitative aspects of care to people across their life span in wide variety of health care settings. Practice of Nursing is based upon application of basic concepts and principles derived from the physical, biological and behavioural sciences, medicine and nursing. Nursing is based on values of caring, and aims to help individuals to attain independence in self care. It necessitates development of compassion and understanding of human behaviour among its practitioners to provide care with respect and dignity and protect the rights of individuals and groups.

Undergraduate nursing programme is broad based education within an academic framework specifically directed to the development of critical thinking skills, competencies and standards required for practice of professional nursing and midwifery as envisaged in National Health Policy 2002. The teachers have the responsibility to be role models and create learning environment that enables students to acquire inquiry driven. self directed learning and foster and attitude of lifelong learning. Under graduate Nursing education programme prepares its graduates to become exemplary citizen by adhering to code of ethics and professional conducts at all times in fulfilling personal, social and professional obligations so as to respond to the national aspirations.

AIMS & OBJECTIVES

Aims:

The aim of the undergraduate nursing program is to:

- Prepare graduates to assume responsibilities as professional, competent nurses and midwives in providing promotive, preventive, curative, and rehabilitative services.
- Prepare nurses who can make independent decisions in nursing situations, protect the rights of and facilitate individuals and groups in pursuit of health, function in the hospital, community nursing services, and conduct research studies in the areas of nursing practice. They are also expected to assume the role of teacher, supervisor, and manager in a clinical/public health setting.

Objectives:

On completion of the four year B.Sc. Nursing program the graduate will be able to:

- Apply knowledge from physical, biological, and behavioral sciences, medicine including alternative systems and nursing in providing nursing care to individuals, families and communities.
- Demonstrate understanding of life style and other factors, which affect health of individuals and groups.
- Provide nursing care based on steps of nursing process in collaboration with the individuals and groups.
- Demonstrate critical thinking skill in making decisions in all situations in order to provide quality care.
- Utilize the latest trends and technology in providing health care.
- Provide promotive, preventive and restorative health services in line with the national health policies and programmes.
- Practice within the framework of code of ethics and professional conduct, and acceptable standards of practice within the legal boundaries.
- Communicate effectively with individuals and groups, and members of the health team in order to promote effective interpersonal relationships and teamwork.

- Demonstrate skills in teaching to individuals and groups in clinical/community health settings.
- Participate effectively as members of the health team in health care delivery system.
- Demonstrate leadership and managerial skills in clinical/community health settings.
- Conduct need based research studies in various setting and utilize the research findings to improve the quality of care.
- Demonstrate awareness, interest, and contribute towards advancement of self and of the profession.

Admission procedure:

Entrance / Selection test

Selection of the candidates should be based on the merit of the entrance examination held by University or competent authority.

Duration

Duration of the course shall be four years including internship.

Vacation

08 weeks' vacation shall be given in each year.

Duration

Course duration = 4 yrs.

Weeks available per year = 52 weeks

Vacation = 8 weeks

Gazetted holidays = as per University

Examination (including preparatory) = 4 weeks

Hours available per academic year = 1480 (37 weeks x 40 hours) minimum

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION

First year

Subject	Theory (In hrs)	Practical (In hrs) (In Hrs)
	Class & Lab)	(Clinical)	
1.Anatomy &Physiology	60 + 60		
2. Nursing Foundation	265+200	450	
3. Nutrition & Biochemistry	60+30		
4. Psychology	60		
5. Microbiology	60		
1 * English	60		
9 Introduction to computers	45		
10 ** Hindi / Regional language	30		
11 Library work / self study			50
12 Co-curricular activities			50
Total hours	930	450	100
Total hours = 1480 hrs			

^{**} Optional

Second year

Subject	Theory (In hrs) Class & Lab)	Practical (In hrs) (Clinical)	(In Hrs)
1 Sociology	60		
2 Pharmacology Pathology &	45+30+15		
Genetics			
3. Community Health Nursing I	90	135	
4.Communication & Educational	60+30		
Technology			
5. Medical-surgical Nursing (Adult	210	720	
including geriatrics) – I			
8 Library work / self study			50
9 Co-curricular activities			35
Total hours	540	855	85
Total hours = 1480 hrs	•	•	•

Third year

Subject	Theory (In hrs)	Practical (In hrs)	(In Hrs)
	Class & Lab)	(Clinical)	
1. Medical – surgical Nursing (Adult	120	270	
including geriatrics)- II			
2 Child health Nursing	90	270	
3. Mental Health Nursing	90	270	
4. Nursing Research & Statistics	45	*	
5. Library work / self study			50
6. Co-curricular activities			50
Total hours	345	810	100
Total hours = 1255 hrs			

Fourth year

Subject	Theory (In hrs)	Practical (In hrs)	
	Class & Lab)	(Clinical)	
1.Community Health Nursing	90	135	
2.Midwifery and obstetrical nursing	90	180	
3. Management of Nursing services and	60+30		
education			
Total hours	270	315	
Total hours = 585 hrs			

^{*} Project work to be carried out during internship

Practical – 30 hours per week

Internship (Integrated Practice)

Subject	Theory	Practical	In weeks
		(In hrs)	
1. Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing		240	5
2. Community Health Nursing II		195	4
3. Medical Surgical Nursing (Adult and Geriatrics)		430	9
4. Child Health		145	3
5. Mental Health		95	2
6. Research Project		45	1
Total hours		1150	24
Total hours = 1735 hrs	•		•

Note:

- Internship means 8 hours of integrated clinical duties in which 2 weeks of evening and night shift duties are included.
- Internship should be carried out as 8 hours per day @ 48 hours per week.
- Students during internship will be supervised by nursing teachers.
- Fourth year final examination to be held only after completing internship.

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

First year

Cubinat	Assessme	Assessment				
Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total		
Theory	3	25	75	100		
• English						
• Anatomy	3	25	75	100		
• Physiology						
• Nutrition	3	25	75	100		
Biochemistry						
Nursing Foundation						
• Psychology	3	25	75	100		
Microbiology	3	25	75	100		
Introduction to computer	3	25	75	100		
Practical & Viva Voce						
1. Nursing Foundations		100	100	200		

Second year

Cb	Subject		Assessment			
Sub			Internal	External	Total	
•	Sociology	3	25	75	100	
•	Medical Surgical Nursing – I	3	25	75	100	
•	Pharmacology, Pathology, genetics	3	25	75	100	
•	Community Health Nursing – I	3	25	75	100	
•	Communication and Educational	3	25	75	100	
	Technology					

Practical & Viva Voce			
Medical Surgical Nursing – I	100	100	200

Third year

Cubiant	Assessme	Assessment				
Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total		
Theory	3	25	75	100		
Medical Surgical Nursing						
Child Health Nursing	3	25	75	100		
Mental Health Nursing	3	25	75	100		
Nursing Research & Statistics	3	25	75	100		
Practical & Viva Voce						
Medical Surgical Nursing – II		50	50	100		
Child Health Nursing		50	50	100		
Mental Health Nursing		50	50	100		

Fourth year

Cubicat	Assessment				
Subject	Hours	Internal	External	Total	
Theory	3	25	75	100	
Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing					
Community Health Nursing – II	3	25	75	100	
Management of Nursing Services and education	3	25	75	100	
Practical & Viva Voce					
Midwifery and Obstetrical nursing	3	50	50	100	
Community Health Nursing	3	50	50	100	

N.B.:

- Anatomy and Physiology question paper will consist of section A Anatomy of 37 marks and B Physiology should be of 38 marks.
- Nutrition and Biochemistry question paper will consist of Section A Nutrition of 45 marks and Section B Biochemistry of 30 marks.
- Pharmacology, Genetics, Pathology: Section A Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section B Pathology of 25 and Genetics with 12 marks.
- Nursing Research and Statistics Nursing research should be of 50 marks and statistics of 25 marks.
- English examination will be conducted by college and marks will be send to University. (Minimum pass marks shall be 40% for English.)
- Theory and Practical exams for Introduction to computer to be conducted as College exam and marks to be sent to the University for Inclusion in the marks sheet.
- Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and practical papers separately.
- A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each subject for appearing University examination.
- A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award of degree.
- A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- If a candidate fails in either theory or practical paper he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and practical).
- *A candidate failing in more than two subjects will not be promoted to the next year.
- All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.
- One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.
- An examiner should be a lecturer or above in a college of nursing with M.Sc. (N) in concerned subject and minimum of 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for nursing foundations course faculty having M.Sc.(N) with any specialty shall be considered.
- The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed eight years.
- Maximum number of candidate for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day.
- Candidate shall not be admitted to the subsequent higher examination unless the candidate has passed the previous examination

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-11

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Anatomy

Placement: First Year Theory: 60 Hrs.

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

• The Course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of the normal structure of various human body systems and understand the alterations in anatomical structures in disease and practice of nursing.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Describe the general structure and functions of the body as a whole.
- Describe the general and microscopic structure and functions of each system of the body.
- Explain the macroscopic and microscopic structure and functions of each organs of the body.
- Understand the effects of alterations in structures and functions of as whole.
- Apply the knowledge of anatomy and physiology in the practice of nursing.

UNIT		CONTENTS WITH DISTRIBUTED HOURS				METHOD
NO. & TOTA L HRS.	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHODS	S OF EVALUA TION
I (2hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Define anatomical terms and cell. Understand and describe cell division. Psychomotor: Use this Cognitive while providing nursing care in clinical settings. Affective: Correlate with nursing practice	Introduction to Anatomical terms organization of the human body -Human cell structure -Tissues-Definition, Types, characteristics, classification, location, functions and formation (1 hr) -Classification and structure Membranes and glands (1 hr) Bioethics:-Human dignity, primacy of patient's interest, safe practice, privacy and confidentiality, practising in complex health system, (1Hr)	-Alteration in disease. Bioethics:- (Application of theoretical aspect of Anatomy to practice, Cadaver ethics, organ transplantation, 3D body simulation(1 hr)	-Applications and implications in Nursing. Shifted from DK to NK(1 hr)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts Microscopic slides, Skeleton and torso Demonstrate cells types of tissues membranes and glands Journal	•Short answers •Objective type
II (06 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe skeletal system. Psychomotor: Identify patient's condition and render comprehensive care. Affective: Contribute in improving the quality of nursing	The Skeletal system Bones – types, structure Axial Skeleton and Appendicular Skeleton. (1 hour) Bone formation and growth (1 hr) Description of bones(1 hr)	disease. (1 hr)	Applications and implications in Nursing. Shifted from DK to NK(1 hr)	Explain using charts, Skeleton loose bones and joints	

	practice	classification and structure (1 hr)				
III (07Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe type and structure of muscles. Psychomotor: Utilize this Cognitive in rendering nursing care.	The Muscular system Types of muscles (1 hour) Structure of muscles (1 hour) Muscle groups of head ,neck thorax (1 hour) Muscle groups of upper limb (1 hour)	disease Application and implications in	hr)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts, models and films Demonstrate muscular movements Journal	•Essay type Short answers •Objective type of questions
IV (06rs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire the Cognitive on central and peripheral nerves system (spinal cord, cerebrum, and cerebellum. Psychomotor: Apply this Cognitive in nursing practice. Affective: Contribute in improving quality of nursing care.	The Nervous system Structure of neuralgia and neurons. (1 hour) Somatic nervous system – structure of brain, spinal cord (1 hour) cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves (1 hour) Autonomic nervous system – structure and location. (1 hour)	disease, Application and implications in nursing.(1 hour)	Sympathetic,p arasympatheti c – structure and location. Shifted from MK to NK(1 hr)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts, models slides and specimens. Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
V (06 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire the Cognitive on different sensory organs and describe functions of each sensory organ.	The Sensory Organs Structure of skin.(1 hour) Structure of eye (1 hour) Structure of ear, (1 hour) Structure of nose,	Alterations in disease. (1 hour)Applications and implications in nursing (1 hour)		Lectures & Discussion Explain by using charts, models slides and specimens.	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type

	Psychomotor: Assess the patient with sensory alteration. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	Structure of tongue, (Auditory and olfactory apparatus).(1 hour)			Journal	
VI (07Hrs)	At the end of unit students are	Structure of Heart(1 hour) Structure of blood vessels - Arterial and Venous System (1 hour)	Lymphatic tissues- Thymus gland, Lymph nodes, Spleen Shifted from NK to DK(1 hr) Lymphatic nodules. Shifted from NK to DK(1 hr)	Alterations in disease Applications and implications in nursing (1 hour)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts, models slides and specimens. Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
VII (5 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire Cognitive of different components of respiratory systems such as lungs, bronchus, and their functions. Psychomotor: Render quality nursing care to patients with respiratory disorders.	The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of upper respiratory system (1 hour) Structure of the organs of lower respiratory system (1 hour) Muscles of respiration: Diaphragm, Intercostals muscles (1 hour)	disease. (1 hour)	lications and lications in sing(1 hour)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, slides and specimens.	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type

VIII (06 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Enlist organs participating in the process of digestion and describe their structures. Psychomotor: Render quality nursing care to the patients with problem of digestive system	The Digestive system Structure of Alimentary tract (1 hour). Structure organs of Alimentary tract (1 hours). Structure of accessory organs of digestion (2 hours)	Applications and implications in nursing. (2 hour)	Alterations in disease.	Lectures & Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, slides and specimens. Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire Cognitive regarding structure of kidney, ureters, urinary bladder, and urethra. Psychomotor: Contribute as member of health team in providing nursing care to the patients With excretory systems disorders. Affective: Contribute in improving quality of care of patients in KDU.	The excretory system (Urinary) Structure of organs of urinary System: Kidney, ureters, (1 hour) Structure of organs of urinary System: urinary bladder, ureters, urethra, Structure of skin. (1 hour)	Applications and implications in nursing (2 hour)	Alterations in disease	Lectures & Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, slides and specimens. Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
X (04 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describe the structure of endocrine glands. Psychomotor: Provides nursing care for patients with endocrine disorders. Affective: Contribute in	The endocrine system Structure of Pituitary, Pancreas thyroid(1 hour) Structure of Parathyroid, thymus and adrenal glands. (1 hour)	Applications and implications in nursing. (2 hour)	Alterations in disease	Lectures & Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, slides and specimens. Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type

improving quality of care of patients.					
At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describe the structure of reproductive organs. Psychomotor: Provide nursing care to the patients with disorders of reproductive system. Affective: Contribute in improving quality of care of patients.	Including Breast Structure of female	plications in sing. (2 hour)	Alterations in disease	Lectures & Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, slides and specimens. Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type

EVALUATION SCHEM: ANATOMY

Placement: First Year Theory: 60 Hrs.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

Evaluation Scheme

	Anatomy	Physiology	Total marks	Average out of	
Mid term	37	38	75		
Pre final	37	38	75		
Total	-	-	150	15	
Assignment (Writing journal)	25	25	50	10	
Send to university				25	
External Examination	37	38	75		

FORMATIVE EVALUATION

S.N	REQUIREMENT	PRESCRIBED NUMBER	MARK FOR EACH	TOTAL MARKS	SEND TO UNIVERS
1	Assignment (Writing Journal)	01	25	25	10

SUMMATIVE EVALUATION

MID-TERM 37	PRE FINAL 37	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 37
MCQ - 1X 9 = 09 MARKS	MCQ - 1X9 = 09 MARKS	MCQ - 1X 9 = 09 MARKS
BAQ - 2X 5 = 10 MARKS	BAQ - 2X 5 = 10 MARKS	BAQ - 2X 5 = 10 MARKS
SAQ - 4X 2 = 8 MARKS	SAQ - 4X 2 = 8 MARKS	SAQ - 4X 2 = 8 MARKS
LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS

REFERENCE BOOK:

- 1) Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross & Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness":10thed. Churchill Livingstone.
- 2) Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V., Mosby Co., London.
- 3) Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 4) Singh, I. B. (2005), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses", 1st ed., Jaypee.
- 5) Tortora, (2003), "Principles of Anatomy & Physiology," 10th ed., Wiley inter.
- 6) Chaurasia, B.D. (2004), "Human Anatomy", 4th ed., CBS publishers.
- 7) Sembulingam, "Essentials of Medical Physiology," 3rd Edition 2004 J.P.Publications. 10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK. Ltd.
- 8) Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall, International Inc., Appleton and Lange.
- 9) Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-11

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Physiology

Placement: first year Theory: 60 hrs.

Course description: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal physiology of various human body systems and understand the alterations in physiology in diseases and practice of nursing.

Specific objectives:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Describe the general structure and functions of the body as a whole.
- Describe the general and microscopic structure and functions of each system of the body.
- Explain the macroscopic and microscopic structure and functions of each organs of the body.
- Understand the effects of alterations in structures and functions of as whole.
- Apply the knowledge of anatomy and physiology in the practice of nursing.

UNIT		CONTENTS WITH D	ISTRIBUTED HOU	RS		METHO DS OF EVALUA TION
NO. & TOTAL HRS.	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHODS	
	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Know the functions of Cell, tissue, membranes, glands, tissue formation, and repair. Psychomotor: Differentiate the alterations in the body functions	Cell Physiology -Tissue-formation, repair -Membranes, Glandsfunctions(1 hr) Bioethics; -Research Ethics, animal ethics, consent, privacy and confidentiality, Ethical student issues, nursing practice, patient rights and safety, autonomy, informed consent, moral judgements, ethical decision-making skills,.(1hr)	implications in nursing.(1 hr) Bioethics:- Application of theoretical aspect of Physiology to		Lectures & Discussion Journal	•Short answers •Objective type
	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Know bone formation and growth functions and movements of bones joins and healing of bones. Psychomotor: Differentiate the alterations in joint movements.	healing ,Joints and joint movement. (1 hour)	Alterations in disease(1 hour) Applications and implications in Nursing (1 hour)		Lecturs & Discussion Explain using charts, models and films demonstrate joints movements Journal	Essay type •Short answers •Objective type of question

	Affective: Contribute in improving the quality of nursing practice.					
III (04Hrs)	types and functions of	 Muscular System: Muscle movements, Muscle tone.(1 hour) Physiology of muscle contraction, (1 hour) Levels and maintenance of posture(1 hour) Alterations in disease Applications and implications in Nursing (1 hour) 			Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts, models, slides, specimens and films Demonstrate muscle movements tone and contraction Journal	•Essay type Short answers •Objective type of questions
IV (07rs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understands the functions of neuralgia and neurons, brain, spines code, cranial and spinal nerves. Affective: Identify the	Nervous System: Functions of Neuralgia &neurons. (1Hr) Stimulus &nerve-impulse - definitions and mechanism (1 hr) Functions of brain, spinal cord, cranial and spinal nerve (1 hr) Cerebrospinal fluid-	Alterations' in disease and Applications and implications in nursing. (1 hour)	Autonomic learning and biofeedback Shifted from MK to NK (1Hr)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts, models, and films Demonstration nerve stimulus reflex action rellexes.	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type

V	actions of reflexes. At the end of unit students	Composition, circulation and function (1 hr) Reflex arc, Reflex action and reflexes Autonomic functions- Pain: somatic, visceral, and referred (1Hr)	Applications and	Alterations	Journal n Lecture discussion	•Essay
	are able to	Circulatory system:	implications and	disease(1hr)	Explain using	
(Uo mis)	are able to	Blood formation, composition, (1hr)	nursing.(1 hr)	disease(1111)	models, charts and	type •Short
	Cognitive: Understand blood formation, composition, blood groups and blood coagulation. Psychomotor: Perform blood grouping, hemoglobin percentage, ECG. Affective: Improve quality of care in ICU and Cardiac unit.	blood groups, blood coagulation (1hr) Hemoglobin: Structure, Synthesis (1 hr) Hemoglobin: breakdown, Variation of molecules, estimation (1 hr) Functions of Heart, Conduction, Cardiac cycle, circulation (1hr) Principles Control, factors influencing BP and Pulse. (1hr)			films Demonstration of Blood cell count, coagulation grouping Hemoglobin estimation, Heart conduction system Measurement of pulse, BP Journal	answers •Objective type
VI	At the end of unit students	Respiratory System:	Applications and		Lecture discussion	•Essay
(06Hrs)	are able to	Functions of respiratory organs.	implications in		Explain using,	type
		Physiology of respiration	nursing.(1 hour)		Charts films,	•Short
	Cognitive: Acquire	(1 hour)	Alterations in		Demonstration of	answers
	Cognitive regarding	Pulmonary ventilation, Volume,	disease. Shifted		spirometry	•Objective
	functions of respiratory	Mechanics of respiration	from NK to DK		Journal	type

	organs. Describe pulmonary ventilation, mechanism of respiration. Psychomotor: Provide care for the patients with ventilator support. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	(1 hour) Gaseous exchange in lungs, Carriage of oxygen &carbondioxide, (1 hour) Exchange of gases in tissues, Regulation of respiration. (1 hour)	(1Hr)			
VII (6 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire Cognitive regarding functions of organs of digestive system Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	Digestive System: Functions of organs of digestive tract. Movements of alimentary tract(1 hour) Digestion in mouth, stomach small intestines, Large intestines (1 hour) Absorption of food. Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas (1 hour) Metabolism of carbohydrates protein and fat (1 hour)	Applications and implications in nursing. Shifted		Lecture discussion Explain using, Charts Films Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
VIII (05 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand the functions of kidneys,	Excretory System: Functions of kidneys, ureters urinary bladder &urethra(1 hr) Composition of urine. Mechanism of urine formation	Applications and implications in nursing. (1 hour)	Alterations in disease Shifted from DK to NK (1Hr)	Lecture discussion Explain using, Charts Films	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective

	ureters, urinary bladder and urethra. Describe the mechanism of formation of urine. Psychomotor: Perform effective nursing care in dialysis unit.	(1 hr) Functions of skin Regulation of body temperature. Fluid and electrolyte balance. (1 hour)			Journal	type
IX (04Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand the functions of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice	Sensory Organs: Functions of skin.(1 hour) Functions of eye, ear,nose tongue. (1hour)	Applications and implications in nursing. Shifted from MK to DK (1Hr)	Alterations in disease. Shifted from MK to NK (1Hr)	Lecture discussion Explain using, Charts Films Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
X (05 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire Cognitive regarding functions of endocrine glands. Affective: Contribute in	Endocrine System: Functions of Pituitary, pineal body, thymus, (1hour) Functions of Thyroid, parathyroid pancreas, Suprarenal, (1hour) Functions of Placenta and ovaries & Testes (1hour)	Applications and implications in nursing (1 hour)	Alterations in disease (1 hour)	Lectures & Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, Slides and specimens. Demonstration of BMR	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type
XI	At the end of unit students	The Reproductive System:	Alterations in	Introduction to	Lectures &	•Essay

(05 Hrs)	are able to Cognitive: Acquire Cognitive regarding functions of male and female reproductive organs andDescribe reproduction of cells-DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis, Spermatogenesis and Oogenesis. Affective: Contribute in improving quality of care of patients.	Reproduction of cells - DNA, Mitosis, Meiosis, spermatogenesis oogenesis. (1hour) Functions of female reproductive organs; Functions of breast. Female sexual (menstrual) cycle (1hr) Functions of male reproductive organs, Male function in reproduction. Male fertility system. (1 hour)	disease Applications and implications in nursing. Alterations in disease (1hr)	embryology Shifted from MK to NK (1Hr)	Discussion explain by using models, torso, charts, Slides and specimens. Journal	type •Short answers •Objective type
XII (02 Hrs)	are able to	Lymphatic System: Lymphatic and immunological system - Circulation of lymph - Immunity (1 hour) - Formation of T-cells and B cells - Types of Immune response - Antigens - Cytokines - Antibodies (1 hour)			Lectures & Discussion explain by using charts and films Journal	•Essay type •Short answers •Objective type

EVALUATION SCHEM: PHYSIOLOGY

F	ORN	ΛA	TIVE	EVA	TITA	TION	
т.,		V 1 / 3			$\mathbf{L}_{\mathbf{L}} \cup \mathcal{L}_{\mathbf{L}}$	11111	

S.N.	REQUIREMENT	PRESCRIBED NUMBER	MARK FOR EACH	TOTAL MARKS	SEND TO UNIVERSITY				
1	Assignment (Writing Journal)	01	25	25	10				

SUMMATIVE EVALUATION

MID-TERM 38	PRE FINAL 38	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 38
MCQ - 1X 6 = 06 MARKS	MCQ - 1X 6 = 06 MARKS	MCQ - 1X 6 = 06 MARKS
BAQ - 2X 5 = 10 MARKS	BAQ - 2X 5 = 10 MARKS	BAQ - 2X 5 = 10 MARKS
SAQ - 4X3 = 12 MARKS	SAQ - 4X3 = 12 MARKS	SAQ - 4X3 = 12 MARKS
LAQ - 1X 10 =10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 =10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 =10 MARKS

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1) Waugh, Anne (2003), "Ross& Wilson's Anatomy & Physiology in health & illness":10thed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 2) Anthony & Thibodcon (2000), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses" 11th ed., C.V., Mosby Co., London.
- 3) Greig, Rhind, "Riddle's Anatomy & Physiology", 7th ed., Churchill Livingstone.
- 4) Singh, I. B. (2005), "Anatomy & Physiology for nurses", 1st ed., Jaypee.
- 5) Tortora, (2003), "Principles of Anatomy & Physiology," 10th ed., Wiley inter.
- 6) Chaurasia, B.D. (2004), "Human Anatomy", 4th ed., CBS publishers.
- 7) Sembulingam, "Essentials of Medical Physiology," 3rd Edition 2004 J.P.Publications. 10.T Clenister and Jean Rosy (1974). "Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses" 2nd Edition, William Hernmarni Medical BK. Ltd.
- 8) Ganong. F. William, "Review of Medical Physiology", 15th Edition, Prentice Hall, International Inc., Appleton and Lange.
- 9) Guyton and Hall, "Textbook of Medical Physiology," 9th Edition, A Prism2. Indian Edn. Pvt. Ltd.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-12

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing Subject: Nursing Foundation

Placement: First year

Theory 265 hrs

Practical-

650hrs

(200 lab and 450 Clinical)

Course Description: This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various supervised clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire the knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in supervised clinical setting.

OBJECTIVE: At the end of the course students will be able to develop:

- 1) Knowledge on concept of health, health-illness continuum and health care delivery system.
- 2) Knowledge on scope of nursing practice.
- 3) Knowledge on concept, theories and models of nursing practice.
- 4) Desirable attitude to ethics and professional conduct.
- 5) Skill in communicating effectively with patients and families and team members to maintain effective human relations.
- 6) Skill in health assessment and monitoring of patients.
- 7) Skill in carrying out basic nursing care procedures.
- 8) Skill in caring for patients with alterations in body functions.
- 9) Skill in applying steps of nursing process in the care of clients in the hospital and community.
- 10) Skill in applying scientific principles while performing nursing care.
- 11) Skill in documentation.
- 12) Skill in meeting basic psychosocial needs of the clients.
- 13) Knowledge on principles and techniques of infection control.
- 14) Confidence and competence in caring of terminally ill patients.
- 15) Knowledge & practice skills on first aid procedures and techniques in first aid also first aid in emergencies.

UNIT	OBJECTIV	CONTENTS WI	TH DISTRIBUTEI	HOURS	T/L METHOD	EVALUATI
NO. &	ES	Must know 60%	Desirable to	Nice to know		ON
TOTA			know30%	10%		
L						
HOUR						
S						
I	At the end of	Introduction:	Body defenses;		Lecture	Essay Type
(10	unit students	Concept of health,	Immunity and		Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	Health illness	immunization (1		Visit to	Answers
	Cognitive:	continuum. Definition of	hour)		health care	Objective
	Understand	health. (1 hour)	Illness and		agencies	Type Of
	concept of	Factors influencing	illness behavior			Questions
	health, health	health, Causes and risk	(1 hour)			Assessment of
	illness	factors for developing				skill
	continuum,	illness impact of illness	Health care			Assessment
	factors	on patient and family. (1	team. (1 hour)			with checklist
	influencing	hour)	Health			Clinical Work
	health.	Observed repetition	promotion and			
	Psychomoto	Health care services,	levels of disease			
	r: Promote	Health promotion and	prevention (1			
	wellness and	prevention, Primary	hour)			
	provide	care(1 hour)				
	health care	Diagnosis treatment-				
	services.	rehabilitation				
	Affective:	Rehabilitation and				
	Incorporate	continuing care. (1				
	Cognitive	hour)				
	into practice.	Type of health care				

		agencies Hospitals:				
		Types-Organization and				
		functions. (1 hour)				
		Primary health care and				
		its delivery; role of nurse				
TT	A , ,1 1 C	(1 hour)	<u> </u>	II. (C	T .	Г
II	At the end of	Nursing as a profession:	Categories of	J	Lecture	Essay Type
(16 hs)	unit students	Definition and	nursing	nursing in India.	Discussion	Short
	are able to	characteristics of	personal.(1 hour)	(1 hour)	Case	Answers
	Cognitive:	profession. (1 hour)			discussion	Objective
	Acquire	Nursing: Definition			Role plays	Type Of
	Cognitive	Concepts(1 hour)				Questions
	regarding	Philosophy, Objectives,				Assessment of
	concept of	Characteristics (1 hour)				skill
	nursing,	Nature and scope of				Assessment
	philosophy	nursing practice. (1				with checklist
	and	hour)				Clinical Work
	objectives.	Functions of nurse (1				
	Understand	hour)				
	nature and	Qualities of a nurse(1				
	scope of	hour)				
	nursing	Nursing as a profession				
	practice.	(1 hour)				
	Describe	Values: Definition, type,				
	ethical	values(1 hour)				
	principles in	Clarifications and values				
	nursing.	in professional nursing(1				
	Psychomoto	hour)				
	r: Apply	Caring and advocacy. (1				
	ethical	hour)				
	principles	Ethics: Definitions and				
	while	Ethical principal				
	providing	Code of ethics				

nursing care	Professional conduct for		
to patients.	nurses.		
Affective:	The consumer rights,		
Contribute in	Patients' bill of rights		
improving	Bioethics :- Professional		
the quality of	Nursing code of ethics,		
nursing	code of ethics for Nurses		
practice.	in India (INC, 2006),		
	Culturally competent		
	care Cultural value,		
	personal Values,		
	professional values,		
	Ethics and philosophy,		
	Issues in health care		
	ethics,EOL issues ,		
	LAMA ,DAMA ,benefit		
	and harm , privacy and		
	confidentiality		
	,rehabilitation ,		
	hygiene(4hr).		

III	At the end of	Hospital Admission and	Special	Demonstration	Lecture	Essay Type
(4 hrs)	unit students	Discharge:	considerations	Lab	Discussion	Short
(4 1113)	are able to	Admission: Unit and its	Types: planned	Practice	Discussion	Answers
	Cognitive:		V 1 1	Supervise		Objective
	Understand	preparation of admission bed. Admission	discharge, LAMA and	clinical		Type Of
		,				• •
	the admission	procedure (1 hour)	abscond,	practice		Questions
	and discharge	Medico-legal issues, Role	Referrals and			Assessment of
	procedure.	and responsibilities of the	transfers.(1 hour)			skill
	Psychomoto	nurse. (1 hour)				Assessment
	r: Practice	Discharge: Discharge				with checklist
	admission	planning, Discharge				Clinical Work
	and discharge	procedure, special				
	procedure in	considerations, and				
	hospital.	medico –legal issues,				
	Affective:	Role and responsibilities				
	Contribute in	of the nurse in care of the				
	improving	unit after discharge. (1				
	the quality of	hour)				
	nursing					
***	practice.		A		-	
IV	At the end of	Communication and	Attending		Lecture	Essay Type
(10	unit students	nurse patient	Psycho motors,		Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	relationship:	Rapport building		Role play and	Answers
	Cognitive:	Levels, Elements, Types,	Psychomotor(1		video film on	Objective
	Understand	Modes, Process(1 hour)	hour)		the nurses	Type Of
	various	Factors, Methods,	Empathy		interacting with	Questions
	aspects of	Barriers to effective	Psychomotor(1		the patient	Assessment of
	communicati	Communication. (1	hour)		Practice session	skill
	on.	hour)			on patient	Assessment
	Psychomoto	Helping Relationship,			teaching	with checklist
	r:	Dimension and phases of			Supervised	Clinical Work
	Communicat	a Helping Relationship.			Clinical	
	e effectively	(1 hr)			practice	

with the	Effective communication		
patients.	with patient, families &		
Affective:	team members (1 hour)		
Recognizing	Maintain effective		
phases of	human relation and		
therapeutic	Communication with		
relationships.	vulnerable group.		
	(Children, women		
	physically & mentally		
	challenged & elderly). (1		
	hour)		
	Patient teaching. (1		
	hour)		
	Importance, purpose,		
	Process, Role Of Nurse(1		
	hour)		
	Integrating teaching in		
	nursing process (1 hour)		

V	At the end of	Nursing process:			Lecture	Essay Type	
(15	unit students	Critical thinking &			Discussion	Short	
hrs)		<u> </u>				Answers	
	Cognitive:	hour) K	IMSDU,KINS, Ba	sic B.Sc.N. Syllab	us	Objective	
	Acquire	Thinking & Learning,				Type Of	
	Cognitive	Competencies.				Questions	
	regarding	(1 hour)				Assessment of	
	nursing	Attitudes for Critical				skill	
	process.	thinking(1 hour)				Assessment	
	Psychomoto	Levels of critical thinking				with checklist	
	r: Applying	in Nursing. (1 hour)				Clinical Work	
	nursing	Nursing Process					
	process while	Overview.					
	providing	(1 hour)					
	care to the	Assessment: Collection					
	patients.	of data, Types, sources,					
	Affective:	Method(1 hour)					
	Improve	Formulating Nursing					
	quality of	Judgment. Data					
	nursing care	Interpretation. (1 hour)					
	by using	Nursing Diagnosis:					
	critical	Identification of Client					
	thinking.	Problem. Nursing					
		Diagnosis statement. (1					
		hour)					
		Difference Between					
		Nursing Diagnosis &					
		Medical Diagnosis (1					
		hour)					
		Planning: Establishing					
		Priorities. Establishing					
		Goals &expected					
		Outcomes. (1 hour)					
		Selection of					
		Interventions: Protocols					
		and standing orders. (1					
		hour)					
		Writing the Nursing care					
	D Ca N	F/					
	B. SC. Nursing	Implementing the plan of					
		Implementing the plan of					
		care. (1 hour) Evaluation: Outcome of					
		Evaluation: Outcome of					

VI	At the end of	Documentation &		Lecture	Essay Type
(04	unit students	reporting		Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	documentation:		Demonstration	Answers
	Cognitive:	Purpose. Communication		Practice	Objective
	Understand	within the health care		Session	Type Of
	documentatio	team. Type of records,		Supervised	Questions
	n, types of	ward record, medical		clinical practice	Assessment of
	records,	record, nursing record.			skill
	reports.	(1 hour)			Assessment
	Psychomoto	Common record keeping			with checklist
	r: Prepare	forms. Computerized			Clinical Work
	records and	documentation.			
	reports	Guidelines for reporting;			
	related to	factual basis, accuracy,			
	patient care	completeness,			
	effectively.	organization,			
	Affective:	confidentiality. (1 hour)			
	Recognizes	Method of recording &			
	the	Reporting, Change of			
	importance	shift reports, incident			
	of recording	report(1 hour)			
	and .	Observed repetition			
	reporting.	Minimizing legal liability			
		through effective record			
		Keeping. (1 hour)			

VII	At the end of	Vital signs: Guidelines			Lecture	Essay Type	
(15	unit students	for taking vital signs . (1			Discussion	Short	
hrs)	are able to	hour)			Demonstration	Answers	
/	Cognitive:	Body temperature.K	IMSDU,KINS, Ba	sic B.Sc.N. Syllab	ups _{ractice}	Objective	
	Acquire	Physiology, regulation &			Session	Type Of	
	Cognitive	factors affecting body			Supervised	Questions	
	regarding	temperature(1 hour)			clinical practice	Assessment of	
	body	Assessment of body			1	skill	
	temperature	temperature; sites,				Assessment	
	pulse	equipments and				with checklist	
	respiration	techniques, special				Clinical Work	
	and blood	considerations. (1 hour)					
	pressure.	Temperature alteration;					
	Psychomoto	hyperthermia, heatstroke,					
	r: Check the	hypothermia. Hot and					
	vital signs	cold application (1 hour)					
	accurately	Pulse: Physiology and					
	and Identify	regulation.					
	deviations in	Characteristics of the					
	vital signs.	pulse, Factors affecting					
	Affective:	pulse(1 hour)					
	Incorporate	Assessment of pulse :-					
	this	Site, Location,					
	Cognitive in	Equipments and					
	nursing	techniques Special					
	practice.	consideration(1 hour)					
		Alteration in pulse (1					
		hour)					
		Respiration: Physiology					
		and regulation,					
		Mechanics of breathing(1					
		hour)					
		Characteristic of the					
		respiration, Factors					
		affecting, Assessment of					
		respiration; technique,					
		special consideration(1					
		hour)					
		Alterations in respiration					
	P CC Numain	(1 hour)					
	D. SC. Nursing	Brogram code pressire.					
		Physiology and					
		regulation. (1 hour)					
		Characteristic of the					

VIII	At the end of	TT14h	D 1'	- C	Lecture	Eggay Type
(30	unit students	Health assessment:	Recording	of	Discussion	Essay Type Short
`		Purposes &Process of	health	(2		
hrs)	are able to	health assessment (5	assessment.	(3	Demonstration	Answers
	Cognitive: Understands	hours)	hours)		Practice	Objective
		Health history (5 hours)			Session	Type Of
	process of	Physical examination			Supervised	Questions
	physical	methods: Inspection,			Clinical	Assessment of
	examination.	Palpation,			practice	skill
	Psychomoto	Observed more hours				Assessment
	r: Perform	Percussion, Auscultation,				with checklist
	health	Olfaction. (10 hours)				Clinical Work
	assessment.	Preparation for				
	Affective:	examination; patient and				
	Recognizes	unit. General				
	deviations	assessment, Assessment				
	while	of each body system. (7				
	performing	hrs)				
	health					
	assessment.					
IX	At the end of	Machinery, equipment			Lecture	Essay Type
(05	unit students	& line: Introduction(1			Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	hour)			Demonstration	Answers
	Cognitive:	Types: disposables and				Objective
	Understand	re-usable-linen, rubber				Type Of
	the process	goods, glass ware, metal,				Questions
	of material	plastic, furniture,				Assessment of
	management.	machinery (1 hour)				skill
	Psychomoto	Indent (1 hour)				Assessment
	r: Keep up	Maintenance (1 hour)				with checklist
	the inventory	Inventory (1 hour)				Clinical Work
	effectively.					
	Affective:					
	Incorporate					

	practice.					
X	At the end of	Meeting needs of	Reduction of	• Factors affecting	Lecture	Essay Type
(60	unit students	patients: Basic needs	physical	bowel	Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	(Activities of daily	hazards:-Fire,	elimination(1	Clinical	Answers
	Cognitive :	living) -	Accidents. (1	hour)	Practice	Objective
	Acquire	Providing safe and	hr)	 Alteration in 	Demonstration	Type Of
	Cognitive	clean environment:	Safety devices:-	bowel	Practice	Questions
	regarding	Physical environment:-	Restraints, Side	elimination.(1	sessions	Assessment of
	basic patient	Temperature, Humidity,	rails, Airways,	hour)		skill
	needs	Noise, Ventilation, Light,	Trapezes etc. (1	(3		Assessment
	Psychomoto	Odor, Pests control(1	hr)	 Review of 		with checklist
	r: Provide	hour)		physiological		Clinical Work
	safe & clean	•		regulation of		
	environment,	Role of a nurse in		fluid, Electrolyte,		
	maintains	providing safe and clean		and Acid base		
	hygiene,	environment. (1 hour)		balances(1hour)		
	nutrition,	Hygiene: Factors	Physiological	Correcting fluids.		
	sleep & rest,	influencing hygiene	needs:	 Replacement of 		
	adequate	practices.	• Sleep and rest:	fluids.(1hour)		
	fluids.	Hygiene care: Care of	Physiology of	 Assist with 		
	Affective:	skin, Bath and pressure	sleep.	coping and		
	Understands	points, feet	Factors affecting	adaptation.		
	psychologica	and nail, (1 hour)	sleep(1 hour)	• 1 hour)		
	l needs of the clients and	Oral cavity, Hair care,		Assessment,		
		Eyes, Ear and nose.(1	Promoting rest	types, devices		
	Contribute in	hour)	and sleep. (1	used method and		
	improving	Assessment: - Principles,	hour)	special		
	quality of care of	Types, Equipment	a	considerations.(1		
	patients.	Procedure Special	Sleep disorders.	hour)		
	patients.	considerations.(1 hr)	(1 hour)	Assessment, types,		
		Patient environment,		equipments,		
		room, equipment and	.	procedures &		
		linen.	• Urinary	special		

	patient's beds.	elimination:	considerations(1	
	of beds and bed	Review of	hour)	
	ing. (1 hour)	physiology of	Creating	
• Com	fort: Factors	urine	therapeutic	
	ncing comfort,	elimination.	environment.(1	
Comfo	ort devices. (1	Composition and	hour)	
	hour)	characteristics of		
	on: Importance,	urine.(1 hour)		
	ors affecting			
	al needs(1 hour)	Factors		
	ent of nutritional	influencing		
	ariables.(1 hour)	urination.		
	ng nutritional	Alteration in		
	s: Principles,			
1	ents, procedures	urinary		
	nd special	elimination.		
	rations. (1 hour)	Types and		
	y elimination:	collection of		
P	Providing	urine		
urinal/b	pedpan.(1 hour	specimen.(1		
Observ	ed reparation	hour)		
Cauteri	zation /Condom			
drainage	e. Perineal care	01 (1		
	(2 hour)	• Observation and		
Catheteri	zation & Care of	urine testing.		
urinary d	rainage. (1 hour)	Facilitating urine		
	Elimination:	elimination:		
Com	position and	Assessment,		
	eristics of feces.	types,		
Types a	nd collection of	equipments and		
	es(1 hour)	special		
	tion. Facilitating	considerations.(1		
	elimination: (1	hour)		

hour)			
Assessment, equipments,			
procedure and special	 Care of urinary 		
considerations. (1 hour)	diversions.(1		
Passing flatus tube.	hour)		
Enemas			
Suppository.(1 hour)			
Sitz bath. Bowel wash.			
Care of ostomies. (1	Bladder		
hour)	irrigation.		
Rehabilitation aspects:	Review of		
Range of motion	physiology of		
exercises.(1 hour)	bowel		
Maintenance of body	elimination.(1		
alignment:	hour)		
Position, Moving(1 hour)	,		
Lifting, Transferring,			
Walking.(1 hour)	Mobility and		
Restrains. (1 hour)	immobility:		
Oxygenation: Review	•		
of cardiovascular and	• Principles of		
respiratory physiology.	body		
Factors affecting	mechanics.(1		
oxygenation. Alteration	hour)		
in oxygenation. (1 hour)	nour)		
	Maintenance of		
Nursing interventions in	normal body		
oxygenation:	alignment and		
Assessment, types,	mobility.(1 hour)		
equipments used	inounity.(1 nout)		
procedure and special	Hazards		
considerations. (1 hour)			
Maintenance of patent air	associated with		
way. Oxygen	immobility.		

		Т	
administration,	Alteration in		
Suction.	body alignmen		
Inhalations: dry and	and mobility(1		
moist.(1 hour)	hour).		
Observed chest			
physiotherapy is given	Nursing		
by physiotheripist	interventions for		
Chest physiotherapy and	impaired body		
postural drainage. Care	alignment and		
of chest drainage	mobility. (1		
Pulseoximetry. (1 hour)	hour)		
CPR-Basic life support.			
(1 hour)			
Fluid, Electrolyte and			
Acid Base balances			
Factors affecting Fluid,			
Electrolyte and Acid base			
balances. Alteration in			
fluid, electrolyte and acid			
base balances.(1 hour)			
Nursing interventions in			
fluid electrolyte and acid			
base imbalances(1 hour)			
: Measuring fluid intake			
and output. Oral and			
parenteral, Venipuncture.			
(1 hour)			
Regulating IV flow rates,			
changing IV solutions			
and tubing, changing IV			
dressing(1 hour)			
. Administration of blood			
transfusion. (1 hour)			

Psychological Needs:	
Concept of cultural	
diversity, stress, and	
adaptation,	
self concept(1 hour)	
Sexuality, Spritual	
health, Coping with loss,	
death and grieving.(1	
hour)	
Assessment of	
psychological needs(1	
hour)	
. Nursing interventions	
for psycho social	
needs.(1 hour)	
Recreational and	
diversional therapies	
(1hr)	

3/1	A , , 1 1 C	T 6 .1	37	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Τ	ГТ
XI	At the end of	Infection control in	Nature of	Hospital acquired	Lecture	Essay Type
(20	unit students	clinical setting: Chain of	infection. (1	infection	Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	infection transmission (1	hour)	(Nosocomial	Demonstration	Answers
	Cognitive:	hr)	Isolation: source	infection) (1	Practice session	Objective
	Acquire	Defense against	and protective. (1	hour)	Supervised	Type Of
	Cognitive	infection: Natural and	hour)	 Documentation 	Clinical	Questions
	regarding	Acquired. (1 hour)	Personal	of equipment and	practice	Assessment of
	infection	Concept of asepsis	protecting	unit (1 hour)		skill
	control,	:medical asepsis and	equipment types,			Assessment
	nature of	surgical asepsis (1 hour)	uses, (1 hour)			with checklist
	infection,	Isolation precaution	Technique of			Clinical Work
	transmission	(barrier nursing). (1 hour)	wearing and			
	of infection.	Hand washing : simple	removing(1 hour)			
	Psychomoto	,hand antisepsis(1 hour)	Transportation of			
	r: Apply	Surgical antisepsis	infected patients			
	principles of	(scrub) (1 hour)	(1 hour)			
	infection	Standers safety				
	control while	precautions (universal				
	proving care	precaution) (1 hour)				
	to patients.	Transmission based				
	Affective:	precaution (1 hour)				
	Incorporate	Biomedical waste				
	Cognitive	management(1 hour)				
	into practice.	Importance, Types of				
		hospital waste, (1 hour)				
		Hazards associated with				
		hospital waste. (1 hour)				
		Documentation of				
		hospital waste(1 hour)				
		Segregation and				
		transportation and				
		disposal . (1 hour)				
		-				

XII	At the end of	Administration of	Advance	Lecture	Essay Type
(40	unit students	medication: General	Technique	Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	principles/	Epidural,	Demonstration	Answers
	Cognitive:	considerations. (1 hour)	intrathecal, intra	Practice session	Objective
	Acquire	Purpose of medication(1	osseous, intra	Supervised	Type Of
	Cognitive	hour)	peritoneal, intra	Clinical	Questions
	regarding	Principles: Six rights,	pleural, intra	practice	Assessment of
	purpose of	special consideration(1	arterial(1 hour)		skill
	medications,	hour)	Role of nurse(1		Assessment
	dose	Prescription(1 hour)	hour)		with checklist
	calculation,	Safety in administering	Broad		Clinical Work
	and route of	medication and	classification of		
	administering	medication errors. (1	drugs(1 hour)		
	drugs.	hour)	Therapeutic		
	Psychomoto	Drug forms. Route of	effects, side		
	r: Calculate	administration. (1 hour)	effects, toxic		
	the dose	Storage and maintenance	effects(1 hour)		
	correctly and	ì			

T1 .10 .1	C.1	T 11		
Identify the	of drugs and nursing	Idiosyncratic		
sites for	responsibility. (1 hour)	reaction, drug		
giving	System of drug	tolerance, drug		
medications.	measurements: metric	interaction, (1		
Affective:	system, apothecary	hour)		
Incorporate	system, household	Factors		
Cognitive	measurement, solutions.	influencing drug		
into practice.	(1 hour)	action (1 hour)		
	Converting measurement			
	Units: conversion within			
	one system(1 hour)			
	Drug calculation(1 hour)			
	Terminologies and			
	abbreviations used in			
	prescription of			
	medication(1 hour)			
	Drug administration:			
	oral, sublingual and			
	buccal(1 hour)			
	Equipment, procedure. (1			
	hour)			
	Parental: Types, General			
	principles. (1 hour)			
	Intradermal – purposes,			
	site, equipment(1 hour)			
	Procedure, special			
	consideration. (1 hour)			
	Subcutaneous - purposes,			
	site equipment(1 hour)			
	Procedure, special			
	consideration. (1 hour)			
	Intra muscular -			
	purposes, site			
	purposes, site			

equipment(1 hour)		
Procedure, and special		
consideration. (1 hour)		
Intravenous- purposes,		
site (1 hour)		
Equipment &		
Procedure(1 hour)		
Special consideration. (1		
hour)		
Topical Administration:		
Purposes, site		
equipment(1 hour)		
Procedure, special		
consideration. (1 hour)		
Documentation and		
disposal of syringes and		
needles.		
(1 hour)		
Protection from needle		
stick injuries(1 hour)		
Giving medications with		
a safety syringes. (1		
hour)		
Application to skin(1		
hour)		
Application to mucous		
membrane. (1 hour)		
Direct application of		
liquids – gargles and		
swabbing the throat. (1		
hour)		
Insertion of drug into the		
body cavity: suppository		
ood, carry, suppository		

		/ medicated packing in rectum/vagina. (1 hour) Observed out dated Inhalation: nasal, oral, end tracheal/tracheal (steam, oxygen and medication) purposes, site, equipment, procedure, special consideration. (1 hour) Recording and reporting of medication administered. (1 hours)				
XIII	At the end of	Meeting the needs of	• Definition and	Dressing, suture	Lecture	Essay Type
(10	unit students	Peri operative patients:	concept of peri-	care, Care of	Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to	Intra operative: operation	operative	drainage.(1 hour)	Demonstration	Answers
	Cognitive:	theatre set up and	nursing(1 hour)		simulations'	Objective Of
	Understand	environment. Role of	• Pre		videos.	Type Of
	and describe	nurse (1 hour)	operativephase:-			Questions Assessment of
	pre, peri and	• Wounds: Types,	Preparation of			skill
	post operative	classifications, wound	patients for			Assessment
	care and	healing process, factors affecting wound, (1 hour)	surgery. (1 hour)			with checklist

	management	• Complications of wound	Intraoperative		Clinical Work
	of patient.	healing. Surgical asepsis	phase:-		Cimical Work
	Psychomoto Psychomoto	(1 hour)	Operation theatre		
	r: Render	• Care of wound: types,	setup and		
	pre, peri and	Equipments, procedure	environment(1		
	post	1 1 1	hour)		
	operative	and special	′		
	care to the	considerations. (1 hour)	Postoperative		
	patient.	Application of bandages,	phase: Recovery		
	patient.	binders, splints, slings.	unit		
		First aid. Heat and cold	Post operative		
		therapy (1 hour)	unit Post		
		OBSERVERED	operative care		
		REPETATION	(1 hour)		
		NEWLY ADDED		NEWLY	
		NEWLY ADDED		ADDED	
		introduction to first aid		Springs	
XIII		and emergencies(2 hr)		Strains	
25HRS		-introduction		(1 hr)	
231103		defination'(2 hr)	NICANI AZ	Fall	
		-aims, and importance of	NEWLY	S	
		first aid(2hr)	ADDED	(2 hr	
	At the end of	-general principals of	Bandaging types	(2 111	
	unit students	firstaid(2 hr)	(3 hr)		
	are able to	-concepts of	Wounds and		
	Cognitive:	emergency(3hr)	bleeding		
	Understand	-dressing (2 hr)	(3 hr		
	first aid	-first aid kit(2 hr)			
	Procedures	-transportation of			
	and	injured(2 hr)			
	techniques in	-first aid in			
	first aid, first	emergencies(2 hr) mk			
	aid in				
	aiu III				

emergen of patie Psychon r: Rende first aid emergen care to patier	nt. noto er , in cies the				
XIV (15 unit stud are able Cognitive Acquired Cognitive Special new of patient Psychon regions of patient havening alterestemperate sensoring and menochalleng Affection Maintaire quality	atient having alteration in Temperature (hyper and hypothermia; types, assessment, management. (1 hour) rium (unconsciousness) (1 hr) Treatments related to pintestinal system(1 hour) ts o gastric suction(1 hour) tric irritation, and gastric analysis. (1 hour) ure, am tally ged ve: the	,management	Mental stage (mentally challenged Assessment of self care ability (1 hr) Respiration (distress):types, assessment management(1 hour) Comfort – (pain) - nature, types, factors influencing pain(1 hour) Coping assessment; management.(1 hr)	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Essay Type Short Answers Objective Type Of Questions Assessment of skill Assessment with checklist Clinical Work

			hour) Mobility (physical challenged, cast) assessment of self care ability(1 hour) Communication methods and special consideration. (1 hour)			
XV (05 hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe signs and symptoms of dying. Psychomoto r: Perform death care. Affective: Appreciates relatives' feeling, values and cultural differences.	Care of terminally ill patient: Signs of clinical death. Care of dying patient. Care of dead body. (1 hour) Equipment, procedure and care of unit (1 hour) Professional nursing concept and practice: Conceptual and theoretical models of nursing practice(1 hour) Linking theories with nursing process(1 hour)	cept of loss, grief eving process, (1 hour) Special considerations Autopsy Embalming (1 hr)	• Euthanasia, will, dying, declaration, organ donation etc. Medico legal issues (1 hour)	Lecture Discussion Demonstrations Case discussion/Role play Practice session SupervisedClini cal practice	Essay Type Short Answers Objective Type Of Questions Assessment of skill Assessment with checklist Clinical Work

XVI	At the end of	Professional nursing	Introduction to	Introduction to	Lecture	Essay Type
(06	unit students	concept and practice:	models – holistic	theories in	Discussion	Short
hrs)	are able to		model, health	nursing;		Answers
	Cognitive:	Conceptual and	belief model(1	Peplau's,		Objective
	Know the	theoretical models of	hour)	Henderson's,		Type Of
	conceptual	nursing practice. 1 hour)	Health promotion	Orem's(1 hour)		Questions
	and		model etc. (1	Neumann's		Assessment of
	theoretical		hour)	,Roger's, and		skill
	models in	Linking theories with		Roy's adaptation		Assessment
	nursing.	nursing process.		model(1 hour)		with checklist
	Psychomoto	Complimentary and				Clinical Work
	r: Correlate	alternate healing				
	nursing	techniques 1 hour)				
	theories in	-				
	nursing					
	practice.					
	Affective:					
	Participate in					
	research					
	activities.					



FORMATIVE EVALUATION

SN	REQUIREMENT	PRESCRIBED NO.	M	ARKS FOR EACH	TOTAL MARKS	Sent to university
1.	Nursing Care Plan	02 ➤ Medical ward – 01	50	Marks	100 Marks	
2.	Clinical Evaluation	➤ Surgical ward – 01,	10	00 Marks	200 Marks	
3.	Procedure Evaluation	01	50		50 Marks	
7.	Practical Examinations (Midterm & Prefinal Exam)		10	0 Marks	200 Marks	
			G]	RAND TOTAL	550 Marks	100 Marks
		SUMMATIVEEVALU	ATION			
MII	OTERM 75	PREFINAL 75	Univ	ersity Examination		
MC	Q- 1x15=15Marks	MCQ- 1X15 = 15 Marks		$2 - 1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$		
LAQ	2 -1x10=10Marks	LAQ-1x10=10 Marks	Section	on B(BAQ - 2X 10 = 2	20 Marks	
LAQ	2-1x10=10 Marks	LAQ-1x10=10 Marks	Section	on B(SAQ) - 4 X 5 = 2	20 Marks	
BAC	2- 2x10= 20Marks	BAQ- 2x10= 20Marks	Section	on $C(LAQ) - 10 X 2 =$	20 Marks	
SAQ	2- 4x5= 20 Marks	SAQ- 4x5= 20 Marks				
THE	CORY EXAMINATION: MIDT PRI	ΓERM: 75 Marks EFINAL: 75 Marks		GRAND TOTAL:	150 Marks	25 Marks
EXT	EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT : UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION: THEORY: 75Marks PRACTICAL: 100 Marks					

EVALUATION SCHEM: NURSING FOUNDATION

	FORMATIVE EVALUATION						
SN	REQUIREMENT	PRESCRIBED NO.	M	ARKS FOR EACH	TOTAL MARKS	Sent to university	
1.	Nursing Care Plan	 02 ➤ Medical ward – 01 ➤ Surgical ward – 01, 	50	Marks	100 Marks		
2.	Clinical Evaluation	02	10	00 Marks	200 Marks		
3.	Procedure Evaluation	01	50		50 Marks		
7.	Practical Examinations (Midterm & Prefinal Exam)		10	0 Marks	200 Marks		
			Gl	RAND TOTAL	550 Marks	100 Marks	
		SUMMATIVEEVALU	JATION				
MII	OTERM 75	PREFINAL 75	Univ	ersity Examination			
MC	Q- 1x15=15Marks	MCQ-1X15 = 15 Marks	MCQ	$2 - 1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ Marks}$			
LAC	2-1x10=10Marks	LAQ-1x10=10 Marks	Section	on B(BAQ - 2X 10 = 2	20 Marks		
LAC	2-1x10=10 Marks	LAQ-1x10=10 Marks	Section	on B(SAQ) - 4 X 5 = 2	20 Marks		
BAC	Q- 2x10= 20Marks	BAQ- 2x10= 20Marks	Section	on $C(LAQ) - 10 X 2 =$	20 Marks		
SAÇ	2- 4x5= 20 Marks	SAQ- 4x5= 20 Marks					
THE	EORY EXAMINATION: MID	ΓERM: 75 Marks		GRAND TOTAL:	150 Marks	25 Marks	
	PREFINAL: 75 Marks						
EXT	TERNAL ASSESSMENT : UN	IVERSITY EXAMINATION:	THEORY	7: 75Marks	PRACTICAL:	100 Marks	

Practical-650hrs (200 lab& 450 Clinic)

B. Sc. Nursing - Program code: 4101

Reference:-

- 1. Craven Fundamentals of Nursing ,2010,LWW
- 2. Potter Fundamentals of Nursing ,2009,Elsevier's
- 3. St John's Ambulance First AID, 2007, St John's Ambulance Association.
- 4. LWW Lippincott's Nursing Procedure, 2008, LWW.
- 5. Jacob Clinical Nursing Skills & Procedures ,2008, Jaypee
- 6. Carpenito Understanding Nursing Process, 2007, LWW

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-13

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing Subject: Nutrition

Placement: First Year (Class 40 + lab 20)Total 60-hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing.

Specific objectives: At the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1. To understand the concept of nutrition & health.
- 2. Understand different types of nutrients, their importance, sources, functions and problems due to deficiency.
- 3. To plan balanced diet for individuals and groups.
- 4. Plan menu efficiently.
- 5. Explain methods of effective cooking and food preservation.
- 6. Apply the principles of food preparation in the practical field effectively.

UNIT NO.	OBJECTIVES	CONTE	ENTS		T/L METHOD	METHOD
& TOTAL HRS.		Must Know	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW		OF EVALUAT ION
I (4 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe classification of foods, food standards, and elements of nutrition, calories and BMR. Explain factors affecting food and nutrition and nutritional problems in India. Affective: Appreciates the impact of socio economic cultural and traditional values on a food and nutrition.	History Concept Role of nutrition in maintaining health. Nutritional Problems in India Bioethics:-Policy, ethics and research governance, Research ethics, Misconduct, Fraud, Research ethics, Nutrition and politics, Nutrition and religion, Faith or Belief-based system, animal rights, the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, DSHEA; Public Law 103-417, research transparency and integrity, The Nutrition Labelling and Education Act of 1990, consumer protection act, Nutritional policy, Genetic engineering, genetically modified food .(2hr) Classification of foods& Food standards Elements of nutrition: macro and micro * Calorie, BMR.	National nutritional policy Factors affecting food and nutrition: socioeconomic, cultural, Tradition, production, system of distribution, life style and food habits etc. (1 hour)	-	• Lecture Discussion Panel Discussion	Formative or summative Short answers Objective type

II (02 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive Understand and describe classification, functions and digestion of carbohydrates. Enlist the effects of deficiencies and over consumption.	Classification Caloric value. Recommended daily allowances of food. Dietary sources. Function.	Digestion, absorption and storage, Metabolism of	History, Concepts .Role of food and its medicinal value. (1/2 hour)	Explaining using charts, PPT	Short answers Objective type
III (02 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe classification and requirements of fats. Understand and explain dilatory sources, functions and digestion of fats. Affective: Use this Cognitive in nursing practice.	FAT: Classification & Caloric value Recommended daily allowances of food. Dietary sources & Function. Malnutrition: Deficiencies and Over consumption.(1 hrs)	Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism. (1 hour)		Lecture Discussion	Short answers Objective type
IV (02 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe classification and requirements of proteins.	PROTEIN: Classification& Caloric value. Recommended daily allowances of food. Dietary sources& Function Malnutrition: Deficiencies and	• Digestion, absorption and storage, metabolism(1		Lecture Discussion, Explaining using charts, PPT	Short answers Objective type

	Affective: Use this Cognitive in nursing practice.	Over consumption.(1 hrs)	hour)		
V (03 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: understand and explain the caloric requirement of various age groups. Psychomotor: Able to calculate calories of food	categories of neonle	Measurements of energy. Body Mass Index (BMI) and basic metabolism (1 hour) Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) — determination and factors affecting. (1 hour)	Explaining using charts Exercise Demonstration	Short answers Objective type
VI (04 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Classify the vitamins. Enlist the importance of vitamins. Psychomotor: Identify the vitamins deficiency.	VITAMINES: Classification Recommended daily allowances of food. (1 hr) Dietary sources, Function(1 hr) Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion. Deficiencies (1hour)	Hypervitaminosi s (1 hr)	Explaining - using charts	Short answers Objective type

VII (04 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe the importance of minerals. Psychomotor: Identify the mineral deficiency	MINERALS: Classification Recommended daily allowances of food. Dietary sources Function(1 hours) Absorption, synthesis, metabolism storage and excretion. Deficiencies (1 hr) Case Study(1 hr)	Over consumption and toxicity. (1 hr)	-	PPT Case Study	Short answers Objective type
VIII (03 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain importance of water and electrolytes. Affective: Use this Cognitive in nursing practice.	Water: Daily requirement, regulation of water, Metabolism,	Over hydration, dehydration and water intoxication, Electrolyte imbalances (1 hour)		Lecture Discussion, Explaining Using charts PPT	Short answers Objective type
IX (05 hours) Practical:15	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe rules of food keeping and preservation of nutrients. Psychomotor: Cook foods stuffs following rules. Affective: Appreciate the importance of rules to be followed while cooking.	COOKERY RULES & PRESERVATION OF NUTRIENTS: Principles, methods of cooking and serving. Preservation of nutrients (1 hour) Safe Food handling-toxicity Storage of food Food standards (1 hour)	Food preservation, food additives and its principles (1 hour)	n of food	Lecture Discussion Practice session Demonstration	Short answers Objective type, LAQ Assessment practice sessions

		Preparation of simple beverages and different types of food(1 hour) Addition 2018-19 Visit to hospital pantry (2hrs)				
X (07 hours) Practical-5	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe importance of balance diet. Psychomotor: Prepare balance diet Affective: Educate client.	BALANCE DIET: Elements,& Food groups	Introduction to therapeutic diet: (1 hour) Naturopathy – Diet ((1 hour)		Explaining using charts Practice session Meal Planning	Short answers Objective type Exercise on menu planning
XI (04 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Enlist National Nutritional Programmes in India and describe nurse's rule. Affective: Contribute in implementation of national nutritional programs.	ROLE OF NURSE IN NUTRITIONAL PROGRMMAES: Role of nurse in Nutritional programmes Assessment of nutritional status Nutrition education and role of nurse. (1 hour)	 National programmes related to nutrition (1hour) Vitamin A deficiency programme National iodine deficiency disorders (IDD) programme Mid – day meal 	NIPCCD , CARE, FAO, NIN, CETRI (Central food technolo gy and research institute)	Explaining with Slide/film shows Demonstration of Assessment of nutritional status	Short answers Objective type LAQ

	programme	etc.	
	Integrated child	. (1 hour)	
	development		
	scheme (ICDS).		
	National and		
	International		
	agencies working		
	towards food /		
	nutrition. (1		
	hour)		

LAB HOURS: TOTAL – 20- HOURS (Unit- X =5hrs. +Unit- IX=15 hrs.)

Sr. No	Name of Topic		Recipe
I	Liquid Diet	Egg Flip	Barley Water
		Whey Water	Orange Juice
		Mango Juice	Sweet Line Juice
		Soup	
II	Soft Diet	Custard	Carmel custard
		Kanji	Jelly
		Porridge	
III	Semi Solid Diet	Khichadi	Smashed Potatoes
		Kheer	
IV	Balanced Diet	Planning of Menu	Budgeting of Food
		Calculation of Nutritive Values	Identification of various food groups

B. Sc. Nursing - Program code: 4101

EVALUATION SCHEM: NUTRITION

Subject	Theory			
	Nutrition	Biochemistry	Total	
Midterm	45	30	75	
Pre Final	45	30	75	
Total	90	60	150	
Send to university	Out of 150		15	
cookery practical	25(5)	-	5	
Assignment(Writing journal)	-	25(5)	5	
Send to university			10	
Total se			15+10=25	
nd to university				
External Examination	45	30	75	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Darshan Sohi; A Text Book of Nutrition & Dietetics; edited by Dr. S.S.Randhava;1st edition.
- 2. Dr. Shaila John, D. Jasmine Jenifer; Essential of nutrition and dietetics for nursing; WolterKlewer Publication 2013.
- 3. I clement ,A Text Book of Nutrition & Dietetics for Post Basic Bsc Nursing students; 2nd Edition; Jaypee brothers Publication.
- 4. Jacob Anthicad; Nutrition & Biochemistry for Nurses; 1st Edition 2009.
- 5. B.Shrilakshmi, text book of Dietetics; 5th Edition.
- 6. C. Gopalan ,B.V.Ramashastri&S.C.Balsubramanian , revised & updated by B.S.Narasinga Rao, Y.G. Deosthale& K.C. Pant ;Nutritive value of Indian foods; first edition 1971, revised Edition : 1989.
- 7. L.C. Gupta, Kusum Gupta, Abhishek Gupta; Food & Nutrition, facts & figures; 6th Edition; Jaypee brothers Publication.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-13

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Biochemistry

Placement: First Year Theory – 30 hours

Course Description: The Course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body and understand the alterations in biochemistry in diseases for practice of nursing.

Specific objectives: at the end of the course the students will be able to

- 1) To understand normal biochemistry of human body
- 2) To understand biochemical changes occurring in illness
- 3) To assist with simple biochemical test, interpret the results and draw inference.

UNIT NO. & TOTA L HOUR S	OBJECTIVE S	CONTENTS W	T/L METHOD	METHOD OF EVALUATIO N		
		MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW		
I (3 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain importance of biochemistry. Psychomotor: Draw the structure of cell and its components.	Introduction Definition and importance of Biochemistry in Nursing Bioethics:-Organ transplantation, animal ethics, moral principles, truthful and adequate information, prudency of investigation, confidentiality, doc – patient relationship, patient rights and safety, disposal of investigation material, contamination /spillage, investigation errors. Application of theoretical aspect of Biochemistry to practice(2hr). Study the structure of cell and its various components. Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes Cells organization. Microscopy. (1hr)			Lecture Discussion	Objective type SAQ

II (06 hours)		Structure and functions of cell membrane Fluid mosaic &Model tight junction. (1hr) Cytoskeleton. Transport mechanism; (1hr) diffusion, osmosis filtration, (1hr) active channel, sodium pump. (1hr)	 Acid base balance Maintenance and diagnostic test, PH buffers. –(1hr) Dehydration, Renal regulation of PH–(1hr) Newly added 	LECTURE DISCUSSIO N	Objective type SAQ LAQ Objective type SAQ, BAQ
III (06 hours)	unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe composition of metabolism of carbohydrates. Affective: In	Composition and metabolism of carbohydrates Types, structure, composition and uses 1. Monosaccharides, Disaccharides(1hr), 2. Polysaccharides. Oligosaccharides.Metabolis m. (1hr) Pathways of glucose: Glycosis. Glycogenolysis. Regulation of blood glucose level. Investigation and their interpretations (1hr) Glucose tolerance test. (1hr) newly added	 Glyconeogenesis:- Cori's cycle.ricarbolxylic acid (TCA) cycle. (1hr) Pentose phosphate pathways (Hexose mono phosphate).(1hr) 	Lecture Discussion	

IV At the end of	Composition and metabolism	• Ath	herosclerosi Lecture	Objective Type
(04 unit students	lipids: (3 hours)	S	Discussion	SAQ
hours) are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain composition, metabolism and types of lipids. Affective: In corporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	 Types, structure, composition and uses: fatty acids.Nomenclature, Rules and prostaglandins.Metabolism of fatty acids.Breakdown and synthesis. (1hr) Metabolism Triacycloglycerol. 	Inv An	vestigations ad Their erpretations ((1hr)	SAQ

V (06 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe composition and metabolism of amino acids. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive while rendering care to the patients.		Composition and metabolism of Amino acids and proteins: -Types, structure, composition and uses of amino acids and proteins. Metabolism of amino acids and proteins (1hr) -Protein synthesis: Targeting and glycosylation. (1hr) Metabolism of nitrogen: -Fixation and assimilation. Urea cycle. Hems and chlorophylls. (1hr) - Enzymes and coenzymes. (1hr) -Classifications, properties, kinetics and inhibition, control. Chromatography, Electrophoresis, Sequencing. (1hr)		Investigation And Their Interpretation Liver function test (1hr)	Lecture Discussion	
--------------------	---	--	---	--	--	--------------------	--

VI	At the end of	Vitaming and minarals (2 haves)	Vitamins and minerals		Lastyma	
		Vitamins and minerals: (2 hours)	vitamins and minerals		Lecture	
(02	unit students	Vitamins:-Structure, Classification,			Discussion	
hours)		Properties, Absorption, Storage				
		and transportation, Normal				
		concentration.				
	-	Investigation And Their				
		Interpretation(1hr)				
		Minerals: (1hr)				
	minerals.					
	Affective:					
	Incorporate					
	this Cognitive					
	in day today's					
	work.					
VII	At the end of	Immune response	Immunochemistry		Lecture	
(03	unit students	Structure and classification of		Specialized Protein;	Discussion	
hours)	are able to	immunoglobulin's		Collagen Elastin,		
	Cognitive:	Mechanism of antibody		Keratin, Myosin,		
	Know the	production(1hr)		Lens Protein		
	immune	Antigen; HLA typing		Electropheretic And		
	chemistry.	Free radical and anti oxidants		Quantitative		
		(1hr)		Determination Of		
				Immunoglobulin		
				ELISA Etc,		
				Investigation And		
				Their Interpretation		
				((1hr)		

EVALUATION SCHEM: BIOCHEMISTRY

FORMATIVE				SUMMATIVE			
	MidTerm3 0M	Prefinal 30M	Total	Send to	Send to	Final University	
				university	university	examination	
				theory			
Laboratory	MCQ 06 = 6	MCQ 06	From biochemistry				
(Practicum):	marks	=6 marks	Mid Term 30M				
25M	BAQ-3M:2 = 6	BAQ-3M:2 =	Prefinal 30M			MCQ 06 = 6	
Average Out of 25	marks	6 marks	Total =60			marks	
send 5 &	LAQ-1	LAQ-1					
Nutrition out of 25	=10marks	=10marks				BAQ-3M:2 = 6	
=send to university	SAQ-2M:4 = 8	SAQ-2M:4				marks	
5		=8				LAQ-1	
						=10marks	
						SAQ-2M:4 = 8	
						-	
Total practical 10	30	30	Nutrition	Out of 150	25		
			90+biochemistry 60	theory send to			
			=150	university			
				=15			

External Assessment:

Nutrition: 45 M, Biochemistry 30 marks

References:

- 1. Anthikad Jacob, Biochemistry for nurses, 2 edition, 2004, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P)Ltd.
- 2. Champe Pamela C., Lippincott's illustrated reviews: Biochemistry, 2edition, 2005, Lippincot, Williams & Wilkins
- 3. Raju S.M. Biochemistry for nurses, edition 1, 2004. Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P)Ltd.
- 4. Reddy K.R. Medical biochemistry for nurses, edition 1, 2001, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P)Ltd.
- 5. Deb A.C., Fundamentals of biochemistry. Edition 6, 1996, New Central Book Agency (P) Ltd.,
- 6. Satyanarayan U., Essentials of biochemistry, edition 2, Books and Allied (P) Ltd.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-14

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Psychology

Placement: First Year Theory 60 hours

Course Description: This course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of fundamentals of psychology and develop an insight into behaviour of self and others. Further it is aimed at helping them to practice the principles of mental hygiene for promoting mental health in nursing practice.

Specific Objectives: At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Understand the importance of psychology in personal and professional life.
- Understands the biology of human behaviour.
- Understands cognitive and affective processes of human mind.
- Develops an understanding of self and others.
- Understand the influence of personality of human behaviour.
- Appreciates developmental psychology.
- Understands the significance of mental hygiene and mental health.
- Assist with psychological assessments and tests.

UNIT	OBJECTIVES	Co	ONTENT		T/L	F/S
NO		MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO	NICE TO	METHODS	EVALUAT
&TOT			KNOW	KNOW		ION
AL						
HOURS						
I	At the end of unit	Cognitive processes		Aptitude:-		
(04	students are able to	Attention -Types (1hr)	Development	Concept,		Essay type
hours)	Cognitive:	Determinants, Duration	theories Of	types,		Short
	Understand and	and degree, alteration (1	memorization(1h	individual	Lecture	Answers
	explain scope of	hr)	r)	differences	Discussion	
	psychology and its	Perception-Meaning,		and		Objective
	relevance to	principles, factors	Methods of	variability		Types
	nursing.	affecting, errors (1 hr).	memorizing and	(1hr)		
		Learning-Nature, types,	forgetting.(1hr)			Clinical
		(1hr)		Psychomet		work
		Learner and learning,	Alteration in	ric		
		factors influencing, on	cognitive	assessment		
		learning (1hr)	processes.	of		
		Laws and theories, process,	Application.(1	cognitive		
		transfer, study habits. (1 hr)	hr)	processes(
		Memory:-Meaning, types,		1 hr)		
		Nature, factors, (1 hr)				
		Thinking -Types and				
		Levels,				
		(1hr)				
		Thing-Stages of				
		development, relationship				
		with language and				
		communication (1hr)				
		Intelligence;-meaning,				
		classification, &uses,				

		Theories of learning (1 hr)				
		Bioethics:-Ethical Principles of				
		Psychologists and Code of				
		Conduct("APA Ethics Codes")				
		(APA, 2002a, 2010) and the				
		Record Keeping Guidelines				
		(APA, 2007). communication,				
		behavioural issues, patient				
		decision making, human				
		interaction and systems, Ethical				
		and legal standards,				
		competency, Clinical ethics,				
		Informal ethical discourse,				
		respect for persons,				
		beneficence, non maleficence				
		and justice, ethical dilemmas,				
		doctor-patient relationship,				
		children's competencies,				
		perceptions, children's potential				
		vulnerability to exploitation in				
		interaction with adults, Rights				
		of the Child, Jeopardy, Mutual				
		responsibilities, ethical				
		practice, Consent from				
		potentially vulnerable people, The Code of Practice under the				
		Adults with Incapacity Act(4hr)				
II	At the end of unit		Brain and	Genetics		
(6Hrs.)	students are able to	Biology of behaviourBody mind relationship	behavior &	and behavior;		Essay type
(01113.)	Cognitive:	modulation, process in	Nervous system,	Heredity and	Lecture	Short
	Understand and	health and illness.(1hr)	neurons and	environment	Discussion	Answers
	describe biology of	Psychology of sensation	synapse and	(1 hr)		
	behavior.	(1hr)	• Association	(/		Objective

Psychomotor: Identify types of behavior and reasons for the same. Affective: Appreciate various types of behavior in specific situations.	 behavior. (1hr) Nature of behavior of an organism/integrated responses (1 hr) 	cortex, Right and left hemispheres. (1 hour)			Types Clinical work
III (19Hrs.) At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe learning memory thinking, inelegance, attention and perception. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in day today's life.	 Attention -Types (1hr) Determinants, Duration and degree, alteration (1 hr) Perception-Meaning, principles, factors affecting, errors (1 hr). Learning-Nature, types, (1hr) Learner and learning. 	Development theories Of memorization(1hr) Methods of memorizing and forgetting.(1hr) Alteration in cognitive processes. Application.(1 hr)	 Aptitude:- Concept, types, individual differences and variability (1hr) Psycho metric assessment of cognitive processes(1 hr) 	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short Answers Objective Types Clinical work

	e end of unit	language and communication (1 Intelligence;-meaning classification, &uses, (1h Theories of learning hr) Motivation emotional process	r) ng (1 and • Theories of			Essay type
Psych Recog emotic and indivice Affect Incorp Cognic	rstand and in the stance of ation, on and stress. comotor: gnize onal reaction stress of dual tive: oorate this	concepts, Types, (Motives behavior.(1hr) Conflict (1hr) Frustration, coresolution. (1hr) Emotion. Define component, change emotion, emotion adjustment, emotion health and ill (1hr) Stress: stressors, confect adaptation a coping. (1hr)	and emotion (1hr) Factors affecting, behavior and Affective, attitudinal - change. (1 hr) Alteration in emotion & Application. (1 hour)	• Psychomet ric assessment of emotions and Affective.(1 hour)	Lecture Discussion Lecture Discussion	Short Answers Objective Types Clinical work

V (4Hrs.)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Define personality and understand and describe personality theories and assessment. Affective: Develop socially acceptable personality.	Personality Definition, topography, types, theories. Alteration in personality.(1hr) Application & Adjustment maladjustment of personality (1hr)	Psychometric assessment of personality. (1 hr)		Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short Answers Objective Types Clinical work
VI (6 Hrs.)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe developmental psychology. Psychomotor: Recognize psychology of vulnerable individuals.	Developmental psychology Psychology of people at different ages from infancy to old age. (1 hr). Grief process - Explain the process of grief.(1hr) People at high risk for Grief(1hr) Abnormal Grief process(2hrs) nursing role for caring patient with grief(1hr)	Psychology of vulnerable individual and Psychology of challenged women, sick, etc. (1 hr) Physiological and psychological changes during Grief(1hr)	Psychology of groups. (1 hr)	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short Answers Objective Types Clinical work

VII (6 Hrs.)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Know the concept of mental hygiene and health. Enlist the characteristics of mentally healthy person. Psychomotor: Recognize the warning signs of poor mental health. Affective:Incorpor ate this Cognitive in professional practice.	Mental hygiene and mental health Concept of mental hygiene and mental health. (1 hr) Characteristics of mentally healthy person and Warning signs of poor mental health.(1hr) Personal and social adjustment and Role of nurse. (1hr) Frustration and conflict.(1Hr)	Ego defense mechanism and implication(1hr) Promotive and preventive mental health – strategies and services.(1hr)	Guidance and counseling.(1 hr)	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short Answers Objective Types Clinical work
VIII 4 Hrs.	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Know the different methods of psychological assessments Psychomotor: Recognize the warning signs of poor mental health. Affective:Incorpor atethis Cognitivein professional practice.	Psychological assessment and test Role of nurses in psychological assessment (1hr) Types, development.(1hr) characteristics, principles, uses (1 hr)	Interpretation of results (1 hr)		Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short Answers Objective Types Clinical work

EVALUATION SCHEM: PSYCHOLOGY

Placement

EVALUATION: Internal Assessment (Theory) send to university: 25 Marks

Internal Assessment:

Theory: 15Mar

Practical: 10 Marks Assignments

Total: :25 Marks

(Out of 25 Marks to be send to the University) Mid-Term: 75 Marks

Prelim: 75 Marks Total: 150 Mark

(150 Marks from mid-term & Prefinal (Theory) to be converted into 15 Marks

and practical assignments 10marks)

15marks from theory and 10marks from assignment

(15+10=25 Marks sent to be university.

Internal Assessment (Practical): Mid-Term Exam: 75 Marks Prefinal Exam: 75 Marks

Total:-150 Marks (Converted into 15 marks)

Clinical Assignment: 15 Marks

Theory Marks -15marks + Clinical Assignment: 10 Marks

Total = 25Marks send to university

References:

- 1. Anthikad Jacob, Psychology for graduate nurses: general and educational psychology with question bank and MCQs, edition 3, 2004, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P)Ltd.
- 2. Bhatia B.D. Elements of psychology and mental hygine for nurses in India, edition 2, 2008, Universitites Press,
- 3. Kaur Amarpreet, Text book of psychology, edition 1, 2010, S. Vikas & Co., Publishing House
- 4. Basavanna M., Psychology for nurses, edition 1, 2015, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P)Ltd.
- 5. Kaur Jhand Amanpreet, Behavioural science (Psychology), edition 1, 2018, S. Vikas & Company (Medical Publishers) In.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-15

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Microbiology

Placement: First Year Theory 60 Hours (Theory 45+15 lab)

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology and identification of
various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community
settings.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and their importance in nursing.
- Understand the commensal, opportunistic and pathogenic organisms of human
- Body and describe host parasite relationship.
- State the sources and modes of transmission of pathogenic and opportunistic
- Organisms including vectors and their role in transmission of diseases.
- 4. Be conversant with proper methods of collection, storage and transport of
- Clinical material for microbiological investigations.
- Understand the principles of immunology and its application in the diagnosis and
- Prevention of infectious diseases.

UNIT NO.		CON	TENTS			МЕТНО
& TOTAL HRS.	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHODS	DS OF EVALUA TION
	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Under stand and describe the importance of study of disease causing bacteria in humans.	 Introduction Importance of microbiology to nursing. 6. Relevance of microbiology to nursing. (1hr) 7. Concepts and terminology(1hr) Patient rights and safety, Research Ethics, Healthy gene universal, multi – drug resistance minimization, ethical decision making, infection control measures, emerging disease, biosafety, biohazards, prudence of investigation, optimizing investigation material, environmental ethics, ethical issues in immunisation, diagnostic test counselling(2HR) 			 Lectur es & Discu ssion 	•Short answers •Objective type
	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain basic principles of study of	 General characteristics of Microbes Structure of Microbes(1 hr) classification of Microbes(1 hr) Morphological types, Size of bacteria(1hr) forms of bacteria(1hr) Growth and nutrition of microbes 	 Staining techniques Gram staining(1 hr) Acid fast staining (1 hr) Hanging drop preparation (1 hr) 	• Motility, Coloniza tion(1 hr)	es & • Discu	•Short answers •Objective type

	microbiology. Psychomotor: Collect samples correctly for microbiological studies.Prepare slides and staining. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	 Temperature, Moisture(1 hr) Growth and nutrition of microbes Blood and body fluids(1 hr) Laboratory methods for identification of Microorganisms (1hr) Microbiology Department visit(2hrs) 	•	Culture methods(1 hr) Culture various Medias. (1 hr)		Microbiology Department visit	
III (12Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe methods of disinfection and sterilization. Psychomotor: Perform disinfection of unit and sterilization of various articles.	 Infection control Infection: Sources, Transmission. Of infection (1Hr) Disinfection; Types and methods.(1 Hr) Sterilization; Types and methods. (1 Hr) Standard safety measures(1 Hr) Biomedical waste management. Role of nurse. (1Hr) Hospital acquired infections. Hospital infection control programme. (1 Hr) CSSD & BMW Educational visit(1hr) 	•	Chemotherapy and antibiotics. (1Hr) Protocols, collection of samples, accountability, continuing education, etc. (1 Hr) Portal of entry and exit (1 Hr) Asepsis. (1 Hr)	Preparation of reports, status of rate of infection in the unit / hospital. (1 Hr)	Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n Clinical practice CSSD & BMW Educational visit	•Short answers •Objective type

	Affective: Appreciate the importance of sterilization and disinfection in infection control.					
IV (16rs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe disease producing microbes for diagnosis of various patients in outdoor and indoor settings. Psychomotor: Collect, preserve and send samples to laboratory in specified way. Affective: Appreciate this Cognitive and importance of collection of samples in diagnosis and treatment of	 Pathogenic organisms Microorganisms Characteristics source (1 Hr) portal of entry ,transmission of infection (1 Hr) Identification of disease producing micro organisms(1 Hr) Collecting, handling and transportation of various specimens. (1 Hr) Rickettsae(1 Hr), Chlamydiae(1 Hr) Spirochaete(1 Hr) Bacilli- gram positive Gram negative. (1 Hr) Preparation of models of microorganisms & presentation(2hrs) 	Cocci- gram positive Gram negative(1 Hr) Mycoplasma. (1 Hr) Viruses (1 Hr) Morphology of Zika virus, Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, Transmission of infection, Identification of disease control of spread of infection(1HR) Fungi-Superficial, deep mycoses, Parasites. (1 Hr)	Rodents, Vectors. (1 hr)	Lecture Discussion Demonstratio n Clinical practice	•Short answers •Objective type

p	patients.						
(12 Hrs) s to C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Cognitive: Understand and describe the mportance, cypes,	 Types of immunity (1 hr) Classification of immunity (1 hr) 	•	Serological test. (1 hour) Immunoprophyla xis(1 hr) Hypersensitivity - Skin test. (1 hr) Hypersensitivity - Skin test. (1 hr)	hour)	Discussion Demonstratio n Clinical	•Short answers •Objective type

EVALUATION SCHEM: MICROBIOLOGY

Placement: First Year B.BSC Theory 60 Hours

(Theory 45+15 lab)

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

Evaluation Scheme

	Microbiology	Average out of
Mid term	75	
Pre final	75	
Total	150	15
Assignment	10	10
Grand Total	150	
Send to university		25
External Examination	75	

FORMATIVE EVALUATION

S.N.	REQUIREMENT	PRESCRIBED NUMBER	MARK FOR EACH	TOTAL MARKS	SEND TO UNIVE
1	Assignment	01	10	10	10

SUMMATIVE EVALUATION

MID-TERM 75	PRE FINAL 75	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION 75
MCQ - 1X 15 = 15 MARKS	MCQ - 1X 15 = 15 MARKS	MCQ - 1X 15 = 15 MARKS
LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS
LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS	LAQ - 1X 10 = 10 MARKS
BAQ - 2X 10 = 20 MARKS	BAQ - 2X 10 = 20 MARKS	BAQ - 2X 10 = 20 MARKS
SAQ - 4X 5 = 20MARKS	SAQ - 4X 5 = 20MARKS	SAQ - 4X 5 = 20MARKS

Reference books:

- 1. Alice Corraine Smith, "Microbilogy and pathology" 9th ed., Mosby Co.
- 2. Bernard D. Davis, RentapDalbecco Herman N. Eisen& Harold S. Ginsberg, "Microbiology", 3rd ed, A Harper International edition.
- 3. Hug L. L Moffet, (1981) "Clinical microbiology", 2nd ed., J. B. Lippincott Co.
- 4. Macbie and Mecartney, (1980), "Medical microbiology" 13th ed., Printed.
- 5. P. Ananthanarayan and C. K. Jayarm Panikar, "Textbook of microbiology", 8th ed., Orient Longman Company Ltd.
- 6. Chakravarti Text book of Microbiology.
- 7. T. Panjratan Text Book of Microbiology in nursing, New central Book agency Calcutta 2002.

Self learning module by Indian Nursing Council on Biomedical waste management. Role of nurse.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-16

1st Year Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Introduction to Computer Science

Placement:First Year Theory – 45 Hours

(Class - 15 + lab 30)

Course Description:

This course is designed for students to development basic understanding of uses of computer and its applications in nursing. **Specific objectives:**

After the completion of the course, students will able to:

- 1. Identify & define various concepts used in computer.
- 2. Identify & describe application of computer in nursing.
- 3 Describe & use the DOS & Windows
- 4. Describe & demonstrate skill in the use of MS-office.
- 5. Describe & demonstrate skill in using multimedia & computer aided teaching & testing.
- 6. Identify & demonstrate use of internet & e-mail
- 7. Describe & use the statistical packages
- 8. Describe the use of Hospital Management System.

UNIT NO. &		CONTI	ENTS			
TOTAL HOURS	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRED TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	METHOD OF EVALUATION
I (03 Hours)	Identify & define Various concepts used In computer ☐ Identify application of Computer in nursing	Introduction Concepts of of Computers	-	-	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short Answers Objective
		Hardware and software; Trends and technology			Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Type.
		Application of computers In nursing	-	-	Lecture Discussion	
II (06 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Acquire Cognitive regarding DOS, Windows, MS-Word, Excel, Power point. Psychomotor: Operate various	• DOS &	-	-	Lecturer Discussion	
			-	-	Lecturer Discussion	Short
		• MS-WORD	-	-	Practice Session	Answers Objective Type
operating systems. Affective: Recognizes	operating systems. Affective: Recognizes the importance of computers in	• MS-EXCEL with pictorial presentation	-	-	Practice Session	Practical Exam
		• MS- ACCESS	-	-	Practice Session	
		• MS- POWERPOINT	-	-	Practice Session	

III (02 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describe the types and use of computers in teaching. Psychomotor: Apply multimedia in classroom teaching and in testing of tools. Affective: Use this Cognitive in nursing practice.			Lecture Discussion Lecture Discussion	Short Answers Objective Type Practical Exam and Viva Voce
IV (01 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describes use of Internet and email. Psychomotor: Utilize Internet services to improve nursing practice. Affective: Use this Cognitive in nursing practice.	• Use of internet and email	-	Lecture Discussion Practice Session	Short Answers Objective Type Practical Exam and Viva Voce
V (02 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understands types		-	Lecturer Discussion	
	and features of statistical packages. Psychomotor: Apply statistical packages in analysis.	• Types and their leatures	-	Practice Session	

VI	At the end of unit students are		-	-	Lecture	Short answers
(01 hour)	able to	• Hospital Management			Discussion	Objective
	Cognitive: Describes types and	System; types and uses.				Type
	uses of hospital management					Practical
	system.					Exam and
	Psychomotor: Apply hospital					Viva Voce
	management system while					
	working in various hospital					
	settings.					
	Affective: Identifies the					
	importance of hospital					
	management system in nursing.					

EVALUATION SCHEM:INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER SCIENCE

Placement: First YearTheory – 45 Hours(Class -15 + lab 30)

FORMATIVE AND SUMMATI	FORMATIVE AND SUMMATIVE EVALUATION:						
INTERNAL ASSESSMENT: (Theory Exams) Maximum Marks: 25Marks.							
Midterm Examination		75Marks					
Pre final Examination		75 Marks					
Total		150 Marks					
150 Marks to be converted in to 25	Marks	for Internal Assessn	nent (Theory).				
EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT: (The	eory)– c	collegiate examinati	on: 75 Marks				
MIDTERM 75	PRE	FINAL 75	UNIV	ERSITY EXAMINATION			
MCQ 1X15=15Marks	MCQ	Q-1X15=15Marks	Section A-MO	CQ-1X15=15Marks			
SAQ 6X5=30Marks	SAQ	6X5=30Marks	Section B-6X	5=30Marks			
LAQ 3X10=20Marks	LAQ	-3X10=30Marks	Section C-3X	10=30Marks			

References

- 1. Jain &saakshi (2004), computers for nurses
- 2. Kalicharan (2002) introduction to computer sciences
- 3. Nilcoll (2001) nurses guide to internet
- 4. Phatak m et al(2001) multimedia techniques
- 5. Rajaraman (1999) fundamentals of computers
- 6. Sanjivkumar (2002) a textbook of computer application

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-17

1stYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: English

Placement: First year

Theory - 60 Hours

Course description: The course is designed to enable students to enhance ability to comprehend spoken and written English (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

Specific objectives: At the end of the course the students are able to:

- Develop good vocabulary skills or better communication.
- Effectively communicates with patients while rendering care.
- Understands methods of writing and drafting letters in English.
- To plan and write effective nursing process and records.

Unit No.		Contents Wit	th Distributed Hours			Methods Of
& Total Hrs.	Objectives	Must Know	Desirable To Know	Nice To Know	T/L Methods	Evaluation
I (10 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and use the functional aspect of language. Psychomotor: Use grammatically corrects English while speaking and writing. Affective: Appreciate the importance of language and vocabulary.	Review ofGrammar (2 hrs) Remedial study of grammar (3hrs) Building Vocabulary (3 hrs)	Lexical sets Interpersonal relationship, communication gap ,ethical decision making , individuals attitudes ,values and beliefs ,professional ethics(2 hrs)		Exercise on use of Grammar Practice in using appropriate expression	Objective Type Fill in the blanks Do as directed
II (04 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe importance of listening and use of teaching material. Psychomotor: Develop comprehensive listening abilities Affective: Incorporate good listening habits	Must know Listening Comprehension (2hrs) Media, audio, video, speeches etc.(1 hr)	Desirable to know Rendition of text, spoken English. (1 hour)	Nice to know Text	Exercise on: Listening to audio, video tapes and identify the key points, accent & information Pattern	Assessment of skills based on the check list

III (06 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the importance of conversation. Psychomotor: Able to do conversations. Affective: Inform gap and need to explicit through the language, former style of language and certain aspect s of conversation.	Must know Phonetics, Debate, Telephonic Conversion, Conversational Psychomotor. (3 hours) (Formal, Neutral & informal situation) (1 hour)	Desirable to know Public speaking, Oral report, Group Discussion (2 hours)		Exercise on: Debating Participating in Seminar, Panel, Symposium Telephonic Conversion Conversation in different situations, practice in public speaking	Assessment of the skills based on the checklist.
IV (30 hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Read between the lines and know various forms of composition. Psychomotor: Able to read & comprehend correctly. Affective: Develop reading habit.	Read and comprehend prescribed course books(8 hour) Reading in sense groups(8 hour) Reading between the lines.(8 hour)	Desirable to know Skimming & Scanning (3 hour)	Nice to know Various forms of composition. (3 hours)	Exercise on: Reading Summarizing Comprehension	Short Answers type questions. Essay type Questions
V (10hours)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and recognize variety of Psychomotors and methods. Psychomotor: Develop writing Psychomotors Affective: Use writing Psychomotors in day to day activities.	Must know Letter writing Note making & Note takings (3 hour) Précis writings - Nurses Notes, (3 hours) Anecdotal records, Diary writing, Reports on health problem, Resume /CV, Notices,			Exercise on: Letter writing Note making & Note takings Précis writings Nurses Notes Anecdotal Records Diary writing Reports on health problem Resume /CV	Assessment of the skills based on the checklist.

Agenda, minutes, Telegram Essay (4 hour)		Notices, Agenda, minutes, telegram, essay Discussion on	
nour)		written reports	

EVALUATION SCHEM: ENGLISH

Placement: First year Theory - 60 Hours

Evaluation Scheme:

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

Midterm : 75 Prefinal : 50

Total : 150

Out of 25marks(Send to University)

EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

College exam: 75marks

Total 100 marks

References

- Living English Grammar & Composition Tickoo M.L. & Subramaniam A.E, Oriental Longman, New Delhi.
- English for practical purposes Valke, Thorat Patil & Merchant, Macmillan Publication, New Delhi.
- Enriching your competence in English, by Thorat, Valke, Orient Publication, Pune
- ❖ English Grammar & Composition Wren & Martin, S. Chand Publications-2005, Delhi.
- Selva Rose, Carrier English for Nurses, 1st edition -1999, published by Orient Long man Pvt. Ltd. 1997, Chennai.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-21

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Sociology

Placement: Second Year TOTAL HRS: 60 HRS

Course Description: This course is designed to introduce the concepts of sociology related to community and social institutions in India and its relationship with health, illness and nursing.

Course objectives: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the structure and the dynamics of the society
- 2. Discuss the relationship of the individual to the society.
- 3. Understand the social problems and its influence on social changes and the factors contributing to it.
- 4. Describe sociological concepts applicable to nursing.
- 5. Determine role of sociology in nursing as related to social institution in India
- 6. Develop positive attitudes towards individual, family and community

		CONTENTS WITH D	ISTRIBUTION C	F HOURS		
UNIT NO. & HOURS	LEARNING OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	TL ACTIVI TY	ASSESS MENT METHO D
(1 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: State the importance of sociology in Nursing. Knowledge: Define sociology and understand the nature and scope of sociology. Skill: Identify social impact on health and nursing. Attitude: Incorporates concept of self discipline in nursing practice.	sociology in nursing. Nature and scope of the discipline (1 hr)	-	-	Lecture , Discussi on	SA
II (3Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Describe the inter - relationship of individual in society and community Knowledge: Understand the concept of society and community and the process of socialization and individualization. Human rights Skill: Differentiates between the society and community. Attitude: Apply the concept of society and community appropriately.	 Individual and society: Difference between society and community. Process of socialization and Individualization. (1 hr) Human rights (1hrs) TOTAL=2 HRS 	 Society and community. Nature of society. (1 hr) TOTAL HRS=1 	-	Lecture , Discussi on	SA
III (3 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Describe the influence of culture and on health and disease Knowledge: Describe the influence of culture on	Culture: Diversity and uniformity of culture.	Nature of culture. Evolution of		Lecture	

	health and disease.	Culture and	culture.		SA
	Skill: Accustom with different cultures and renders culturally congruent care.	socialization. Transcultural society.	(1 hr)		Short answer
	Attitude: Appreciates transcultural influences on health.	Influence on health and disease. (2 hrs) Bioethics: - Human dignity, Culturally competent care Cultural value, Bio ethical issues concerning social groups, Marital autonomy, Marriage and Morals Marriage and Legal Contract, Same-Sex Marriage, Gender Dysphoria, ethical issues concerning trans genders, protection from discrimination, collective rights, consensus in diversity and pluralism.	TOTAL HRS=1	Panel discussi on	
IV (4 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Identify various social groups and their interactions Knowledge: Understand various categories of groups and theirs characteristics and purposes. Skill: Identify various social groups and their interactions. Attitude: Recognize group's dynamics and prevents group conflicts.	Social groups and processes: -In – groups v/s out – groups, class tribes, caste -Economic, Political, Religious groups, Mob, Crowd, Public and audience interaction and social process Co- operation, competition, conflict.(1hr) -Accommodation, assimilation & isolation.	-The meaning and classification of groups(1 hr) -Primary and secondary groups. (1 hr)		

		(1 hr)			
V (6 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Explain the growth of population in India and its impact on health Knowledge: Explain the growth of population in India and its impact on health. Skill: Identify the trends of demographic changes that influence the health of population. Attitude: Participates in family welfare programmes.	-Population explosion in India and its impact on health status. (1 hr) -Family welfare programmes.(1 hrs)	-Population distribution in India – Demographic characteristics (1hr) -Population Growth, Variation Among Nations(1Hr)	-Society and population (1 hr)	
VI (5Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Describe the institutions of family and marriage in India Knowledge: Describe the institutions of family and marriage in India. Skill: Recognize the influence of family and marriage on health of masses. Attitude: Incorporates the knowledge of family structure and function while rendering care and health education.	 Family functions, Types – Joint, Nuclear, Blended and extended family. Welfare services. (1 hr) Marriage: forms and functions of marriage. (1 hr) 	family – changes, problems –	Changes and legislations on family and marriage in India – marriage acts (1 hr)	
VII (7 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Describe the class and caste system and their influence on health and health practices. Knowledge: Describe the class and caste system and their influence on health and health practices. Skill: Identify the influence of class and caste on	 Social stratification: Meaning and types of social stratification. (1 hr) Social class system 	Race as a biological concept, criteria of	• The Indian caste system origin and	

	health and health practices. Attitude: Strive to gain more and more knowledge about castes and class in Indian Society and their impact on health practices of people. At the end of unit student are able to: Describes the			• Features of caste in India today. (1 hrs)	
VIII (6 Hrs)	types of communities in India, their practices and the impact on health. Knowledge: Describe the types of communities in India, their health practices. Skill: Identify the impact of community practices on health of communities. Attitude: Incorporates knowledge of religion while rendering care to individuals, families and communities.	Regional): • Features of village community and characteristics of Indian villages — Panchayat system, social dynamics.(1 hr) • Availability of health	and impact on health (1 hr) Community development project and planning. (1 hr)	Changes in Indian rural life. (1 hr)	

IX (4 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Explain the process of Social Change Knowledge: Explain the process of social change. Skill: Identify the factors responsible for social change and their impact on health and health practices of people. Attitude: Adapt to the social health needs.	 Nature and process of social change. (1 hr) Factors influencing social change, cultural change, cultural lag. (1 hr) Introduction to theories of social change: Linear, cyclical, Marxian, functional. Role of nurse -change agents. (1 hrs) 	Introduction to theories of social change: Linear, cyclical, Marxian, functional (1hr)	
	At the end of unit student are able to: Describe the Social system and inter-relationship of social organizations Knowledge: Describe the social system and interrelationship of social organizations. Skill: Identify appropriate social organization in times of need. Attitude: Appreciates the interrelationship between the social organizations.	 elements types. Social system: Definition and types of social system. (1 hr) Role and status as 	 Voluntary associations. Democratic and authoritarian modes of participation. (1 hr) 	
XI (2 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to: Explain the nature and process of social control	Social control: • Nature and process of	• Political, legal,	

	Knowledge: Explain the nature and process of social control. Skill: Identify the role of nurse in social control. Attitude: Participates in social control.	•	social control. Folkways and mores customs, laws and fashion. (1 hrs)	religious, educational, economic, industrial and technological systems, norms and values –Role of nurseRole of information technology in environment and human health(1 hrs)				
XII (15 Hrs)	 At the end of unit student are able to: Describe the role of the nurse in dealing with social problems in India Knowledge: Describe the role of nurse in dealing with social problems in India.Social issues and environment: unsustainable to sus development Urban problems related to energy, resettlement and rehabilitation of people, its problems and concerns, wasteland reclamation, public awareness Skill: Identify social disruption due to different health conditions having social stigma/implications. Attitude: Participates in social welfare programmes. 	So	cial problems: Social disorganization (2 hrs) vulnerable groups: Elderly handicapped, minority groups and other marginalized groups, (2 hrs) child labour, child abuse, delinquency and crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS (3 hrs) cial issues and vironment: sustainable to sus velopment(1 hrs)	Control and planning: poverty, housing, illiteracy, food supplies, prostitutions,	•	Social welfare program mes in India. (1 hr) wastelan d reclamati on, public awarenes s.(1 hr)	Discussi on Instituti onal visits	work, Group

	Urban problems related to energy, resettlement and rehabilitation of people, its problems		
	and concerns.(1 hrs)		

EVALUATION SCHEM: SOCIOLOGY

Second Year B.BSc (N) TOTAL HRS: 60 HRS.

Mid term Examination	75Marks						
Pre final Examination	75 Marks						
Total	150 Marks.						
150 Marks to be converted	150 Marks to be converted in to 25 Marks for Internal Assessment Send to						
university							
EXTERNAL ASSESSME	EXTERNAL ASSESSMENT: (Theory) -University examination: 75 Marks						
Midterm 75	Prefinal 75	University examination					
MCQ-1X15=15Marks	MCQ-1X15=15Marks	Section A-1X15=15Marks					
SAQ4X5=20Marks	SAQ4X5=20Marks	Section B-2X10=20Marks					
BAQ-2X10=20Marks	BAQ-2X10=20Marks	Section B-4X5=20Marks					
LAQ-2X10=20Marks	LAQ-2X10=20Marks	Section C-10X2=20Marks					

References:

- Dr. G. Das, 'Principles of Sociology', Kings Books, Educational Publishers, Delhi.
- Dr .K. Khadase, 'Indian Sociology', Niraj Publication, Nagpur.
- Theoretical prospective in sociology.
- T. k. Indrani, 'Sociology for Nursing Students', Jaypee Brothers.
- K. P. Neeraja, 'Sociology for Nursing Students', Jaypee Brothers.
- Sachadeva Y.V., An introduction to sociology, kithab mahal: Allahabad
- R. K. Manelkar, Sociology for Nurses, Sivosankar T.P., Vora Medical Publications
- K.P.Pothen, S.Pothen, Sociology for Nurses, 3rd Edition, N.R.Brothers, Indore. C.N.
- Shankar Rao Principals of sociology with introduction to social thoughts, S Chand Ecompany publishers.
- Ashok N.Patel, S.S.Hooda, Sociology
- Dr.N.H.Groenman, Dr.O D'aslevin, M A Bockenham, Social and Behvioural sciences for Nurses, 1st edition, Campanion Press Ltd.
- Dr.Ajithkumar Sinha, Principles of Sociology, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal educational publishers
- T.B.Bottomore, Sociology A guide to problem and literature, 2nd edition, Blockie & Sons Publishers Pvt. Lt

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-22

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Medical and Surgical Nursing-I (ADULT INCLUDING GERIATRICS)

Placement: Second Year Theory: 210 Hrs. Practical: 720 Hrs

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

> The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and develop proficiency in caring for patients with medical surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES:

At completion of the course the student is able to

- > Describe the causes, signs and symptoms, treatment and prevention of medical surgical conditions.
- > Demonstrate skill in carrying out nursing techniques and procedures in keeping with scientific principles.
- > Discuss nursing process and provide nursing care to patients with various medical surgical conditions.

UNIT		CONTENTS WITH D		METHODS		
NO. & TOT AL HRS.	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	METHODS	OF EVALUATI ON
	At the end o f unit students are able to: Cognitive: Describe the concept of health and illness. Psychomotor: Render comprehensive care to the client. Affective: Make self aware about the trends in nursing.	 INTRODUCTION: Introduction to medical surgical nursing – Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing. (1Hr) Review of concepts of health and illness disease concepts, causation, classification – international classification diseases (ICD – 10 or later version.), acute illness chronic & acute, Terminal illness, stages of illness. (1 Hr) Review of concepts of comprehensive nursing care in medical surgical conditions based on nursing process. (1Hr) Role and responsibilities of a nurse in medical surgical settings: Out - patient department, 	Wound healing, (1Hr) Intensive care unit. (1Hr) Role of nurse: patient and family in care of adult patient. (1 Hr)	es of a nurse in medical surgical settings: Home and community	Discussion •Demonstrati ons •Practicesessi ons •Casediscussi ons	assessment with check list •Clinical work

	• In - patient department. (1Hr) • Introduction to medical surgical asepsis-Inflammation and infection. Immunity. (1Hr) Care of surgical patients: Preoperative. Intra operative. Postoperative. (1Hr) Bioethics: - Professional Nursing code, Culturally competent care Cultural value, personal Values, professional values, Ethics and philosophy, Issues in health care concerning patient care and ,quality of life, patient rights, Rational drug administration, cost effective treatment, Bio medical waste management, breaking bad news, ethical sensitivity, privacy confidentiality, cost effective treatment, Clinical ethics(4hrs)				
At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Know and identify the common signs and symptoms of various disease conditions. Psychomotor: Assess the client's need and plan nursing care according to assessment. Affective: Develop the habit of planning need based	 SYMPTOMS AND MANAGEMENT: Fluid and electrolyte imbalance. (1Hr) Vomiting(1Hr) Dyspnoea, Cough(1Hr) 	 Unconsciousness. (1Hr) syncope.(1Hr) Edema.(1Hr) 	problems: geriatric. (1 Hr)	ons •Practicesessi ons •Casediscussi	-Objective type ofquestion

	nursing care.						Work
III (28Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Explain the anatomy, physiology, etiology, pathophysiology and diagnostic assessment of client with respiratory tract problems. Psychomotor: Perform physical assessment of client with respiratory problems and plan nursing care. Affective: Utilize theoretical Cognitive in practice of nursing.	NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS (ADULTS INCLUDING ELDERLY) WITH RESPIRATORY PROBLEMS: • Nursing Assessment - History & Physical assessment. (1 Hr) • Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical manifestations, (1 Hr) • diagnosis, treatment modalities including elderly with: • Upper Respiratory tract infections. (1 Hr) • Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Bronchiec tasis(1 Hr) • Empyema, (1 Hr) • Asthma, Emphysema. (1 Hr) • Chronic obstructive. Pulmonary Diseases (COPD) (1 Hr) • Pneumonia, (1 Hr) • Pulmonary tuberculosis.(1 Hr) • Pulmonary embolism (1 Hr) Nursing Procedures(1 Hr) DOTS THERAPY IN TUBERCULOSIS -DOTS(Directly Observed Treatment, short course) -Government commitment(1hr) -Diagnosis primarily by microscopy.(1hr) -Regular supply of good quality	•	Review of Anatomy & Physiology of respiratory system(1 Hr) Chest injuries (1 Hr) Respiratory arrest, (1 Hr) ARDS &insufficiency. (1 Hr) Drugs used in treatment of respiratory disorders. (1 Hr) Lung abscess. (1 Hr) Pleural abscess, effusion. (1 Hr) Cysts & Tumors. (1 Hr)	 Special therapies(1 Hr) Alternative therapies. With Respiratory Problems (1 Hr) Atelectasis. (1 Hr) 	ons •Practicesessi ons •Casediscussi ons / Seminar •ClinicalPract ice	Assessment

	drug.(1hr) -Direct observation of treatment.(1hr) -Sputum microscopy to monitor patient's progress.(1hr) -Strategies to perform DOTS Therapy(1hr)				
IV (27Hrs are able to:) Cognitive: Explain the anatomy, physiology, etiology, pathophysiology and diagnostic assessment of client with elementary tract problems. Psychomotor: Perform physical assessment of client with elementary tract problems and plan nursing care. Affective: Utilize theoretical Cognitive in practice of nursing.	 Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of digestive system: Nursing Assessment –history & physical assessment. (1Hrs) Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical-Surgical, dietetics & nursing management. Disorders of: Oral cavity- Lips, gums, tongue, salivary glands and teeth. (1Hrs) Esophagus- inflammation, (1Hr) Stricture, obstruction, bleeding & esophageal tumor. (1Hr) Stomach & Duodenum – hiatus hernia(1Hr) 	 Review of Anatomy & Physiology of digestive system. (1 Hr) Drugs used in treatment of digestive system disorder. (1 Hr) Biliary tract/ Gall bladder:Cholecysti tis, cholelithiasis and tumors, Nursing Procedures. (1Hr) 	 Special therapies, alternative therapies. (1 Hr) Tumorsperfor ation. (1 Hr.) Tumors and lump. (1Hr) 	slides •Demonstrati ons •Practicesessi ons •Casediscussi ons	answers •Objective type •Skill assessment with check list •Clinical work assessment of patient

		 Gastritis, Peptic& duodenal ulcer, (1Hr) bleeding, tumor pyloric stenosis. Small intestinal inflammation and infection -enteritis,mal absorption syndrome, Obstruction. (1 Hr) Large Intestinal disorders - Colitis inflammations &infection (1Hr) Obstruction, Hernias(1Hr) Appendix - Inflammation, mass, abscess, rupture. (1Hr) Anal & Rectum: Fistulas, fissures, Hemorrhoidsand tumor. (1Hr) Peritonitis/ acute abdominal. (1Hr)Pancreas: inflammation, cystabscess, tumors. (1Hr) Liver-Jaundice, hepatitis, cirrhosis, abscess, portal hypertension, (1Hr) Hepatic failure and tumors. (1Hr) 			EducationSup ervised Clinicalpracti ce • Drug Book / Presentation	
V (22Hrs	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describe the signs and symptoms of client with cardio vascular problems. Psychomotor: Assess the client correctly and plan & implement nursing interventions.	 Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with blood and cardio vascular problems: Nursing Assessment –history & physical assessment.(1 hr) Etiology, patho physiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities: medical, surgical, Nutritional & nursing 	Review of Anatomy & Physiology of blood and cardiovascular system. (1Hr) Management and counseling of blood donors,	• Role of nurse in organ donation.	•Lectures & Discussion • Explaincharts , Graphsmodel s, films and slides	•Skill

Affective:Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice and provide psychological support to the client and family members.	 management of: Heart: Coronary artery disease. (1 Hr) Ischemic heart disease, Coronary atherosclerosis. (1 Hr) Angina pectoris, Myocardial infarction.(1 Hr) Rheumatic heart diseases, Endocarditis(1 Hr) Pericarditis, Myocarditis, Cardio myopathies. (1 Hr) Cardiac dysarhythmias, Heart block. (1 Hr) Congestive cardiac failure. (1 Hr) Cor pulmonale, pulmonary edema, Cardiogenic shock (1 Hr) Cardiac emergencies and arrest, Cardio pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) Blood: Anemia. Polycythemia. Bleeding disorders, clotting factor defects and platelets defects. (1 Hr) Leucopenia and agranulocytosis. (1 Hr) Special therapies: Blood transfusion, safety checks. Procedure and requirements, managements of adverse transfusion reaction, records for blood transfusion. (1Hr) Bio – safety and waste 	phlebotomy procedure, and post donation management, Blood bank functioning and hospital transfusion committee. (1Hr) Drugs used in treatment of blood and cardio vascular disorder. (1 Hr) Cardiac tamponade. (1 Hr) Lymphomas. Myelomas. Myelomas. (1 Hr) Thalassemia. Leukaemias. (1 Hr) Valvular disorders of the heart: Congenital and acquired. (1 Hr)	(1Hr)	•Demonstrations •Practicesessions •Casediscussions /Seminars •Clinicalpractice •Drug book •Exposureto procedurevisit to blood bankparticipation in blood bank, counseling	
--	--	--	-------	---	--

	management in relation to blood transfusion. Nursing Procedures. (1Hr)				
VI (15Hrs able to Cognitive: Describe the signs and symptoms of client with genito urinary tract disorders and plan need based nursing care. Psychomotor: Acquire proficiency in planning and providing comprehensive care to the client with genitourinary disorders. Affective: Appreciate the psychological feelings of the client and relatives.	patients (adults including elderly) with genito – urinary problems: Nursing Assessment –history & physical assessment. (1 Hr) • Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics & nursing management of: Nephritis. (1 Hr) • Nephrosis. Renal calculus. (1 Hr) • Tumors. Acute renal failure. (1 Hr)	 Review of Anatomy & Physiology of genito-urinary systems. (1 Hr) Drugs used in treatment of genito – urinary disorder. (1 Hr) Nephrotic syndrome. (1 Hr) Kidney: Polycystic kidney. (1 Hr) Congenital disorders(1 Hr) 	• Special therapies, alternative therapies. (1 Hr)	charts,graphs models,films andslides •Demonstrati ons •Practicesessi	problem

VII (8Hrs)	At the end of unit the students are able to Cognitive: Explain The Pathophysiology, signs and symptoms and medical and nursing management of patient with reproductive system. Psychomotor: Assess the client and plan and implement the nursing care. Affective: Explain the feeling of the patients with congenital anomalies and sexual dysfunction.	disorders of male (adults including elderly) with reproductive system: Nursing assessment history and physical assessment. (1 Hr) • Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical dietetics and nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system. • Congenital malformations: cryptorchidism.(1 Hr)	•	Review of anatomy and Physiology of male reproductive system. Drugs used in treatment of disorders of male reproductive system. (1 Hr) Prostate: infection, inflammation, hypertrophy, tumor. Sexual Dysfunction. (1 Hr)		Special therapies, alternative therapies. (1 Hr)	Lecture Discussi on Practicesession Casediscussion / seminarHealt h EducationSupervise Clinicalpractice Drug book /presentation	Assessment of skills with checklist • Assessme nt of Patientsmanag
VIII (10 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describe clinical manifestations, pathophysiology and management of patient with endocrine disorders. Psychomotor: Identify the needs of patient with endocrine disorders.	 Nursing management of patient (adults including elderly) with disorders of endocrine system: Nursing assessment: history and physical assessment. (1Hr) Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of 		Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system. (1 Hr) Adrenal tumor. (1Hr) Diabetes insipidus(1Hr)	•	Special therapies, alternative therapies. (1 Hr)	-Explain using Charts,graphs Models,films, slides,Demon strationPracti cesession -Case discussion /seminar	Objective type

	Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	Disorders of Pituitary, (1Hr) Thyroid and parathyroid. (1Hr) Diabetes mellitus. (1Hr) Nursing procedures. (1Hr) Drugs used in treatment of disorders of endocrine system. (1 Hr)				•Assessment of patients management problem
IX (10Hrs)	At the end of the unit students are able to Cognitive: Explain the disorders of integumentary system. Psychomotor: Identify the disorders of integumentary system. Affective: Appreciate the feelings of client suffering from integumentary system and his family members	 Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of Integumentary system: Nursing assessment history and physical assessment., (1Hr) Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinicalManifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management of disorders of skin and its appendages. (1Hr) Lesions and abrasions. (1Hr) Infection and infestations: Dermatitis. Dermatosis; infectious and noninfectious, inflammatory determatosis(1Hr) Acne vulgaris. Allergies and Eczema. Psoriasis. Alopecia. Leucoderma. Nursing procedures. (1Hr) Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary 	 Review of anatomy and physiology of skin and its appendages. (1Hr) Care of patient with skin surgery. (1Hr) Malignant melanoma(1Hr) 	Special therapies, alternative therapies(1Hr)	n Demonstr ation Practices ession Case discussio	Essay type Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list •Assessment of patients management problem

	system. (1Hr)				
At the end of the unit students are able to Cognitive: Explain etiology, clinical manifestations, Pathophysiology, diagnostic tests and medical & nursing management of client with musculoskeletal disorders. Psychomotor: Render comprehensive care to the client suffering with musculoskeletal disorders. Affective: Appreciate the sufferings of congenital musculoskeletal anomalies and contribute effectively in rehabilitation.	 Nursing management of patients (adults including elderly) with musculoskeletal problems: Review of anatomy and physiology of musculoskeletal system. (1Hr) Nursing assessment history and physical assessment. Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical, surgical, dietetics and nursing management ofDisorders of: Muscles, ligaments and joints-inflammation, infection trauma (1Hr) Bones-inflammation, infection, dislocation, sprain, fracture. (1Hr) Tumor& trauma. (1Hr) Spinal column – defects, deformities tumor. (1Hr) Prolapsed inter vertebral, disc(1Hr) Amputation(1Hrs) Prosthesis, transplant and replacement surgeries. (1Hrs) Drug used in treatment of disorders of musculoskeletal system. (1Hr) 	 Rehabilitation.(1 Hr) Pott's spine.(1Hr) Paget's disease. Nursing procedures.(1Hr) Osteomalacia and osteoporosis.(1Hr) Arthritis, Congenital deformities. (1Hr) 	Therapies,	 Discussio n Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, Slide 	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assessmen of skill with check list check list Assessmen of patients managemen problem

XI	At the end of the unit students
(15Hrs	At the end of the unit students are able to

Cognitive: Describe the etiology, pathopyhsiology, clinical manifestations diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with disorders of immunological systems.

> **Psychomotor**: Identify the patients with immunological disorders and render effective care to immunologically compromised patients.

> **Affective**: Be sensitive to the psychological needs related to social discriminations of immunologically compromised patients.

Nursing management of Patient • (adults including elderly) with **Immunological problems:**

Nursing Assessment- History and physical assessment.

- Etiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnosis treatment modalities and medical. surgical, dietetics and nursing management of Immunodeficiency disorder(1 Hr)
- Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Incidence of HIV & AIDS. Transmissionprevention of Transmission. (1 Hr)
- Review of Immune system. (1 Hr).
- Standard safely precautions. . (1 Hr)
- Role of nurse. Health education and home care consideration.
- Drugs used in treatment of disorders of immunological systems. (1 Hr)
- Infection control program. . (1 Hr)
- Rehabilitation. Nursing procedures (1 Hr)
 - ART therapy in HIV/AIDS patient(1HR)
- Role Of Nurse In Counselling

- National and international agencies. . (1 Hr)
- Counseling. (1 Hr)
- Secondary immune deficiencies. (1 Hr)
- Phagocytic dysfunction. Bcell and T-cell deficiencies.(1 Hr)
- National AIDS control program NACO various. (1 Hr)

- Epidemiolog y, Special
- therapies, alternative therapies. (1 Hr)
- Primary immunodefic discussion iency.(1 Hr)
- Lecture Discussio | Short n
- Demonstr Objective ation Practicesessio Assessment Case
 - /seminar Health

education problem SupervisedCli nical practice Drug book/presenta tion VISIT TO ARTCENTRE(3H RS)

- Essay type answer type
- of skills with check list Assessment of patient management

OHrs are able to Cognitive:Describe the etiology, pathopyhsiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients (adults including elderly) with communicable diseases. Psychomotor:Identify the clients with communicable diseases and renders efficient care to the clients suffering from various communicable diseases. Affective: Pay special attention to prevent the spread of communicable diseases. Affective: Pay special attention to prevent the spread of communicable diseases. Odults including elderly) with Communicable Diseases: Nursing Assessment- History and physical assessment. Epidemiology, infectious process, clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment. Prevention and dietetics. Control and eradication of common communicable diseases: Tuberculosis(1 Hr) Diarrheal diseases (1 Hr) Chickenpox. Smallpox.(1 Hr) Typhoid. Meningitis. (1 Hr) Dengue. Plague. Malaria.(1 Hr) Diphtheria. Pertussis. (1 Hr) Diphtheria. Pertussis. (1 Hr) Tetanus. Filariasis. (1 Hr) HIV, AIDS.(1 Hr) Ommunicable diseases. Reproductive Tract Infections. Nursing procedures. (1Hr)	in treatment of	Demonstr Objective type Assessment of
---	---	---------------------------------------

(20Hrs are able to Cognitive: Identify and	Members of the OT team. Duties and responsibility of nurse in OT.	physical set up of the operation	during surgical	LectureDiscussio	Short
explain the uses of various instruments used in common surgeries. Psychomotor: Sterilize instruments, arrange operation trolley and assist minor surgeries. Affective: Follows aseptic technique strictly.	 Indices of health and operating room attire: Classification. O.T.(1 Hr) DESIGN. (1 Hr) Instruments(1 Hr) Sutures and suture materials (1 Hr) Equipment(1 Hr) O.T. tables and sets for common surgical procedure (1 Hr) Scrubbing procedures(1 Hr) Gowning and gloving. Preparation of O.T. sets (1 Hr) Monitoring the patient's .Maintenance of therapeutics environment in O.T. Biomedical waste management. (1 Hr) Effects and stages, Equipment, Drugs (1 Hr) Cardio pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR). (1Hr) 	the operation theatre: Staffing(1 Hr) Standard safely measures (1 Hr) Infection control: fumigation, disinfection and sterilization.(1 Hr) Prevention of accidents and hazards in O.T. (1 Hr) Pain management techniques.(1Hr) Anesthesia — Types, Methods of administration.(1 Hr)	procedures.(1 Hr)	n • Demonstr	Objective type Assessment of skills with check list

Placement: Second Year Basic B.Sc. Nursing

Theory: 210 Hrs. Practical: 720 Hrs

ERN	AL ASSESSMENT:						
SN	REQUIREMENT	PRESCRIBED NO.		MARKS FOR EACH	H TOTAL MARKS	Sent to university	
1.	Nursing Care Plan	03		25 Marks	75 Marks		
		➤ Medical ward – 0					
		➤ Surgical ward – 0					
		Ortho / any other	<u>-01</u>				
2.	Case Presentation	01		50 Marks	50 Marks		
		Medical or Surg	ical Ward				
3.	Case study	02		50 Marks	100 Marks		
		➤ Medical Ward – 0	-				
		➤ Surgical Ward – 0	01				
4.	Health Education	01		25 Marks	25 Marks		
		Medical or Surg	ical Ward				
5.	Therapeutic Diet	01		25 Marks	25 Marks		
6.	Clinical Evaluation	03		100 Marks	300 Marks		
7.	Practical Examinations			100 Marks	200 Marks		
	(Midterm & Prefinal Exam)						
				GRAND TOTAL	775Marks	100 Marks	
THE	EORY EXAMINATION: MIL	OTERM: 75 Marks EFINAL: 75 Marks		GRAND TOTAL:	150 Marks	25 Marks	
EXT	TERNAL ASSESSMENT : UN		NATION: TH	IEORY: 75Marks	PRACTICAL: 100 N	L Marks	
Midterm 75		Prefinal 75		University e	xamination		
MCQ-1X15=15Marks			MCQ-1X15=15N	Marks	Section A-1X15=15Marks		
SAQ	4X5=20Marks		SAQ4X5=20Mai	rks	Section B-2X10=20Mar	ks	
BAQ	0-2X10=20Marks]	BAQ-2X10=20Marks		Section B-4X5=20Marks		
LAC	0-2X10=20Marks		LAQ-2X10=20M	larks	Section C-10X2=20Mar	ks	

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Joyce M. Black Janehokanson Hawks "Medical-Surgical Nursing" For Positive Outcomes .Volume- I, 7th Edition.
- Harrison "Principal of Internal Medicine Concept, Process &Practice", 3rd Edition. International Edition.
- Basawanthappa Bt, Nursing Administration, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd 2004, Edition 1st.
- Brunner & Siddhart's, The Text Book Of Medical Surgical Nursing; 10th Edition.
- Joyce M. Black, Medical Surgical Nursing; Saunders Harcourt Pvt. Ltd.; 6th Edition.
- Mehta, Medicine for nurses, P.J. Mehta; 1ST Edition.
- James, Pharmacology of nurses; Balliare Tindall, 5th Edition.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-23

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing Subject: Pharmacology

Placement: Second Year Theory – 45 Hours

Course Description:

This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamic, pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

Specific objectives:

At the end of the course the students are able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of pharmacology
- 2. Understand the pharmacology of common chemotherapeutics.
- 3. Understand common antiseptics, disinfectants and insecticides.
- 4. Understand drug acting on various systems of human body.
- 5. Appreciate alternative systems of medicines.

UNIT		CONTENT	S			METH ODS
NO. & TOTAL HOURS	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABL E TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	OF EVAL UATIO N
I 3 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain various sources and Pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetics of different groups of drugs. Psychomotor: Practice principles of therapeutics and administer different groups of drugs. Affective: Know the legal implications of drug management.	 Introduction to Pharmacology: Must know Introduction to Pharmacology: Definitions. Sources. Terminology used. Types: Classification. Pharmacodynamic: Actions, Therapeutics. Adverse, toxic. Pharmacokinetics: absorption, distribution, metabolism, interaction, excretion. Review: Routes and principles of administration of drugs. (1hr) Role of nurse in administration of drugs. 	• Indian pharmac opoeia: Legal issues. Rational use of drugs. (1hr)	Principles of therapeutic s (1hr)	Lecture Discussion -films and slides • Drug book	Short answer Objectiv e type BAQ
II 6hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain different chemotherapeutic agents their action and effects on clients. Psychomotor: Administer chemotherapeutic agents correctly. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the	Chemotherapy: • Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Composition action, dosage, route, indication and contraindications, drug interactions, side effects and adverse effects, toxicity: Penicillin. (1hr) Antihelmintics. Antiscabies agents. Antiviral & antifungal agents. Antitubercular agents.(1hr) Antileprosy drugs • Anticancer drugs. (1hr)	• Immuno- suppressa nts. Role of Nurse. (1hr). Cephalospori n's. Amino glycosides. Sulfonamide s. Quinolones. Antiamoebic	Macrolide and broad spectrum antibiotics. (1hr)	Lecture Discussion Drug study/ Presentation Of field visits.	Short answer Objectiv e type BAQ

	chemotherapeutic agents in different disease conditions.	Role of Nurse in Administration of anticancer drugs	Antimalarial s. (1hr)		
III 2Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the actions of commonly used antiseptics, insecticides and disinfectants. Psychomotor: Use disinfectants, insecticides and antiseptics judiciously. Affective: Prevent misuse of these agents in clinical set up.	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics, disinfectants, and insecticides: • Antiseptics: Composition action, dosage, route indication, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity. • Role of nurse Disinfectants. Insecticides. (1hr)	Uses of commonly used antiseptics, disinfections , and insecticides (1hr)	Lecture Discussion Drug study/ Presentation	Objectiv e type, Short answer BAQ
IV 2 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain various drugs used in the treatment of G. I. disorders. Psychomotor: Administer drugs for all G. I. disorders accurately. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the drugs used for G. I. disorders.	 Prugs acting on G. I. system: Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Composition action, dosage, route, indication, and contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, and adverse effects, toxicity: Antiemetic. Emetics. Purgatives Antacids (1hr) 	Choliner gic. Anticholi nergics. Fluid and electrolyt e therapy. Anti diarrheal. Histamin es. Role of Nurse. (1hr).	Lecture Discussion Drug study/ Presentation	Objective type, Short answer BAQ

V 2 Hrs	able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the drugs used in the treatment of disorders of respiratory tract. Psychomotor: Administer drugs in all conditions of respiratory tract. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the drugs used in the treatment of disorders of respiratory tract.	 Prugs used on respiratory systems: Pharmacology of commonly used:		Lecture Discussion Drug study/ Presentation	Objectiv e type, LAQ, Short answer BAQ
VI 2 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain different therapeutic agents used in the treatment of urinary tract disorders. Psychomotor: Administer all categories of therapeutic agents correctly to the patients of urinary tract disorders. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the drugs used in the treatment of urinary disorders.	 Pharmacology of commonly used: Composition action, dosage, route, indication, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects,: Diuretics and antidiuretic. Urinary antiseptic. Cholinergic and anticholinergics. Role of Nurse (1hr) 	• Acidifier s and alkalinize s. & its Adverse effects, toxicity. (1 hr)		
VII 4 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain different categories of	Miscellaneous: Drugs used in de – addiction. Drugs used in CPR and emergency. (1hr) Vitamins and minerals (1hr).	Role of nurse in administ ration of	Lecture Discussion	Objectiv e type, Short answer

	drugs used in de-addiction, emergency resuscitation and as supplements and antisera. Psychomotor: Administer all these categories of drugs correctly. Affective: Participate in the immunization programme and educate people about immunization.	Immunosuppressants. Antidotes. Antivenom. (1hr)	Vaccines and sera. (1hr)			BAQ
VIII 1 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain various agents used on skin and mucous membrane. Psychomotor: Administer medication correctly on skin and mucous membrane. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the skin and mucous membrane application.	 Drugs used on skin and mucous membranes: Topical applications for skin, eye, ear, nose and buccal cavity antipruritics: Composition action, dosage, route, indication, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity. Role of nurse (1hr) 			Lecture Discussion	Objectiv e type, Short answer BAQ
IX 4 Hrs	able to Cognitive: Understand and explain different agents used for the treatment of nervous system disorders. Psychomotor: Administer medications in neurological conditions correctly.	-Basic & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Composition action, dosage, route, indication, contraindications, Analgesics and anesthetics: Analgesics: Non steroidal anti inflammatory (NASIDS) Drugs. Antipyretics. Hypnotics and sedatives:	Acetylch oline. (1hr) Stimulan ts. (1hr)	drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity: (1hr)	Lecture Discussion Drug study/ Presentation one minute preceptor ship	LAQ <i>BA Q</i>

	for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the drugs used in the neurological disorders.	Opioids, Non — Opioids, Tranquilizers, General and local anesthesia, Gases: oxygen and nitrogen oxide, carbon dioxide. 11. Cholinergic and anti cholinergic: Muscle relaxants. Major tranquilizers. Anti-psychotics. Antidepressants. Anticonvulsants. Adrenergic Noradregenics. Mood stabilizers. 12. Role of Nurse. (2hr) Bioethics:- Rational drug administration, drug wastage minimization ,involving patient in during care, giving information about the drug ,human dignity, primacy of patient's interest, safe practice, privacy and confidentiality, considering patient rights during drug administration , cost effective treatment(4HRS)				
X 5 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to	Cardiovascular drugs: Pharmacology of commonly used:	-Plasma expanders.	Therapeutic effects of the	Lecture Discussion	Objectiv e type,
	Cognitive: Understand and explain therapeutic agents used	Composition action, dosage, route, indication, and contraindications, drug	Coagulants& anticoagulant	cardiovascular		Short answer
	in cardiovascular disorders.	interactions, side effects, and adverse	s /	different		Drug
	Psychomotor: Administer	effects ,toxicity: • Haemantinics	thrombolytic	disease conditions		book Objectiv
	cardiovascular drugs correctly.	• Cardiotonics.(1hr).	Hypolipedim	(1hr).		e type,
		• Anti anginals.	ics.antiplatel			
	Affective: Observe the clients	• Anti-hypertensive.(1hr).	ets (1hr).			
	for adverse effects and	Vasodilators.Anti-arrhythmics.				

	therapeutic effects of the cardiovascular drugs in different disease conditions.	Role of Nurse(1hr).				
XI 4 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain drugs used in hormonal disorders. Psychomotor: Administer different hormonal therapies. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the hormonal therapies.	Drugs used for hormonal disorders and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy: Pharmacology of commonly used: Composition action, dosage, route, indication, and contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, and adverse effects, toxicity: • Insulin and oral hypoglycemic.(1hr). • Thyroid supplements and suppressants. • Steroids, anabolic. Uterine stimulants and relaxants. Oral contraceptives. Role of Nurse (1hr).	Other estrogen progesterone preparations Corticotrophi ns and Gonadotropi ns Adrenaline Prostaglandi ns Calcitonin Calcium salts Calcium regulators. (1hr).	Adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the hormonal therapies (1hr).	Lecture Discussion	Objectiv e type, Short answer
XII 6 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain drugs used in alternative system of medicine. Psychomotor: Administer prescribed drugs from alternative system of medicine. Affective: Observe the clients for adverse effects and therapeutic effects of the drugs used in alternative systems of medicine.	Introduction to drugs used in alternative system of medicine: • Ayurveda (2hr) • role of nurse in alternative system of medicine(1 hr)	• Hom eopat hy (2hr)	Jnani and Siddhaetc. (2hr)	Lecture Discussion Observation al visits	Objectiv e type, Short answer BAQ

EVALUATION SCHEM: PHARMACOLOGY

SCHEME OF INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

Subject	Theory				
	Pharmacology	Pathology	Genetics	Total	
Midterm	40	25	10	75	
Pre Final	40	25	10	75	
Total				150	
Send to university	Out of 150			15	
Writing Drug book	25(5)	-	-	5	
Preparation of patient for diagnostic		25(5)		5	
tests	-			3	
Send to university				10	
Total send to university				15+10=25	
University Examination	40	25	10	75	

SUMMATIVE					
MID-TERM	PRE-FINAL	University Examination			
	Pharmacology40 M	MCQ - 8X 1 = 8 Marks			
Pharmacology 40 M	MCQ - 8X 1 = 8 Marks	Section B $-$ SAQ $-$ 3 X 4 = 12			
MCQ - 8X 1 = 8 Marks	Section B $-$ SAQ $-$ 3 X 4 $=$	Section B – BAQ- $5 \times 2 = 10$			
Section B $-$ SAQ $-$ 3 X 4 = 12	12	Section C – LAQ – 1 X 10= 10			
Section B – BAQ- 5 X 2= 10	Section B – BAQ- $5 \times 2 = 10$				
Section C – LAQ – 1 X 10= 10	Section C – LAQ – 1 X 10=	Pharmacology40 M			
	10				

References:

- Goodman and Gilman's the Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics: 11th edition
- Drugs: Synonyms and Properties: 2nd ed.
- Mehta, Medicine for nurses, P.J. Mehta; 1ST Edition.

 James, Pharmacology of nurses; BalliareTindall, 5th Edition
- Harrison "Principal Of Internal Medicine Concept, Process & Practise", 3rd Edition.InternationlEdition

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-23

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing Subject: Pathology

Placement: Second Year Theory: 30 hrs

Course Description

This course is design to enable student to acquire knowledge of pathology of various diseases condition and apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

Specific Objectives:

At the end of the course students are able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of pathology.
- 2. Understand the pathophysiological changes in different system disorders.
- 3. Assist for various pathological tests conducted in the clinical field.
- 4. Collect and send the pathological tests and infer their results with patient conditions.

UNIT NO.		CONTENTS				METHOD
& TOTAL HOURS	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	OF EVALUAT ION
I (3 Hrs)	normal and abnormal cell structure and function. Psychomotor: Differentiate between normal and cancer cells and benign and malignant	-Importance of the study of pathology, definition of the terms, Methods & techniques, cellular and tissue changes, infiltration and regeneration, inflammations and infections, wound healing, vascular changes Bioethics: - Privacy, confidentiality, disposal of investigative material, ethical	Normal and cancer cell. Benign and malignant growths In - situ carcinoma	Disturbances of fluid and electrolyte imbalance.	Lecture Discussion	Short answer, BAQ
II 10Hrs Practical 5 Hrs	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain pathological changes in various systemic diseases. Psychomotor: Identify the pathological changes in special diseases.	 Pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems: Respiratory tract: Tuberculosis, Bronchitis, Pleural effuses and pneumonia, lung abscess, emphysema, bronchiectasis, 	testicular atropy • Prostatic hyperplasia, carcinoma penis and prostrate Female genital system: • Fibroids. • Carcinoma cervix		Lecture Discussion	

Affective: Recognize implications of pathological changes in diseases for nursing care practices.	disease. Ineffective endocarditis,	 Vesicular mole, choriocarcinoma. Ectopic gestation Ovarian cyst and tumors. 		
At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the procedures for various diagnostic investigations.	• Various blood and bone marrow tests in assessment and monitoring of disease conditions: Hemoglobin	Examination of bone marrow.	Lecture Discussion	Short answer, BAQ

	Psychomotor: Collects blood samples and assists in bone marrow sample. Carries out blood grouping, and other cytological investigations. Affective: Take interest in conducting various investigations and analyzes the results of various tests.	and cross matching. Blood chemistry. Blood culture. Serological and immunological tests. Other blood tests. • Methods of collection of blood specimens for various clinical				
IV-2 hrs Practical 1hr	able to	The lab tests used in CSF analysis. Methods of collection of CSF and other cavity fluids, . specimens for various clinical pathology, .biochemistry, microbiological tests, inference And normal values.	body fluids, transudates and exudates –sputum, wound dischargeetc. -Analysis of gastric and duodenal contents	semen sperm count, motility, morphology and		Short answer, BAQ
V- 1 hr Practical 1hr	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Describe laboratory tests for examination of urine and faeces. Psychomotor: Perform naked eye and microscopic examination of urine and feces. Affective: Collects and educates to collect the urine	 Urine: Physical characteristics. Analysis. Culture and sensitivity Faeces: Characteristics. Stool examination: occult blood, ova, parasite and cyst, reducing substance etc Methods for collection of various tests., inference and normal values 			Lecture Discussion	Short answer, BAQ, Objective type

and feces sample correctly.

EVALUATION SCHEM: PATHOLOGY

Placement: Second Year Theory: 30 hrs

FORMATIVE/SUMMATIVE EVALUATION:

FORMATIVE: investigation book writing out of 25 we are sending 5 marks

Summative evaluation:

MIDTERM	PREFINAL	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION
EXAMINATION		
		External assessment: University Examination (Theory)
Section A-MCQ- 1M X 3= 3	MCQ - 1M X 3 = 3	
		MCQ - 1M X 3 = 3
Section B BAQ 2M X 2= 4	Section B BAQ2M X 2= 4	Section B BAQ2M X 2= 4
Section B $-$ SAQ $-$ 4M X 2= 8	Section B – SAQ 4M X 2= 8	Section B -4 M X $2=8$
Section C– LAQ – 10M X	Section C – LAQ – 10M X 1=10	

1=10	Section C – LAQ 10M X 1=10
Eternal assessment ::	Pathology =25 mark

References:

- 1. Pathology and genetics for nurses; K. Swaminathan; 2nd edition; Jaypee Publication.

 2.A text book of Pathology and Genetics for nurses; Sonal Sharma; Geetika K Bhattacharya; Suresh D. Gangane

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-23

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Genetics

Placement: Second year Time: Theory 15 hours

Course description

This course is designed to enable student to acquire understanding of genetics and its role in causation and management of defects and diseases. **Specific objectives:**

At the end of the course students are able to:

- 1. Understand the basic concepts of genetics
- 2. Understand maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases
- 3. Understand the significance of genetic testing.
- 4. Understand genetic disorders in various age groups.
- 5. Appreciate services related to genetics.

		(Contents			NT 41 1
Unit No. & Total Hrs.	Objectives	Must Know:	Desirable To Know	Nice To Know	T/L Method	Method Of Evaluatio n
I (3 Hrs) (4 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe the cellular division, chromosomes and sex determination. Psychomotor: Analyze the genetic impact for different disease conditions in clinical practice. Affective: Incorporate the Cognitive of chromosomes in identifying genetic impact for various disease conditions.	 Introduction: Practical application of genetics in nursing. Impact of genetic condition on family. (1Hr) Chromosomes – sex determination. Chromosomal aberrations, patterns of inheritance: Multiple allots and blood groups. Sex linked inheritance. Mechanism of inheritance.(1Hr) Characteristics and structure of genes. Mendalian theory of inheritance Errors in transmission.(mutation).(1 Hr) 	• - Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis.(1Hr)		•Lectures & Discussion Explain using charts, slides	Objective Type
II (3 Hrs) (4 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Describe the mode of transmission of genetic diseases.	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases: Must know:	Prenatal testing and diagnosis.Spontaneous abortion.(1hr)		Lecture Discussion Explain	Objective Type

	Psychomotor: Counsels regarding role of consanguineous marriages in inheritance of diseases. Affective: Motivates individuals for genetic testing and thereby contribute in preventing hereditary diseases.	 Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections. Consanguinity atrophy(1Hr) Prenatal nutrition and food allergies. Maternal age(1Hr) Effect of radiation, drugs and chemicals. Maternal drug therapy. Infertility. Neural tube defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks. Down syndrome. (Trisomy 21) .(1hr) 		using charts, slides Case study	
III (2 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain congenital abnormalities. Psychomotor: Identify congenital abnormalities. Affective: Provide comprehensive nursing care to client having congenital abnormalities.	Genetic testing in neonates and children: Screening for: Congenital abnormalities, .(1hr)	Developmental delay, Dysmorphism.(1hr)	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	Short answers Objective Type
IV (2 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the genetic abnormalities, their causes and	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults: • Cancer genetics – Familial cancer. • Inborn errors of	 Blood group alleles and haematological disorder Genetic 	Lecture Discussion	Short Answers Objective Type

signs & symptoms. Psychomotor: Identify the client with genetic disorders. Affective: Provide effective nursing care to such clients.	metabolism. • Huntington's disease. • Mental illness(1hr)	haemochromatosis. (1hr)			
able to Cognitive: Understand the Gene therapy. Psychomotor: Provide genetic	Bioethics:-Drug testing ,fetal therapy ,gender determination , prenatal testing ,gene therapy ,ethical and legal issues , congenital abnormality screening . (1hr)	\mathcal{C}	• Human genome project. Gene therapy(1hr)	Lecture Discussion Explain using charts, slides	Short Answers

EVALUATION SCHEM: GENETICS

Placement: Second year Basic B.Sc. Nursing

Time: Theory 15 hours

Internal assessment evaluation scheme A. Theory

Midterm	Pre-final	Final		
Section A MCQ= 1M X 4= 4	Section A MCQ= 1M X 4= 4	Section A MCQ= 1M X 4= 4		
Section B=BAQ = 2M X 3= 6	Section B=BAQ = 2M X 3= 6	Section B=BAQ = 2M X 3= 6		
TOTAL= 10	TOTAL= 10	TOTAL= 10		

References:

- 1. A text book of genetics; S.S.Randhava; Jaypee publication.
- 2.Pathology and genetics for nurses; K. Swaminathan; 2nd edition; Jaypee Publication.
- 3.A text book of Pathology and Genetics for nurses ;Sonal Sharma; Geetika K Bhattacharya; Suresh D. Gangane

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-24

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Community Health Nursing-I

Placement: Second Year Time: Theory- 90 hours

Practical - 135 hours

Course Description: This course is designed for Students to appreciate the principles of promotion and maintenance of health.

Specific Objectives:

At the end of the course students are able to --

- 1. Understand the concepts of community health and community health nursing
- 2. Appreciate the various factors influencing health in the community
- 3. Appreciate the concept, scope, uses and methods of epidemiology
- 4. Understand the epidemiology and nursing management of common communicable diseases.
- 5. Appreciate the concept and scope of demography
- 6. Understand the impact of population explosion and population control.
- 7. Understand about concept and functions of ecosystem.
- 8. Appreciate the genetics, species and ecosystem diversity.

UNIT NO. & TOTA L HOUR S	OBJECTIVES	CONTENTS WITH DISTRIBUTED HOURS			T/L METHO D	A/V AIDS	F/S EVAL UATIO N	METH OD OF EVALU ATION
		Must know Introduction	Desirable to know	Nice to know				
I (6 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Define, understand and discuss the dimensions and determinants of health. Psychomotor: Contribute as a health team member in improving health indicators. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in nursing practice.	 INTRODUCTION Community health nursing, Definition, concept and (1Hrs) Dimensions of health (1Hrs) Determinants of health. (1Hrs) Total Hrs -3 	Promotion of health (1Hrs) • Indicators of health. (2Hrs) Total Hrs -2	Maintenance of health. (1 hr) Total Hrs -1	Method Lecture discussion	Explain using Charts,	Clinical Evaluat ion	Short answers Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type
II (18Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Enumerate health determinants and discuss the relationship with health. Understand about concept and functions of ecosystem. Appreciate the genetics, species and ecosystem diversity.	health Fugenics (1Hrs)	Natural Resources and associated problems: Renewable and non- renewable resources: Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, Timber extraction, mining, dams	 Acts regulating environment : Environmen t protection Act: Air Prevention and control 	Lecture discussion	Charts, Graphs, Models, films slides Visits to	ii) Family Care Study: 50 Marks iii) Health Teachin g (2 X 25	

Psychomotor: Use this
Cognitive in nursing
practice and contribute
as a efficient health
team member in
achieving National
Goals.

Affective: Educate and Motivate people in promoting their own health.

and control measures of pollution:- physical: Air, water, soil, Housing, Noise, light, ventilation Marine, Thermal and Nuclear pollution Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. (2hr)

- Disposal of dead bodies, Forestation, (1Hrs)
 - Climate:
- Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust.(2hr)
- **Bacterial & viral** Agents, host and immunity
- (1Hrs)
- Food hygiene Production. Preservation, as a resource, land-Purchase.
 - Preparation, consumption(1Hrs)

BIODIVERSITY AND ITS CONSERVATION

1. Introduction-Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity.

2. Bio-geographycal

and their effects on forest and tribal people. (1Hrs)

c) Water resources: Use and over-utilization of surface and ground water, Floods, drought, conflicts over water, damsbenefits and problems. Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management (1Hrs)

Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, carriers environmental effects of extracting and using Arthopods and Rodents. mineral resources, case studies

> d)Land resources: Land degradation, maninduced land slides, soil erosion and desertification

Ecosystem:

(1Hrs)

Concepts: Structure and function of an ecosystem; Producers, consumers

of pollution Act:

- Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act;
- Wild life protection Act:
- Forest Conservatio n Act. Issues
- involved in enforcement of environment al legislation Environmen
- tal ethics. issues and possible solutions
- Role of individual in conservation of natural resources Life style: equitable

use of

disposal, Marks): milk plants. slaughter iv) house

etc.

50 Marks Commu nity Visit

Observ ation report: 25 Marks Total: 225 Marks

(225)

Marks to be convert ed in to 10 Marks for I. A. (Practic um

SUMM ATIVE Midterm Examin ation: 75

	classification of India.	and decomposers	resources for	Marks
		 Energy flow in the 	sustainable	ii) Pre-
	(1HR)	ecosystem	life-style	final:
	2.Energy flow in the	• Ecological succession	3	75
	ecosystem	Leological succession	food hygiene-	Marks
	Ecolological succession	Introduction, types,	Prevention of	Total:
	Value of biodiversity:	characteristics	food	150
	consumptive use,	features, structure and		Marks
	productive use, social	function of the	Drugs and	Externa
	ethical, aesthetic and	various ecosystems:-	cosmetic act	1
	option values.	a) Forest ecosystems:-	Act Regulation	assessm
	Biodiversity at Global,	b) Grassland ecosystem	the environment:	ent
	National and local levels.	c) Desert ecosystem	National	Univers
		d) Aquatic ecosystem	Pollution Control	ity
l l	India as a mega diversity Nation.	(ponds, streams, lakes,	board, Public	examin
		-	health	ation:
	Hot sports of Biodiversity	rivers, oceans, estuaries) Communication:	Laws related to	Theory
	(2 Hr)		environment &	75 Mada
ľ	a)		health.	Marks
	• Socio-cultural	and Linkages	(1Hrs)	Assi
	- Customs, taboos	(1 Hr). 3.Involvement of		gnm
	- Marriage system	governmental and non-		
	- Family structure			ents: Field
	btatas of special groups.	• ,• •		
	- Females, Children,	anyiranmantal haath	Total Hrs -1	work
	210011), 011011011800	Communication;		repor
	groups and sick persons	Infrastructure facilities		[τ,
	- Life Style	and Linkage.		proje
	- Hygiene	 Financial 		ct
	 Physical activity 	Management, Income,		work
	 Recreation and sleep 	Budget		and
	- Sexual life	• Purchasing power,		grou
	- Spiritual life philosophy	security.		p
	- Self reliance	(1Hr) Total Hrs -5		work
	- Dietary Problem	10tai 1118 -J		,arra

		- Education - Occupation (1hrs)					nge ment	
III (10 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Define epidemiology; enumerate uses and state aims and terminologies used in epidemiology. Understand and explain epidemiological triad. Discuss the levels of prevention. Psychomotor: Contribute in epidemiological investigations. Affective: Incorporate and use this Cognitive in nursing practice.	Epidemology *Defination, concept, aims, scope, uses and terminology used in epidemology(2Hr) *Dynamics of disease transmission epidemiological triad(2Hr) *Levels of prevention(2Hr)	Method of epidemiology of #Descriptive #Anaytical Epidemic investigation #Experimental (2Hr) Morbidity and mortality measurements (1Hr)	Epidemic investigation (1Hr) Total Hrs -1	Lecturer discussion	Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides	of exhi bitio n in the com muni ty.	Essay type Short answers
IV (20 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe the epidemiology of communicable diseases. Psychomotor: Contribute in research work. Affective: Incorporate Cognitive of epidemiology in nursing practice.	Epidemiology and nursing management of common communicable diseases, Respiratory infections: Small Pox, Chicken Pox, Measles, Influenza, Rubella, (1 Hrs) ARIs & Pneumonia, Mumps, Diphtheria, Whooping cough, Meningococcal, meningitis, Tuberculosis. (1 Hrs) Intestinal Infections: Poliomyelitis,	 Parasitic zoonoses: Taeniasis, Hydatid disease, Leishmaniasis(3 Hr) Respiratory infections: SARS. Intestinal Infections: Viral Hepatitis, Dracunculiasis. (3 hrs) 	Bacterial: Brucellosis, Plague, Human Salmonellosis, Anthrax, Leptospirosis. (Kyasnur Forest Diseases. (2Hrs) Total hrs- 2	Lecturer discussion	Explain using Charts, Graphs Models, films, slides Seminar Supervis ed field Practice- health centers,		Essay type Short answers Objectiv e Type

	 Cholera, Diarrhoeal diseases, (1 Hrs) Typhoid Fever, (1 Hrs) Food poisoning, Amoebiasis. (1Hrs) Arthropod infections: Dengue, Malaria, Filariasis, (3 Hrs) Zoonoses Viral: Rabies, Yellow fever, Japanese encephalitis. (1 Hrs) Rickettsial diseases: Rickettsial Zoonoses, Scrub typhus, Murine typhus, Tick typhus fever, Surface infection, Trachoma, Tetanus, (1Hrs) Leprosy, STD & RTI, Yaws, HIV. Any other. (2 Hrs). 				clinics and homes Group projects/ Health Educatio n	
At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe the epidemiology of non communicable diseases. Psychomotor: Contribute in research work. Affective: Incorporate Cognitive Of epidemiology in nursing practice.	Epidemiology and nursing management of non – communicable diseases: Malnutrition: under nutrition, over nutritionnutritional deficiencies, Anemia, (2 hours) Hypertension, Stroke, (1 hours) Rheumatic Heart Diseases, (1 hrs) Coronary Heart Diseases, Cancer, (1 hrs)Diabetes mellitus, (1 hr)	Blindness, Accidents, Mental illness (2 hours) - Obesity, Iodine Deficiency (1 hours)	- Fluorosis, Epilepsy, Asthma, Arthritis. (1 hours)	Lecture discussion	Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides, Seminar Supervis ed field Practice- health centers, clinics	Essay type Short answers Objectiv e Type

(6 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Define and understand the concept and scope of demography. Psychomotor: Maintain vital statistics and calculate various rates and ratios. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive in improving quality of health services.	Demography: • Definition ,concept and scope • Demography cycle. (2 hrs) Demographic rates and ratios (1 hrs)	• Methods of data collection (2 hrs)	analysis and interpretation ofdemographic data (1 hrs)	Lecture discussion	and homes Group projects / Health Educatio n		Essay type Short answers Objectiv e type Assessm ent of survey report
(10 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Define and understand the Population explosion and its impact on social economic development of individual society. Psychomotor: Contribute in Family Welfare Programme& Population control Overall development	POPULATION & ITS CONTROL Population explosion and its impact on social economic development of individual society and country. (2hours) Limiting Family Size: Promotion of small family norm (1 hours) Methods of contraceptions: spacing- (natural, chemical, mechanical) etc Terminal surgical method	Population control: Population control: Overall development of Men and Women empowerment, social economic and educational development (3hr)	Emergency contraception (1 hours)	Lecture discussion	Explain	Formative Commu nity Visit Observ ation report: 25 Marks Summa tive	Short answers •Objecti ve type

	Affective: Educate and	(3 hours)			Mid-	
	motivate the people for	(3 hours)			term	
	limiting family size and				Examin	
	promotion of small				ation:	
	family norm				75	
	laminy norm				Marks	
					ii) Pre-	
					final:	
					75	
					Marks	
					Total:	
					150	
					Mark	
					Externa	
					1	
					assessm	
					ent	
					Univers	
					ity examin	
					ation:	
					Theory	
					75	
					Mark	
VIII	At the end of unit	Introduction to community	Ethics in community	Consumers		
10 HRS	students are able to	health nursing service	health nursing practice.	Protection Act		
	Cognitive: Describe	Concept, definition& scope	(2 hr)	(1 hr)		
	concepts and scope of	of community health	Functions of urban &			
	community health	nursing services.	rural health centre			
	service.understand the	Introduction to family	including health team			
	health assessment of	oriented health care(member (1 hr)			
	individual & family	assessment of individual &				
	while providing family	family) (3 hr)				
	oriented care.	Home visits: concepts, steps,				
	Psychomotor:					

understand the	principles., advantages (3 hr)			
functions of urban and				
rural health centers	Bioethics:- Client rights and			
including health team	professional responsibilities			
members.	in community health care,			
Affective: understand	public health ethics , nurse			
ethics in community health nursing practice.	patient relationship , clinical			
hearth nursing practice.	ethics , benefit and harm			
	,epidemiological aspects ,			
	justice and health resource			
	allocation ,accessibility to			
	health care ,national health			
	programmes, research ethics			
	, sensitivity to socio-economic			
	status ,stigma and			
	discrimination, focus on			
	vulnerable groups ,family and			
	community, implementing			
	health policies .			
	(4 hr)			

EVALUATION SCHEM: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

- Maximum Marks: 25
- Theory

Sr.No.	Examination	Marks	Total theory marks sent to
		(maximum)	University
			[A]
1.	Midterm examination	50	
2.	Pre-final examination	75	
	TOTAL	125	15

B. Practical

Sr.No.	Activity	Marks	Total marks	Total practical marks sent to University
				[B]
1.	Family care study - 1	50	50	
2.	Community Visit Observation report	25	25	
3.	Health Teaching: 2	2x 25	50	
4.	Clinical Evaluation Community	100	100	
	health Nursing Fracticet marks sent to	University = A	+B = 15	+10 = 25
	TOTAL		225	10

References:

- 'Park's Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine' Banarasidas Bhanot Publishers, Jabalpur, India.
- 'Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine' Dr. Gupta and others, Jaypee Brothers.
- 'Essentials of Community Health Nursing' S. Kamalam, Jaypee Brothers.
- 'Community Health Nursing Principles and practice', K. K. Gulhani, Kumar Publishing House, New Delhi.

- 'Community and Public Health Nursing' Maria Stanhope & Jeanette Lancaster, Mosby Publication.
- 'Community health Nursing' B.T. Basavanthappa, Jaypee Brothers.
- 'Hand book of Preventive and Social Medicine', Vidya Ratan, Jaypee Brothers.
- 'Pocket Manuel of Community Health Nursing', Maheshwari Jaikumar, Jaypee Brothers.
- 'Evaluating Community Nursing', Karl Atkin & Others, Bailliere Tindall, London.
- 'Comprehensive Community Health Nursing' Clement Stone & Others, Mosby, Elsevier.
- 'Community Health Nursing Mannuel', Najoo Kotwal, TNAI.
- 'An Introduction to Community Health Nursing' Kasturi Sunder Rao.
- 'Community Health Nursing' Swarnkar
- Clerk R.S Marine pollution, Clanderson Press Oxferd (TB)
- Jadhav H & Bhosale, V.M. 1995. Environmental protection and Laws. Himalaya Pub. House, Delhi 284 P
- Mckinney M.L. & School R.M. 1996.Environmental Science system & Solutions, Web enhanced edition 639 p.
- Miller T.G. Jr. Environmental Science, Wadsworth Publishing Co.(TB)
- OdumE.P. 1971.Fundamentals of Ecology.W.B.Saunders Co.USA, 574 p
- Rao.M.N.& Datta A.K.1987 Waste Water treatment .Oxford & IBH .Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. 345p
- Townsend C, Harper J, and Michael Began, Essentials of Ecology, Blackwell Science (TB)
- Trivedi R.K.Handbook of environmental Laws, Rules Guidelines, Compliances and standards, Vol I & II, Environ Media (R)
- Trivedi R.K and P.K.Goel, Introduction to air pollution, Techno-science Publication (TB)
- Wanger K.D.1998 Environmental Management W.B.Saunders Co. Philadelphia USA 499p

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-25

2ndYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Communication & Education Technology

Placement: Second Year Theory: 90 Hrs.

(Theory 60 Hrs + Lab 30 Hrs)

Course Description:

This course is designed to help the students acquire an understanding of the principles and methods of communication and teaching. It helps to develop skill in communicating effectively, maintaining effective interpersonal and human relations, develop basic skills in guidance and counseling, principles of education, teaching individuals and groups in clinical community and health educational settings.

Specific objectives:

On completion of this course, the graduate nurse will be able to:

- 1. Understand the effective communication process using various communication techniques with individuals groups and health team members.
- 2. Establishes effective interpersonal and human relations with patients, families and health team members.
- 3. Acquires knowledge on concepts, principles on guidance and counseling and develop basic skills for counseling patients, nursing students and nursing personnel.
- 4. Understand the philosophy, principles of education and teaching learning process.
- 5. Demonstrate teaching skills using various teaching methods in classroom, clinical and community setup using different methods and media.
- 6. Demonstrate skill in preparing different types of assessment tools for knowledge attitude and skill.

UNIT		CO	ONTENTS			METHOD
NO. & TOTA L HOUR S	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	METHOD OF EVALUATI ON
I (5 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe process, elements and channels of communication. Psychomotor: Identify barriers of communication. Affective: Recognizes the effective techniques of communication.	Review of communication process: Review of communication process. Process elements Channels. Facilitators. Barriers Methods of overcoming. Techniques. Bioethics:- Update information on different technology, Nurse-patient relationship, interpersonal relationship, confidentiality of information, ethical	Importance of communication skills for nurses. (2Hrs).		Lecture/ Discussions	LECTURE DISCUSSIO N

II (5Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Describe purpose & types of interpersonal relationship. Psychomotor: Identify barriers of IPR. Affective: Tries to maintain	responsibilities in communication, social-app driven behaviour change, social isolation, internet induced social isolation(2hr) Interpersonal relations: • Purpose and types. • Phases of Interpersonal relationship. • Johari Window.	Barriers to interpersonal relations. Methods of overcoming barriers.	Interpersona 1 Relationship in Context of Nursing. (2 Hrs).	Lecture /discussions Sociometry Group Games	Psychometric exercises followed by discussions
III (5Hrs)	IPR. At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain social behavior & Affective of individual and groups. Psychomotor: Promotes positive group formation. Affective: Apply this Cognitive in nursing.	Human Relations: • Understanding self, social behavior, Social Affectives of individual and Group • Groups and Individual.	 Team Work. Human relations in context of nursing. 	Group Dynamics	Lecture / discussions Group Games	Psychometric exercises followed by discussions
IV (10 Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe purpose, need and scope of counseling. Know and explain the principles and areas of counseling Psychomotor: Counsel the individuals. Affective: Identify the	 Guidance and Counseling: Definition, meaning, purpose, scope & need. Basic Principles, Areas of counseling. Types of Approaches to counseling. Role and preparation of counselor Issues for counseling in 	 Organization of counseling services. Attributes and Psychomotors of counselor. Tools for collecting information Problem solving approaches. 	Management of crisis and referral.	Lecture / discussions Newer Teaching learning methods in nursing like one minute preceptorshi p, Flipped	Role play on counseling in different situations followed by discussions

V (5Hrs)	individuals who need counseling and either counsel them or refer them to professional counselor At the end of unit student are able to: Cognitive: Know the philosophy and aim of education. Understand and describe the functions, principles of education. Explains principles of learning. Understand and describe domains of learning objectives. Psychomotor: Write lesson plan stating the learning objectives correctly. Affective: Appreciate the importance of teaching learning process in the field of nursing.	nursing: students and nursing practitioners • Counseling process steps & techniques Must know Principles of education & teaching learning process: Principles and maxims of learning • Domains of objectives & formulation of general and specific objective. • Lesson planning.	 Meaning philosophy, aims, functions, & principles Nature & characteristics of learning. 	Classroom management .	classroom, E- learning (webinar, Swayam courses) 2hrs Lecture /discussion	Exercise on writing objectives Prepare lessons plan Micro Teaching
VI (10Hr)	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and discuss various methods of teaching. Psychomotor: Select and use appropriate teaching method in professional practice. Affective: Change teaching method as per need of individual or /and situation.	Must know Methods of teaching: • Lecture • demonstration, • Group discussions, Seminar, Symposium, panel discussion, • Role play, Project method, field trip, workshop, exhibition, • Computer assisted learning, programmed instructions,	• Conferences: Individual & group.(1 Hrs)	Process recording. (1 Hrs)	Lecture discussions	Conduct 5 teaching sessions using different methods and media

VII (10Hr)	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe various types of teaching aids. Psychomotor: Prepare and/or choose appropriate teaching material/ aid. Affective: Recognize the importance of teaching aids in learning process.	 Micro- teaching, Problem based learning, Self instructional module, simulation etc. Clinical teaching methods: Bedside Clinics, Case Method, Nursing rounds Morning & afternoon reports, Field visits. Educational Media: Purposes and types of A.V Aids, principles and sources etc Graphic aids Chalk board, chart, graph, poster, flash card, Flannel graph, bulletin, and cartoon. Printed aids: pamphlets & leaflets. Projected aids: Slides, over head projector, films, T.V, V.C.R/V.C.D Camera, microscope, LCD, Computer. Audio aids: tape recorder. 	• Three dimensional aids: objects, specimens, models, puppets.	Public address system.	Lecture discussion	Demonstratio nPrepare different teaching aids projected and non - projected Prepare a programme for the given topic Visit to dept ofcommunicat ion, &educational technology
VIII (5Hrs)	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Know and understand the purpose and scope of evaluation. Understand and describe various method of assessment.	 Assessment: Purpose and scope of evaluation & assessment. Criteria for selection of assessment techniques and methods 	Assessment of Cognitive: Essay type questions, short answers (SAQ), multiple choice questions (MCQ) Assessment of	Assessment of Affectives: Affective scales. (1Hr)	Lecture discussion	Exercise on writing different types of assessment tools

asse Affe	rechomotor: Develop various essment tools correctly. Rective: Use various essment tools effectively.		Psychomotors: Observation checklist, practical exam, Viva, Objective structured clinical examination (OSCE).			
able Cog expl and Psyc prof teac IX (5Hrs) and Affe of p	the end of unit student are te to gnitive: Understand and plain the concept of education communication for health. The chomotor: Acquire ficiency in using various ching methods for giving lith education to individuals communities fective: Accept the behavior people while planning and ing health education.	Information, Education & communication for health (IEC): • Health behavior • Health education • Planning for health education. Essential values for professional nurses , professional accountability and responsibility , decision making ,patients rights , common laws in nursing ,legal roles of nurses ,legal aspects in nursing practice ,legal protection in nursing practice ,code of ethics in nursing .(2hr)	 Health education with individuals, groups and communities. Communicating health messages. Methods and media forcommunicating health messages 	• Using mass media	Lecture discussion	Plan and conduct Health education sessions for individual group and communities

EVALUATION SCHEM: COMMUNICATION & EDUCATION TECHNOLOGY

Placement: Second Year Theory: 90 Hrs. (Theory 60 Hrs + Lab 30 Hrs)

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:				
Mid term Examination	75Marks			
Pre final Examination	75 Marks			
Total	150 Marks.			
150 Marks to be converted in	n to 15 Marks for Internal	Assessment Send to university		
Assignment 10 Marks Tota	l IA marks to sent to Univ	versity $15+10 = 25$ Marks		
Anecdotal Record				
Total $3 = 10 \text{ M}$ ark each $= 3$	0 Marks			
Evaluating Teaching Plan				
Total $4 = 25$ Mark Each $= 10$	0 Marks			
A.V Aids	50 Marks			
Assessment of tool 1	5 marks			
1	15 marks			
Check List	15 marks			
Attitude Scale	15 marks			
EXTERNAL ASSESSMEN	T: (Theory) -University e	xamination: 75 Marks		
Midterm 75	Prefinal 75	University examination		
MCQ-1X15=15Marks	MCQ-1X15=15Marks	Section A-1X15=15Marks		
SAQ4X5=20Marks	SAQ4X5=20Marks	Section B-2X10=20Marks		
BAQ-2X10=20Marks	BAQ-2X10=20Marks	Section B-4X5=20Marks		
LAQ-2X10=20Marks	LAQ-2X10=20Marks	Section C-10X2=20Marks		

References:

- Bhatia, Kamala & Bhatia B.D.: The Principles and Methods of Teaching: Delhi,
- Doaba House, 1977.
- Neeraja, Nursing Education, New Delhi, Jaypee Brother, 2004.
- Safaya, Raghunath & Shaida, B.D. Educational Theory & Practice, Delhi, Dhanpat
- Row & Sons, 1974.
- Bhatia, Hans Raj Elements of Educational Psychology, Bombay, Qnent Conpman,
- Sthed, 1973.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-31

3rdYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Medical Surgical Nursing

(ADULT INCLUDING GERIATRICS) -II

Placement: Third YearTheory -120 hours

Practical- 270 hours

Course Description:

The purpose of this course is to acquire knowledge and proficiency in caring for patients with medical and surgical disorders in varieties of health care settings and at home.

Specific objectives:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Provide care for patients with disorders of ear nose and throat.
- 2. Take care of patients with disorders of eye.
- 3. Plan, implement and evaluate nursing management of patients with neurological disorders.
- 4. Develop abilities to take care of female patients with reproductive disorders.
- 5. Provide care of patients with burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery.
- 6. Manage patients with oncological conditions
- 7. Develop skill in providing care during emergency and disaster situations
- 8. Plan, implement and evaluate care of elderly
- 9. Develop ability to manage patients in critical care units.

UNIT NO. & TOTAL HRS.	OBJECTIVES	CONTENTS			T/L METHODS	METHODS OF EVALUATI ON
		MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW		
I 15 Hrs	At The End O Unit Students Are Able To: Cognitive: Describe The Etiology, Pathopyhsiology, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnostic Measures And Management Of Patients With Disorders Of Ear, Nose And Throat. Psychomotor: Identify The Clients With Diseases Of Ear, Nose And Throat And Render Need Based Care To Them. Affective: Takes Initiative To Prevent Complications And	Nursing Management Of Patient With Disorders Of Ear, Nose And Throat: Review Of Anatomy And Physiology Of Ear, Nose And Throat. • Nursing Assessment – History And Physical Assessment. (1hr) • Etiology, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnosis,(1hr) • Treatment Modalities And Medical And Surgical Nursing Management Of Ear, Nose And Throat Disorders. • Ear: External Ear: Deformities, Otalgia, Foreign Bodies And Traumas. (1hr) • Middle Ear: Impacted Wax, Tympanic Membrane Perforation, Otitis Media, Ostosclerosis, Mastoiditis, Tumors.(1hr)	• Deafness: Prevention, Control And Rehabilitation . Communicati ng With Hearing Impaired And Muteness. (1 Hr.) -Internal Ear:Miener's Disease, Labryrinthitis, Ototoxicity, Tumors. (2hr) -Pathophysiology of ear, Nose and throat	Hearing Aids Implanted Hearing Devices. (1 Hr) •Special Therapies. Speech Defects And Speech Therapy.(1 hr)	Lecture •Discussion •Explain Using Charts, Graphs Models, Videos	Short Answers Essay Type Short Answers Objective Type

	Disabilities Related To Diseases Of Ear, Nose And Throat.	 Upper Air Way Infections: Common Cold, Sinusitis, Ethinitis, Rhinitis, Pharyngitis, Tonsillitis And Adenitis, Peritonscillar Abscess, Laryngitis. (1 Hr) Upper Respiratory Airway: Epistaxis. Nasal Obstruction, Laryngeal Obstruction, (1hr) Cancer Of The Larynx.(1hr) Nursing Procedures,(1hr) Drugs Used In Treatment Of Disorders Of Ear, Nose And Throat. (1 Hr) 	disorders.(1hr) -Cancer Of The Oral Cavity(1hr)			
ΙΙ	At The End O Unit	Nursing Management Of Patient	_	Communi	Lecture	Short
15 Hrs	Students Are Able To:	With Disorders Of Eye:	-Blindness,	cation	• Discussion	Answers
	Cognitive: Describe The	• Review Of Anatomy And	National	With	• Explain	Essay Type
	Etiology,	Physiology Of Eye. (1hr)	Blindness	Visually	Using	Short
	Pathopyhsiology,	• Nursing Assessment, History And	Control	Impaired	Charts,	Answers
	Clinical Manifestations,	Physical Assessment.	Programme.	Patient,	Using	Objective
	Diagnostic Measures	• Etiology, Pathophysiology1hr)	-Eye Banking.	Eye	Models,	Type
	And Management Of	• Clinical Manifestations, Diagnosis,	-Eye Prostheses	Camps.	Films.	
	Patients With Disorders	Treatment Modalities, Medical	And	(1 Hr)	Slides	
	Of Eye.	And Surgical Nursing Management	Rehabilitation.		•Demonstrati	
	Psychomotor : Identify	Of Disorders Of Eye. (1hrs)	(1 Hr		on	
	The Eye Disorders	• Refractive Errors. Eyelids:)		Practice	
	Among Clients And	Infections, Tumors And	-Drugs Used In		Session	
	Take Appropriate	Deformities. Conjunctiva:	Treatment Of		• Case	
	Measures To Treat	Inflammation And Infection,	Disorders Of		Discussions/	
	Them Promptly.	Bleeding. (1 Hr)	Eye(1hr)		Short	

	Affective: Participate In The Programmes For Prevention Of Blindness And Educate People About Care Of Eye	 Cornea: Inflammation And Infection. Lens: (1hr) Cataracts. (1hr) Glaucoma. (1 Hr) Disorders Of Posterior Chamber And Retina: Retinal And Vitreous Problems. (1hr) Retinal Detachment. (1hr) 	Disorders Of Uveal Tract. Ocular Tumors. (1 Hr) Ocular Emergencies And Their Prevention (1hr) Special Therapies And Nursing Procedures. (1h)		Answers Essay Type Short Answers Objective Typeseminar • Health Education • Supervised Clinical Practice • Drug Book Presentation • Visit To Eye Bank • Participation In Eye- Camps
Iii 16hrs	At The End O Unit	Nursing Management Of Patient With	-Special	-	
	Students Are Able To: Cognitive: Explain The	Neurological Disorders: • Review Of Anatomy And	Therapies, Nursing	Intracrania 1 And	
	Etiology,	 Review Of Anatomy And Physiology Of The Nervous 	Procedures.	Cerebral	
	Pathopyhsiology,	System. Nursing Assessment,	-Drugs Used In	Aneurysm	
	Clinical Manifestations,	History And Physical &	Treatment Of	Degenerat	
	Diagnostic Measures	Neurological Assessment,	Neurological	ive	
	And Nursing	Glasgow Coma Scale (1 Hr)	Disorders.	Diseases:	
	Management Of Patients	Etiology,Pathophysiology,Clinical	-Role Of Nurse	Delirium,	
	With Neurological		In Long Stay	Dementia,	

Disorders.	Manifestations, Diagnosis,	Facility	Alzheimer		
Psychomotor:	Treatment Modalities, Medical	(Institution) And	's Disease,		
Recognize Clients With	And Surgical Nursing	At Home.	Parkinson'		
Neurological Disorders	Management Of Neurological	-Rehabilitation	s Disease.		
And Render Prompt	Disorders. (1 Hr)	Of Patient With	(1Hr)		
Comprehensive Care To	• Congenital Malformations.	Neurological	, ,		
Clients In All Clinical	Headache. (1 Hr)	Deficit.			
Settings And	• Head Injury. Spinal Injuries:	(2Hr)			
Rehabilitation Homes.	Paraplegia, Hemiplegic,	Spinal Cord			
Affective: Participate In	Quadriplegia, (1 Hr)	Compression(1h			
Health Awareness	• Tumors Of The Brain And Spinal	r),Herniation Of Intervertebral			
Campaigns E.G. Road	Cord. (1 Hr)	Disc. (1 Hr)			
Safety To Prevent	Infections: Meningitis, Encephalitis,	Cranial / Spinal			
Accidents And Head	Brain	Neuropathies:			
Injury And Spinal Cord	• Abscess, Neurocysticercosis. (1	Bells Palsy			
Injuries, Etc.	Hr)	Trigeminal			
	• Movement Disorders: Chorea,	Neuralgia. Peripheral			
	Seizures, Epilepsies.(1 Hr)	Neuropathies, (1			
	• Cerebro Vascular Accidents	Hr)			
	(Cva). (1 Hr)	Gillian Barrie			
	 Management Of Unconscious 	Syndrome.			
	Patient And Patient With Stroke.	Myasthenia			
	(1 Hr)	Gravis. Multiple Sclerosis. (1hr)			
	• Role Of Nurse In Communicating	20101010. (1111)			
	With Patients Having				
	Neurological Deficit. (1 Hr)				
Iv At The End O Unit	Nursing Management Of Patient With	• Sexuality	-	Lecture	
16 Students Are Able To:	Disorders Of Female Reproductive	And	Contracep	Discussion	
Cognitive: Describe The	Disorders:	Reproductive	tion:	• Explain	

Inc.		** **	T m		
Etiology,	• Review Of Anatomy And Physiology	Health.	Types,	Using	
Pathopyhsiology,	Of Female Reproductive System.	Sexual	Methods,	Charts,	
Clinical Manifestations,	Nursing Assessment, History And	Health	Risks And	Graphs	
Diagnostic Measures	Physical Assessment. Breast Self	Assessment.	Effectiven	Models,	
And Nursing	Examination. (1 Hr)	 Injures And 	ess(1hr)	Films,	
Management Of Patients	 Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical 	Trauma,	- Spacing	Slides	
With Disorders Of	Manifestation, Diagnosis (1 Hr)	Sexual	Method:		
Female Reproductive	• Treatment Modalities And Medical	Violence,	Barrier		
System. Describe	And Surgical Nursing Management	Special	Method,		
Concepts Of	Of Disorders Of Female Reproductive	Therapies (1	Abortion:		
Reproductive Health	System. (1hrs)	Hr)	Natural,		
Andwelfareprogramme.	 Congenital Abnormalities Of Female 	 National 	Medical		
Psychomotor: Identify	Reproductive System. Menstrual	Family	And Surgical		
The Clinical	Disorders: Dysmenorrhea,	Welfare	Abortion,		
Manifestations Of	Amenorrhea, (1 Hr)	Programme	Mtpact,		
Reproductive System	• Premenstrual Syndrome. (1 Hr)		Toxic		
Disorders In Women	Abnormal Uterine Bleeding,	(1 Hr)	Shock		
And Render	Menorrhagia, Metrorrhagia. Pelvic	Intrauterine	Syndrome.		
Comprehensive Care	Inflammatory Diseases. (1hr)	Devices,	(1 Hr)		
Effectively.	Ovarian And Fallopian Tube Disorders:	Hormonal,			
Affective: Participate In	Infections, Cysts And Tumors. (1 Hr)	Postconceptual			
Family Welfare	-Uterine And Cervical Disorders:	Methods, Etc. (1			
Programme And Create	Endometriosis, Polyps, Fibroids, Cervical	Hr)			
Awareness About	And Uterine Tumors, Uterine				
Reproductive Health,	Displacement.	-Terminal			
Small Family Norms,	Vaginal Disorders: Infections And	Methods:			
Etc.	Discharges, Fistulas. Vulvur	Sterilization			
	Disorders: Infections, Cysts And	-Emergency			
	Tumors. Diseases Of Breasts:	Contraception			
	Tumors. Diseases Of Dieasts.	Methods.			

V 10 Hrs	At The End O Unit Students Are Able To: Cognitive: Describe The Etiology, Pathopyhsiology, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnostic Measures And Nursing Management Of Patients With Disorders Of Female Reproductive System.Describe Concepts Of Reproductive Health And Welfare Programme. Psychomotor: Identify The Clinical Manifestations Of Reproductive System	Deformities, Infections, Cysts And Tumors. (1 Hr) • Menopause And Hormonal Replacement Therapy. • Drugs Used In Treatment Of Gynecological Disorders. (1 Hr) Nursing Procedures. Nursing Management Of Patients With Burns, Reconstructive And Cosmetic Surgery: • Review Of Anatomy And Physiology Of Skin, Connective Tissues And Various Deformities. Nursing Assessment, History And Physical Assessment. Assessment Of Fluid And Electrolyte Loss. (1 Hr) • Etiology, Classification, Burn(1 Hr) • Pathophysiology, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnosis, (1 Hr) • Treatment Modalities And Medical & Surgical Nursing Management Of Patient With Burns, (1 Hr) • Reconstructive And Cosmetic Surgery (1hrs) • Nursing Procedures. (1 Hr) • Role Of Nurse. Rehabilitation. Special	• Psychosocial Aspects. (1 Hr) Drugs Used In Treatment Of Burns, Reconstructive And Cosmetic Surgeries. (1 Hr) • Types Of Reconstructi ve And Cosmetic Surgery For Burns. (1 Hr)	Congenita 1 Deformiti es, Injuries And Cosmetic Purposes.(1hr)	Discussion Explain Using Charts, Graphs Models, Films, Slides •Demonstrati on • Actice Session • Case Discussion/ Seminar • Health Education •Supervised Clinical Practice	
	Disorders In Women	• Role Of Nurse. Rehabilitation. Special Therapies. (1hr)			•Drug Book /	
	And Render				Presentation	

Comprehensive Care Effectively. Affective: Participate In Family Welfare Programme And Create Awareness About Reproductive Health, Small Family Norms, Etc					
VI Students Are Able To: Cognitive: Describe The Etiology, Pathopyhsiology, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnostic Measures And Nursing Management Of Patients With Cancer. Psychomotor:Indentify And Intervene Cancer In Early Stages And Provide Comprehensive Care To The Clients Suffering From Cancer. Affective: Create Awareness About Early Detection And Treatment Of Various Cancers Among Masses.	 Nursing Management Of Patients With Ontological Conditions: Structure & Characteristics Of Normal Cancer Cells. Nursing Assessment, History And Physical Assessment. Prevention, Screening, Early Diagnosis, Warning Signs Of Cancer (1 Hr) Epidemiology, Etiology, Classification, Pathophysiology, Staging, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnosis, . (1 Hr) Treatment Modalities And Medical & Surgical Nursing Management Of Oncological Conditions. (1hrs) Common Malignancies Of Various Body System, Oral, Larynx, Lung, Stomach And Colon, Liver, Breast, Cervix, Ovary, Uterus, 	 Psychologica Aspects Of	Surgical Interventi ons, Stem Cell And Bone Marrow Transplan ts., Gene Therapy,(1hr)	Lecture Discussion Explain Using Charts, Graphs Models, Filmsslides Demonstratio n Practice Session Case Discussion/ Seminar Health Education Supervised Clinical Practice	

	Educate People About	Oncological Emergencies. (1 Hr)			Drug Book
	Healthy Habits And Life	Modalities Of Treatment:			/Presentation
	Styles.	Immunotherapy, Chemotherapy,			
		Radiotherapy, .(1 Hr)			
		Other Forms Of Treatment. Palliative			
		Care: Symptoms And Pain Management,			
		Nutritional Support. Nursing Procedures.			
		Psycho Social Aspects. (1hr)			
		1 sycho bockii rispects. (IIII)			
VII	At the end o unit	Nursing Management Patient in	•	Policies	Lecture
	students are able to:	Emergency and Disaster Situations:	 Coordinatio 	related to	discussion
(10 Hrs)	Cognitive: Describe the	• Disaster Nursing: Concepts and	n and	emergenci	• Explain
	etiology,	Principles of Disaster nursing. Causes	Involvement of:	es/disaster	using
	pathopyhsiology,	and types of Disaster -man made &	Community,	manageme	• Charts,
	clinical manifestations,	natural. Natural – Earthquakes, Floods, Epidemics, Cyclones.	Various Govt.	nt:	graphs
	diagnostic measures and	Manmade- Fire, Explosion,	Agencies,	Internatio	models,
	nursing management of	Accidents, violence, Terrorism,	Non Govt.	nal,	films,
	patients with cancer.	Biochemical Terrorism, War. Disaster Preparedness: Team,	and International	National,	slides
	Psychomotor: Indentify	Guidelines, Protocols, Equipments,	agencies	State,	• D
	and intervene cancer in	Resources. Role of Nurse. Legal	 Organization of 	district	Demonstratio
	early stages and provide comprehensive care to	Aspects of disaster nursing. (1 hrs) • Impact on health and after effects,		and Institution	n Practice
	the clients suffering	post traumatic stress disorders.	emergency services:	al.(1hr)	session
	from cancer.	Emergency Nursing:	Physical	ai.(1111)	• Case
	Affective: Create	Concepts, priorities, principles and steps of emergency nursing. (1 hr)	setup, staffing,		discussion/
	awareness about early	• Etiology, Pathophysiology, Clinical	equipments		Seminar
	detection and treatment	manifestations,	and		• Health
	of various cancers	 diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing 	supplies, Protocols.		education
	among masses. Educate	management of patient with medical			Supervised
	people about healthy	and surgical emergency. (1Hrs)	(1 hr)		clinical
	habits and life styles.	Principles of emergency	-Reĥabilitation: Physical,		practice
		management: Common	psychological,		• Drug book
		emergencies. Respiratory	financial and		/presentation

VIII (10 Hrs) At the end o unit students are able to: Cognitive: Explain the concept and problems of aging. Psychomotor: Identify the problems of elderly and intervene promptly to prevent deterioration and discomfort. Affective: Volunteer to serve the elderly.	emergencies. Shock and hemorrhage. (1 hr) Pain. Poly traumas, road-side accidents, crush injuries, wounds. Bites and stings. (1 hr) Poisoning: Food, Chemical, Gas, Drugs. Seizures. Thermal emergencies: Heat Stroke and cold injuries. Pediatric emergencies. Psychiatric emergencies. Obstetric emergencies. Violence, Abuse, Sexual assault. Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Crisisntervention. Role of nurse: Communication and interpersonal relations. Medico legal aspects. (1hrs) Nursing Care of the Elderly: Must know Nursing Assessment – history taking and physical assessment. Aging. Cognitive aspects of aging. Normal biological aging. Age related body system changes. Medication and elderly. (1hr) Common health problems and nursing management of Cardiovascular, Respiratory, .(1hr) musculoskeletal, Endocrine, .(1hr) Genito urinary, Gastro intestinal. Neurological .(1hr), skin and other sensory organs, psycho social and sexual, abuse in elderly. Role of nurse for care of elderly: .(1hr) ambulation, nutritional, communicational, psychological and spiritual. (1hrs)	Reloation.(1Hr) -Concept of triage and role of triage nurse. Coordination and involvement of different departments and facilitiesNursing assessment— History and Physical assessment.(1 hr) • Demography : Myths and realities • Concepts and theories of aging. (1 hr) Use of aids and prosthesis. (Hearing aids, dentures.(1hr) Psychological aspect of aging. Stress and coping in older adults. (1hr)	• Role of family, formal and non formal agencie s or care givers Legal and ethical issues. Provisions and programm es for elderly, privileges, communit y programm es and	Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs Models, films, Slides Demonstratio n Practice session Case discussion/Se minar Health education Supervised	
--	---	---	---	--	--

IX (10 Hrs)	At the end o unit students are able to: Cognitive: Describe the role of nurse in management of patients in critical care units. Psychomotor: Be self poised to render effective critical care and demonstrate competence to work under stress for considerable period of time. Affective: Understand the difference in communication with relatives and families of critically ill patients.	Nursing Management of Patient in Critical care Unit: Nursing Assessment- history and physical assessment. (1hr) Classification. –principles of critical care nursing. Resuscitation equipments. Nursing management of critically ill patients. (1hr) Monitoring critically ill patients. CPR- Advance Cardiac Life Support. (1hr) Treatment and procedures. Transitional care. Intensive care records. Crisis intervention. (1hr) Drugs used in critical care unit(1hr) Special equipments, ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators(1hr)	 Organization: Physical setup, policies, staffing norms. Ethical and legal aspects (1 Hr) Communicati on with patient and family. Death and dying: Coping with (1 hr) Infection control protocols. (1hr) 	health services. Home and institution al care(1hr) -protocol equipment and supplies .(1hr)	clinical practice -Drug book /presentation Visit to old age Home Lecture discussion Explain using Charts, graphs •Models, films, slides •Demonstrati on • Role plays • counseling •Practice session • Case discussion/ Seminar
X (8Hrs)	At the end o unit students are able to: Cognitive: Describe etiology, pathopyhsiology, clinical manifestations, assessment, diagnostic measures and management of patients	Nursing management of patients adult including elderly with Occupational and Industrial disorders: • Nursing Assessment – History and physical assessment(1hr) • Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, .(1hr) • diagnosis and treatment modalities and medical and surgical management .(1hr) • management of occupational and	Desire to know – Special therapies, alternative therapies, nursing procedures. (1 Hr)	Drugs used in treatment of occupatio nal ,industrial disorders. (1Hrs)	 Health education Supervised clinical practice Drug book /presentation

	industrial health disorders.(2hr)		1
with occupational and			
industrial health	• Role of nurse. (1 Hr)		
disorders.			
Psychomotor: Identify			
various industrial			
disorders among			
employees of different			
vocations and render			
effective care to them.			
Affective: Participate in			
safety awareness			

EVALUATION SCHEME: MEDICAL SURGICAL NURSING

(ADULT INCLUDING GERIATRICS) –II

Theory –120 hours Practical- 270 hour

Inte	rnal Assessment	Formative evaluation	ation			
SN	Requirement	Prescribed no. Marks for each		each Total marks		
1.	Nursing care plan	05 > ENT > OPHTHALMOLOGY > GYNAEC > BURNS > ONCOLOGY	25 marks		125 marks	
2.	Case Presentation / Case study	01 Neurology	50 Marks		50Marks	
3.	Health teahing	01 Medical surgical ward	25 marks		25 marks	
4.	Clinical evulation	02 Neurology, Critical care unit	100 marks		200 marks	
5.	Practical examinations (midterm &prefinal exam)		100 marks		200 marks	
			GRAND	TOTAL	600 Marks	100 Marks
		SUMMATIVEEVALUATIO	N		•	
MII	OTERM 75	PREFINAL 75		Universit	ty Examination 75	
Sect	ion A-MCQ- 1x15=15Marks	Section A-MCQ- 1x15=15Marks	Section A-MCQ- 1x15=15Marks Sec		Section A-MCQ- 1x15=15Marks	
Sect	ion B-BAQ- 2x10= 20Marks	Section B- BAQ- 2x10= 20Marks	Section B- BAQ- 2x10= 20Marks		Section B- BAQ- 2x10= 20Marks	
Section B- SAQ-4x5=20 Marks		Section B- SAQ-4x5=20 Marks	Section B- SAQ-4x5=20 Marks		Section B- SAQ-4x5=20 Marks	
Section C- LAQ-2x10=20 Marks		Section C- LAQ-2x10=20 Marks		Section C- LAQ-2x10=20 Marks		
	OTERM 75	PREFINAL 75		University Examination 75		
THE	EORY EXAMINATION: MIDTE	RM: 75 Marks PREFINAL: 75 Marks		GRAND	TOTAL: 150 Marks	25 Marks
	PEDNIAL ACCECCMENT LINUX	ERSITY EXAMINATION: THEOR	V. 75 Monte	~	PRACTICAL: 100 Mar	-lra

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- Joyce M. Black Janehokanson Hawks "Medical-Surgical Nursing" For Positive Outcomes .Volume- I ,7th Edition.
- Harrison "Principal Of Internal Medicine Concept, Process &Practise", 3rd Edition.InternationlEdition.
- BasawanthappaBt, Nursing Administration, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd 2004, Edition 1st.
- Brunner &Siddhart's, The Text Book Of Medical Surgical Nursing; 10th Edition.
- Joyce M. Black, Medical Surgical Nursing; Saunders Harcourt Pvt. Ltd.; 6th Edition.
- Mehta, Medicine for nurses, P.J. Mehta; 1ST Edition.
- James, Pharmacology of nurses; BalliareTindall, 5th Edition.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-32

3rdYear Basic BSc Nursing Subject: Child Health Nursing

Placement: Third Year. Time: Theory-90 Hrs.

Course Description: this course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

Specific objectives: at the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Explain the modern concept of child care and the principles of child health nursing.
- 2. Describe the normal growth and development of children in various age groups.
- 3. Explain the physiological response of body to disease conditions in children.
- 4. Identify the health needs and problems of neonates and children, plan and implement appropriate nursing interventions.
- 5. Identify the various preventive, promotive and rehabilitative aspects of child care and apply them in providing nursing care to children in the hospital and in the community.

Unit No.		Contents	With Distributed Hou	rs		Method Of Evaluation
& Total Hrs.	Objectives	Must Know	Desirable To Know	Nice To Know	T/L Method	
I (15 Hrs)	At The End O F Unit Students Are Able To: Cognitive: Describe National Policy Programmes& Legislations In Relation To Child Health & Welfare. List Major Causes Of Death During Infancy, Early & Late Childhood. Psychomotor: Render Comprehensive Care To A Hospitalized Child. Affective Make Self Aware About The Changing Role Of	Introduction: Modern Concept Of Child Care. Internationally Accepted Rights Of The Children (1hr) Child National Policy & Legislations In Relation To Child Health & Welfare. (1hr) Bioethics in child health, rights & safety, cultural values, Nursing ethics codes, ethical principles, Informed consent, decision making in assent, the patient's right to self-determination, autonomy, includes the right to refuse,	-National Programmes Related To Child Health & Welfare.(1hr) -Agencies Related To Welfare Services To The Children.(1hr) -Introduction To Modern Concept Of Child -Care & History, Principles & Scope Of -Child Health Nursing. (1hr) • Child Morbidity& Mortality	• Changing Trends In Hospital Care, .(1hr) Preventive, Promotive& Curative Aspects Of Child Health.(1hr) NutritionlRehabi litation Center- 1hr	•Lectures & Discussion • Charts , Graphs Models, Films And Slides •Seminars	•Short Answers •Objective Type

Paediatricnurse	The thereneutic	Rates.(1hr)		
	The therapeutic	Kates.(1111)		
,Modern Concept	boundary with			
Of Child Care	children and	•		
& Principles	adolescents,			
Changing Trends	Confidentiality as a			
In Child Health	responsibility, The			
Nursing.	need for parental			
	involvement in			
	treatment			
	,Withdrawal of life			
	support ,Harvesting			
	of fetal organs or			
	tissue(1hr)			
	 Differences Between 			
	An Adult & Child.			
	(1hr)			
	 Hospital 			
	Environment For A			
	Sick Child. (1hr)			
	• Impact Of			
	Hospitalization On			
	The Child &			
	Family. (1hr)			
	• Grief &			
	Bereavement.(1hr)			
	• The Role Of A			
	Child Health Nurse			
	In Caring For A			
	Hospitalized Child.			
	(1hr)			
	Principles Of Pre & Post-			
	Operative Care Of			
	Infants & Children.(2hr)			
	Peditric safety			

II (20 Hrs) At The End Of Unit Students Are Able To: Cognitive: Describe The Normal Growth & Development Of Children At Different Ages. Psychomotor:	programme-1 hr The Healthy Child. Principles Of Growth & Development.(1hr) Factors Affecting Growth & Development. (2hr) Growth & Development From	 Baby Friendly Hospital Concept.(1h r) Accidents: Causes & Prevention.(Value Of Play & Selection Of Play material. (1hr) Care Of Under Five & Under 	Lectures & Discussion • C H A Rt S, Graphs Models, Films And Slides •Demonstration	
al Growth & Development Of Children At Different Ages. Develop Need Based Nursing Care Plan And Implement Nursing Care To Normal & Sick Children. Affective: Appreciate The Role Of Play For Normal & Sick Children. Appreciate The Role Of Play For Normal & Sick Children. Appreciate The Preventive Measures & Need Of Parental Guidance.	 Infant.(1hr) Toddler.(1hr) Preschooler.(1hr) Schooler.(1hr) Adolescent.(1hr) The Needs Of Normal Children Through The Stages Of Developmental & Parental Guidance. (2hr) Preventive Immunization, Immunization Programme.(1hr) Cold Chain(1hr) -Nursing Care Of A	 Preventive Pediatrics. (2hr) Nutritional Needs Of Children & Infants: Br eastfeeding, Supplement ary& Artificial Feeding & Weaning. (2hr) Organization Of 	-Nursing	Sessions •Case Discussions / Seminar	Essay Type

		Neonate.	Neonatal Care	Management	& Discussion	•Short
III	Cognitive:	Nursing Care Of A	Unit. (2hr)	Of Babies	• C H A RT S,	Answers
(15 Hrs)	-Explain Kangaroo	Normal Newborn/	-Identification &	With	Graphs Graphs	•Objective
	Mother Care.	Essential Newborn	Nursing	Common	Models, Films	Type Of
	Psychomotor:	Care. (2hr)	Management Of	Congenital	And Slides	Question
	-Provide Care To	-Neonatal	Common Neonatal	Malformations.	•Demonstratio	Assessment
	Normal & High Risk	Resuscitation. (2hr)	Problems. (2hr)	(1hr)	n	Of Skill-
	Neonates.	-Nursing Management	-Nursing	(1111)	Ns	Assessment
	-Develop Skill Of	Of A Low Birth	Management Of		•Practice	With Check List
	Neonatal	Weight Baby & High	Babies With		Sessions	•Clinical Work
	Resuscitation.	Risk Babies.(2hr)	Common		•Case	Cimical Work
	-Recognize &	-Kangaroo Mother	Congenital		Discussions /	
	Manage Common	Care.(1hr)	Malformations.(1hr		Seminar	
	Neonatal Problems.	Control & Prevention)			
	Affective:	Of Infection In	/			
	-Appreciate The	N.I.C.U.(2hr)				
	Feeling Of The	- Human Milk Bank-1hr				
	Parents With	Tuman Min Bank Ini				
	Congenital					
	Anomalies.	T.A A. I	D-1- C 0 D-1-	TT 1/1-	T4	
TX7	Cognitive:	Integrated Management Of	-Rch Camps&Rch	-Health	Lectures	•Short
IV	F 1 : 671	Management Of	Outreach	Strategies:	& Discussion	
(10 II)	• Explain The	Neonatal &	Schemes. (2hr)	National	• C H A Rt S,	Answers
(10 Hrs)	Concept Of	Childhood Illnesses	-Border District	Population	Graphs	Assessment
	Imnci& Other Health	(IMNCI).	Cluster	Policy-(1hr)	Models, Films	Of Skill-
	Strategies Initiated	Test a constand	Strategy.(1hr)		And Slides	Assessment
	By	- Integrated			•Demonstratio	With Check List
	National Population	Management Of Infants			n N-	•Clinical Work
	Policy 2000	& Children With			Ns	
	-Psychomotor:	Illnesses Like			•Practice	
	-Develop Need Based	Diarrhea, A.R.I.,			Sessions	
	Nursing Care Plan	Malaria, Measles &			•Case	
	And Implement	Malnutrition.(2hr)			Discussions /	
	District Newborn	-Nurses' Role:			Seminar	
<u> </u>	Care And Home	IMNCI.(2hr)				

	Based Neonatal Care Affective:	-Operationalization Of District Newborn				
	-Appreciate The	Care, Home Based				
	Role Of Nurses In	Neonatal Care. (2hr)				
	IMNCI.	PALS –Paediatric				
	IIVII (CI.	Advance Life				
		Support(1hr Teory + 3hr				
		Practical)				
V	Cognitive:	Nursing Management	-Nutritional	-Common	Lectures	Essay Type
(20hrs)	- Explain The	In Common	Deficiency	Communicable	& Discussion	•Short
(20115)	Pathophysiology,	Childhood Diseases-	Disorders.(1hr)	Diseases In	• C H A Rt S,	Answers
	Signs And Symptoms	-Respiratordisorders&	-SAM & MAM	Children, Their	Graphs	Assessment
	And Medical, Surgical	Infections. (2hr)	-GI -Congenital	Identification,	Models, Films	Of Skill-
	And Nursing	-Gastro-Intestinal	Disorders.(1hr)	Nursing Care In	And Slides	Assessment
	Management Of Child	Infections, Infestations,	-Wilm'sTumor,	Hospital &	•Demonstratio	With Check List
	With Care In	&(2hr)	Infections, Calculi,	Home &	n	•Clinical Work
	Common childhood	-Cardio-Vascular	& Congenital	Prevention.	Ns	
	diseases.	Problems: Congenital	Defect(1hr)	(1hr)	•Practice	
	Psychomotor:	Defects & Rheumatic	-Orthopedic	-Juvenile	Sessions	
	- Assess The Child	Fever, Rheumatic Heart	Disorders : Club	Diabetes	•Case	
	And Plan	Disease. (2hr)	Feet, Hip	Mellitus	Discussions /	
	Andimplement The	-Genito-Urinary	Dislocation &	&Endocrine-	Seminar	
	Comprehensive	Disorders: Acute	Fracture.(1hr)	Other Disorders		
	Nursing Care In	Glomerulo Nephritis,	-Nursing Care Of	: (1hr)		
	Common Childhood	Nephritic Syndrome,	Infant And			
	Diseases.	Disorders. (2hr)	Children With HIV			
	Affective:	-Neurological	/ AIDs (1hr)			
	- Appreciate The	Infections&Disordersc	-Disorders Of			
	Feeling Of The	onvulsions, Meningitis,	Skin, Eye & Ears.			
	Parents And Role Of	Hydrocephalus, Head	(1hr)			
	Pediatric Nurse.	Injury. (2hr)				
	Identify Measures	-Hematological				
	To Prevent Common	Disorders: Anemia's,				
	Childhood Diseases	Thalassemia,				

	Including Immunization.	Itp,Leukemia,Hemophi liaItp(1hr). Child Health Emergencies: Poisoning,Hemorrhage , Burns & Drowning.(1hr)				
VI (10hrs)	Cognitive:Explain The Signs And Symptoms And Medical, And Nursing Management Of Child With Behavioral & Social Problems Psychomotor:Assess The Child And Plan And Implement The Comprehensive Nursing Care To The Child Withbehavioral & Social Problems. Affective: -Appreciate The Feeling Of The Parents And Role Of Pediatric Nurse Identify Measures To Prevent And Manage Common Behavioral & Social Problems In Children.	Management Of Behavioral & Social Problems In ChildrenManagement Of Common Behavioral Disorders.(2hr) -Management Of Challenged Children: Mentally, Physically, & Socially Challenged. (2hr) -Child Guidance Clinics. (2hr)	-Welfare Services For Challenged Children In India. (2hr) -Management Of Common Psychiatric Problems.(1hr)	-Management Of Common Psychiatric Problems.(1hr)	Lectures & Discussion • Charts , Graphs Models, Films And Slides • Case Discussions / Seminar	Essay Type •Short Answers • Field Trip/Visits •Clinical Work Integrated teaching Programme (1hr) (Inter- departmental- Horizontal Integration)

EVALUATION SCHEME: CHILD HEALTH NURSING SYLLABUS

Placement: Third Year. Time: Theory-90 Hrs.

Formative Evaluation

Sr No	Requirement	Prescribed No.	Marks For Each	Total Marks	Send To University
1.	Case Presentation	Total-1 Paed Medical / Surgical 01 (Paediatric Medical / Paediatric Surgical Ward)	50	50	
2.	Case Study	Total-1 Paed Medical / Surgical 01 (Paediatric Medical / Paediatric Surgical Ward)	50	50	
3.	Nursing Care Plan	Total-3 ➤ Paedmedical − 01 (Paedmedical Ward) ➤ Paedsurgical − 01, (Paedsurgical Ward) ➤ Nicu− 01(Nicu)	25	75	
4	Clinical Evaluation Of Comprehensive.	Total-3 ➤ Paedmedical − 01 (Paedmedical Ward) ➤ Paedsurgical − 01, (Paedsurgical Ward) ➤ Nicu−01 (Paed. Medical / Surgical / P.I.C.U./ N.I.C.U.)	100	300	
5.	Health Education	Total-1	25	25	

		(Paedmedical Ward/Paedsurgical Ward/Nicu/Paed.Opd)			
6.	Assessment Of	Total-5	20	100	
	Growth &	(Neonate, Infant, Toddler, Preschooler, &			
	Development	School Age)			
	Reports.	(Paediatric Medical / Paediatric Surgical			
		Ward)			
7.	Observation Report	Total-1	25	25	
	Of Nicu /Paed	(Nicu /Paedmedical Ward/Paedsurgical			
	Surgery/Paed.	Ward/)			
	Medical				
8.	Practical	> . Midterm Exam	50	100	
	Examinations	Preterm Exam	50		
	(Midterm & Prefinal				
	Exam)				
			Grand Total:	725	100
Theory	Examination: Midterm	: 75marks	Grand Total:	150	25
	Prefinal: 75 Marks				
	External Assessment: Theory Final Exam:		75		
	Practical Final Exam:	-	50		

References-

- 1. Ghaio.P. Et Al. (2000) Ghai's Essentials Of Paediatrics. 1stedn. Mehta Offset Works. New Delhi.
- 2. Marlow Dorothy& Redding. (2001) Textbook Ofpaed. Nsg. 6thedn. Harbarcourtindia Ltd. New Delhi.
- 3. Parthsarathy Et Al. (2000) Iap Textbook Of Paediatricnsg. Jaypee Bros., 2 Nd Ed. New Delhi.
- 4. Vishwanathan& Desai. (1999) Achar's Textbook Of Paediatrics. 3rd Ed. Orient Longman.Chennai.
- 5. Wong Dona Et Al. Whaley & Wong's Nursing Care Of Infants & Children.6thedn. Mosby Co., Philadelphia.
- 6. Dr. C.S. Waghale, Principles And Practice Of Clinical Pediatrics, Vora Publication 1996

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-33

3rdYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Mental Health Nursing

Placement: Third Year.

Time: Theory-90 Hrs.

Practical-270 Hrs. Course Description:

This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to mental health, identification, prevention, rehabilitation and nursing management of common mental health problems with special emphasis on therapeutic interventions for individuals, family and community.

Specific objectives: At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the historical development and current trends in mental health nursing.
- 2. Comprehend and apply principles of psychiatric nursing in clinical practice.
- 3. Understand the etiology, psychodynamics and management of psychiatric disorders.
- 4. Develop competency in assessment, therapeutic communication and assisting with various treatment modalities.
- 5. Understand and accept psychiatric patient as an individual and develop a deeper insight into her own attitudes and emotional reactions.
- 6. Develop skill in providing comprehensive care to various kinds of psychiatric patients.
- 7. Develop understanding regarding psychiatric emergencies and crisis interventions.
- 8. Understand the importance of community health nursing in psychiatry.

HRS.	OBJECTIVE	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	METHOD S OF EVALUAT ION
`	students are able to Cognitive: Understand historical development & current trend in mental health nursing. Understand the Act of mental health Psychomotor: Provide comprehensive care to mentally ill clients in various settings.	Mental health Programme. • Bioethics ;- The Mental Healthcare Act 2017, rights of patients with mental illness (PWMI), ethical and legal responsibilities of mental health professionals and the government ,ethics of psychiatric care,	Health and Mental Health Nursing. Evaluation of Mental Health services, treatment and nursing practice. Prevalence and incidence of mental health problems and disorders.	Scope of mental health nursing.	Discussion	•Short answers •Objective type •BAQ •Clinical work
	Affective: Work effectively as a member of mental health team.	Confidentiality and disclosure ,legal issues in psychiatric care, Absconding behaviour in patients with mental illness, disability benefit of persons with mental illness(1hr) • Mental health team. Role and functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice.				

		Concepts of normal and abnormal behavior.				
2	At the end of unit	Principles and Concepts of Mental	• Maladaptive behavior of			Essay type
(5	students are able to:	Health Nursing:	individuals and groups,			•Short
Hrs)	Cognitive::Understand	Definition of Mental Health	stress, crisis and			answers
	and describe definition,	Nursing and terminology used in	disaster(s).			Objective
	terminology,	Mental Health Nursing. ICD	Psychopathology of			type
	psychopathology &	Classification of mental	mental health disorders.			•
	classification of	disorders.				•Clinical
	psychiatric disorders.	 Review of personality 			Explain	Work
	Psychomotor: Identify	development, defence			using	•BAQ
	crisis conditions and deal	mechanism. Review of structures		Conceptual models	Charts.	
	efficiently and	and functions of brain, limbic		and role of nurse:	Lecture	
	effectively in crisis	system and abnormal		Existential Model,	discussion	
	conditions.	neurotransmission. Principles of		Psychoanalytical	Review of	
	Affective: Apply the	mental health nursing.		Model, Behavioral	personality	
	principles of psychiatric	 Standards of mental health 		Model,	developme	
	nursing in clinical	nursing practice.		Interpersonal	nt	
	practice.			Model.	nt.	
3	At the end of unit	Assessment of Mental Health	• Investigations: Related			Essay type
(8Hrs)	students are able to:	Status:	Blood Chemistry, EEG,			•Short
	Cognitive: Understand	 History taking. Mental Status 	CT scan and MRI,		Lecture	answers
	and explain mental status	Examination.	Psychological tests.		Discussion	Objective
	examination.	Mini Mental Status Examination.			Demonstrati	• •
	Psychomotor: Conduct	Mini Mental Status Examination.			on	••BAQ
	mental status	Mini Mental Status Examination.			Practice	
	examination correctly.	Neurological Examination. Role			session	
	Affective: Incorporate	of Nurse.			Clinical	
	this knowledge in				practice	

	clinical practice.	 Interview Skills (2 Hr) Process Recording: Describe nature, purpose and process of Process recording (2Hrs) 				
4	At the end of unit		Review of techniques of			
(6	students are able to:	Therapeutic Communication and	OPR – Johari Window			
Hrs)	Cognitive: Understand	Nurse patient Relationship:	Therapeutic impasse and its			
	the therapeutic	Therapeutic communication:	intervention.			
	communication.	types, techniques and			Lecture	
	Psychomotor:	characteristics. Types of			discussion	
	Communicate	relationship.			Demonstr	
	effectively.	Elements of nurse patient			at	
	Affective: Recognizes	contracts.			ion	
	importance of effective	• Goals, phases, tasks, therapeutic		Ethics and	Role play	
	therapeutic	techniques.		responsibilities.	Process	
	communication.				recording	
5	At the end of unit	Treatment Modalities and	Geriatric considerations.	Relaxation		Essay type
(14	students are able to:	Therapies used in Mental		therapies: Yoga,		
Hrs)	Cognitive: Understand	Disorders:		meditation,		•BAQ
	and explain different	Psycho pharmacology.		biofeedback. 3	Lecture	
	treatment modalities in	 Psychological therapies 		Aroma therapy	Discussion	
	mental health disorders.	Therapeutic community.		(1Hrs)	Demonstrati	
	Know and use	Psychotherapy- Individual:		Unit-VII	on	
	pharmacotherapy	psycho analytical		4. Promoting Self-	Group	
	effectively.	• cognitive and supportive,		EsteemConcept	work.	
	Psychomotor: Observe,	• family, group, behavioral, play,		Components of	Practice	
	report and record actions	psycho drama(Self- (1Hr)	session	
	and adverse actions of	Music, dance, recreational and		The Development	Clinical	
	drugs used in mental			of Self-	practice.	

	health nursing practice. Affective: Appreciate importance and use of AYUSH in mental health nursing practice.	light therapy. Occupational therapy. Physical therapy: Electro convulsive therapy. Alternative system of medicine Role of nurse in above therapies.		Esteem(1Hr) The Manifestations of Low-Self-Esteem (1Hr) Role of The Nurse (1Hr)		
6	At the end of unit	Nursing Management of patient	Geriatric considerations.			Essay type
(5	students are able to:	with Schizophrenia and other	• Follow up, home care			•Short
Hrs)	- C	psychotic disorders:	and rehabilitation.			answers
	and describe	• Classification: ICD Etiology,				•Objective
	Schizophrenia and its	psycho pathophysiology (1HR)				type
	management.	• types, clinical manifestation.				G1: : 1
	Psychomotor: Provide	Nursing Assessment – History,				•Clinical
	comprehensive nursing	physical and mental assessment.			Lecture	Work •BAQ
	care to schizophrenic client.	(1HR)			discussion	•BAQ
	Affective: Motivate	Treatment modalities and pursing management of nations.		Diagnosis of	Case	
	family members for	nursing management of patient with schizophrenia and other		Schizophrenia and	presentati	
	participation in treatment	psychotic disorders. (1HR)		other psychotic	on	
	and rehabilitation of	psychotic disorders. (111K)		disorders. (1 Hr)	Clinical	
	schizophrenic client.			,	practice	
7	At the end of unit	Nursing Management of Patient	• Treatment modalities,		Lecture	Essay type
(5	students are able to:	with Mood Disorders:	Follow up, home care	Geriatric	discussion	•Short
Hrs)	Cognitive::Understand	Mood Disorders: Bipolar	and rehabilitation.	considerations.	Case	answers
	and explain various types	affective disorder, Mania,			discussion	•Objective

II co	Psychomotor: Identify elient with mood disorder and deal effectively with such elient. Affective: Incorporate his knowledge in day to day activities.	Depression and Dysphasia, etc. • Etiology, Psycho pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and diagnosis. • Nursing Assessment- History, physical and mental assessment. Nursing management of patient with mood disorders.			type •Skill assessment with check list •Clinical work
(8 s Hrs) (1 t r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r r	At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand the neurotic, stress related disorders. Psychomotor: Provide comprehensive nursing eare to neurotic and stress related disorders. Affective: Develops considerate affective towards client with neurotic and stress related disorder and his family members.	Nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders: • Anxiety disorders, Phobias, Dissociation and Conversion disorder • Obsessive Compulsive disorder, Somatoform • Disorder, Post traumatic stress disorder. • Etiology, Psycho pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and diagnosis. • Nursing Assessment- History, physical and mental assessment. • Nursing management of patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders.	Follow up, home care	• Treatment modalities.	Essay type •Short answers •Objective type •Skill assessment with check list •Clinical Work •BAQ

9	At the end of unit	Nursing Management of patient	Geriatric			Essay type
(5	students are able to	with Substance use disorders:	considerations.			•Short
Hrs)	Cognitive: Know and	Commonly used psychotropic	Follow up, home care and			answers
	understand the medical	substance: Classification, forms,	rehabilitation.			Objective
	and nursing management	routes, action, intoxication and				type
	of client with substance	withdrawal.				•Clinical
	abuse.	Etiology of dependence:				Work
	Psychomotor: Identify	tolerance, psychological and				•BAQ
	the problems of the client	physical dependence, withdrawal				
	and provide effective	syndrome, diagnosis.				
	nursing care to such	Nursing Assessment- History,				
	clients'	physical and mental assessment				
	Affective: Understand	and drug assay. Nursing			Lecture	
	the importance of team	management of patient with			discussion	
	approach in management	substance use disorders.		Treatment:	Case	
	of substance abuse			(Detoxification	presentatio	
	client.Motivates family			Antabuse and	n	
	members and community			narcotic	Case	
	to participate in			antagonist therapy	discussion	
	management of			and harm		
	substance abuse clients.			reduction) (1 Hr)		
10	At the end of unit	Nursing Management of Patient				•Short
(4	students are able to:	with Personality, Sexual and				answers
Hrs)	Cognitive::Understand	Eating Disorders:				•Objective
	and describe the sexual,	 Classification of disorders. 			Lecture	type
	personality and eating	Etiology, psycho pathology,		• Nice to know:-	discussion	•Skill
	disorders.	characteristics and diagnosis.		Treatment	Case	assessment
		Nursing Assessment- History,		Modalities	discussion	with check
	Psychomotor: Provide	mental and physical assessment				list

	comprehensive care to client with such disorders.	 Nursing management of patient with personality, Sexuality and Eating disorders. Geriatric Considerations 				•Clinical work
(6Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive::Understand and describe the childhood mental health problems. Psychomotor: Provide comprehensive care to children having mental health problems. Affective: Help parents to learn about such children.	Nursing management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency: • Classification, Psycho - pathophysiology, characteristics and diagnosis. • Nursing Assessment- History, physical, nursing management of Childhood disorders including mental deficiency.	Mental and IQ assessment. • Follow up, home care and rehabilitation.	Treatment Modalities.	Lecture discussio n Case discussion Case presentati on Clinical practice	Essay type •Short answers •Objective type •Skill assessment with check list •Clinical work
(6 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe organic brain disorders. Psychomotor: Provide comprehensive nursing care to client having organic brain disorders. Affective: Incorporate this knowledge in	Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders:	 Desirable to know:- Geriatric Considerations. Follow up, home care and rehabilitation. 	Nice to know:- Diagnosis and differential diagnosis (Parkinson's and Alzheimer's).	Lecture discussion Case discussion Care presentati on Clinical practice	•Skill

	nursing practice.					
13	At the end of unit	Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis	• Desirable to know:-			•Short
(6	students are able to:	Interventions:	Stress adaptation			answers
Hrs)	Cognitive: Understand	• Types of psychiatric emergencies	model: Stress and			•Objective
	and discuss psychiatric	and their management.	stressors, coping,			type
	emergencies.	• Principles, techniques of	resources and		Lecture	•Skill
	Psychomotor: Handle	counselling. Types of crisis	mechanism.			assessment
	psychiatric emergencies	• Crisis intervention: Principles,	• Geriatric consideration.			with check
	efficiently.	technique and process.		• Nice to know:-		list
	Affective: Work as	• Role and responsibilities of nurse.		Grief: Theories	Practice	•Clinical
	efficient team member in			of grieving	session	Work
	handling psychiatric			process.	Clinical	•BAQ
	emergencies.				practice	
14	At the end of unit	Legal Issues in Mental Health	• Rights of mentally ill			Essay type
(4	students are able to:	Nursing:	clients.			•Short
Hrs)	Cognitive: Know the	• The Mental Health Act 1987: The				answers
	Mental health laws and	Act, Sections, Articles and their	Forensic psychiatry. Role			•Objective
	follow admission and	implications, etc.	and responsibilities of			type
	discharge procedures.	• Indian Lunacy Act 1912.	nurse. (2 Hrs	Acts related to		
		Admission and Discharge		narcotic and		•Clinical
	Affective: Follow laws	procedures.		psychotropic	Lecture	work
	and contribute in			substances and	discussion	
	controlling illegal drug			illegal drug	Case	
	trafficking.			trafficking.	discussion	

15	At the end of unit	Community Mental Health	• :- Development of	Mental Health		Essay type
(4	students are able to:	Nursing:	community mental	Nursing Issues for:		•Short
Hrs)	Cognitive: Know the	National Mental health	health services. Mental	Children,		answers
	importance of	programme.	Health Agencies:	Adolescence,		Objective
	community mental health	Institutionalization Vs	Government and	women, Elderly,		type
	nursing.	Deinstitutionalization.	voluntary, National and	Victims of violence		•Skill
	Psychomotor: Create	Model of preventive psychiatry:	International. Role of	and abuse,		assessment
	awareness among	Levels of prevention. Mental	nurse.	handicapped, HIV		with check
	individuals and	Health Services- Availability at		and AIDS, etc.		list
	community about	primary, secondary and tertiary		Promoting Self-		•Clinical
	prevention of mental	levels including rehabilitation.		Esteem	Lecture	Work
	health problems.			Concept	discussion	•BAQ
				Components of	Clinical/fi	
	Affective: Contribute			Self. The	eld	
	effectively in mental			Development of	practice	
	health problem			Self-Esteem	Field visits	
	prevention drive.			TheManifestations	to mental	
				of Low-Self-	Health	
				EsteemRole of The	service	
				Nurse	agencies.	

EVALUATION SCHEME: MENTAL HEALTH NURSING

send to university Maximum marks 25 Theory

Midterm 75 Pre-final 75

Total 150

Final Theory Exam:-75 marks

Practical send to university Maximum marks 50

ASSIGNMENT	NUMBER	MARKS
Nursing care plan	2 x25	50
Case presentation	1x 50	50
Case study	1x 50	50
Health teaching	1 x 25	25
History taking	2x20	40
Mental status examination	2 x 20	40
Process recording	2 x 10	20
Observation report of	1x 25	25
Various therapies in psychiatry		
Clinical Evaluation	2 x 100	200
Total marks: - 500	•	

Practical examination

Mid term 100 Prefinal 100

> Total mark 200

500 CLINICAL ASSIGNMENT + 200 PRACTICAL MARKS TOTAL= 700)

Out of 700 send to university:-50 internal practical marks

References

- 1. Gail Wiscars Stuart.Michele T. Laraia. "Principles and practice of psychiatric nursing", 8th edition, , Elseveir, India Pvt.Ltd. New Delhi 2005
- 2. Michael Gelder, Richard Mayou, Philip Cowen, Shorter oxford text book of psychiatry, Oxford medical publication, 4 the ed. 2001.
- 3. M.S. Bhatia, A concised text Book of Psychiatric Nursing, CBS publishers and distributors, Delhi 2nd ed. 1999.
- 4. M.S. Bhatia, Essentials of Psychiatry, CBS publishers and distributors, Delhi
- 5. Mary C Townsend. "Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing". Concept of care, 4th edition. F.A. Davis Co. Philadelphia 2003.
- 6. Bimla Kapoor, Psychiatric nursing, Vol. I & II Kumar publishing house Delhi, 2001
- 7. Niraj Ahuja, A short textbook of pstchiatry, Jaypee brothers, new delhi, 2002.
- 8. The ICD10, Classification of mental and behavioural disorders, WHO, A.I.T.B.S. publishers, Delhi, 2002
- 9. De Souza Alan, De Souza Dhanlaxmi, De Souza A, "National series Child psychiatry" 1st ed, Mumbai, The National Book Depot, 2004 10. Patricia, Kennedy, Ballard, "Psychiatric Nursing Integration of Theory and Practice", USA, Mc Graw Hill 1999.
- 11. Kathernic M. Fort in ash, Psychiatric Nursing Care plans, Mossby Year book. Toronto
- 12. Sheila M. Sparks, Cynthia M. Jalor, Nursing Diagnosis reference manual 5th edition, , Spring house, Corporation Pennsychiram's
- 13.R. Sreevani, A guide to mental health & psychiatric nursing, Jaypee brothers, Medical Publishers (ltd)_, New Delhi 1st edition.
- 14.R. Baby, Psychiatric Nursing N.R. Brothers, Indore, 1st edition 2001.
- 15. Varghese Mary, Essential of psychiatric & mental health nursing,
- 16. Foundations Journals of mental health nursing
- 17. American Journal of Psychiatry
- 18. Deborah Antai Otoing. "Psychiatric Nursing" Biological and behavioral concepts. Thomson. Singapore 2003
- 19. Mary Ann Boyd. "Psychiatric Nursing". Contemporary practice. Lippincott. Williams and Wilkins. Tokyo.

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-34

3rdYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Nursing Research and Statistics

Placement: Third Year Total Hours: Theory – 45 Hours
Practical – 45 Hours

Course description:

The course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics and to enable them to conduct/participate in need based research studies in various settings. Further the students will be able to utilize the research findings to provide quality-nursing care.

Total marks – 100

Specific objectives: At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Define the terms and concepts of nursing research.
- 2. Identify needs and scope of nursing research.
- 3. Define research problems.
- 4. Locate and list sources of literature review including operational definitions and conceptual framework.
- 5. Describe different approaches and research designs in nursing research.
- 6. Describe sample and sampling technique.
- 7. Develop tool for data collection.
- 8. Conduct pilot study to confirm reliability and validity of tool before data collection
- 9. To enumerate steps of data analysis and present data summary
- 10. Use descriptive and co-relational statistics in data analysis.
- 11. Conduct group project and write report.

UNIT NO & TOT AL HRS	OBJECTIV ES	SUBJECT CONTI	ENT WITH DIS HOURS DESIRABL E TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	A/V AIDS	F/S EVALUA TION	METHOD OF EVALUA TION
I (6 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Discuss meaning, purpose, importance and ethical aspect of research in nursing. Psychomotor: Use appropriate terminologies . Affective: Contributes in ongoing research activities while working.	Must know Introduction: Research and research process • Definition, Meaning, Purpose, Importance and need of nursing research (1Hr) • Steps of scientific method, characteristics of research (1Hr) • Steps of Research Process- Overview(1Hr) • ResearchTermi nology(1Hr) Bioethics Informed consent,	-Respect for cultural diversity and pluralism -Vulnerable populations, protection and gender disparity related to Bio ethics (1Hr) -Research ethics and scientific mis conduct benefit and harm (Bio ethics) (1Hr)	_	Lecture Discussion.	Narrat e steps of resear ch proces s follow ed from examp les of publis hed studies	FORMATI VE Project: Maximum marks 50 Assignment: Group project 50 SUMMAT IVE Midterm - 75 Prefinal-75	MCQ BAQ SAQ LAQ

		voluntary					
		participation,					
		confidentiality of					
		data , right to					
		equal participation					
		, patients rights ,					
		mutual respect,					
		patient protection					
		,bio centrism,					
		identification of the					
		population , norms					
		for conduct ,ethical					
		disputes, evidence					
		based practice					
		,plagiarism					
		,accountability to					
		the society,					
		human subject					
		protection and					
		animal care ,moral					
		and social					
		values.(2hr)				20111	1.000
	At the end of	Research problem	-	-Problem	Lecture	POW	MCQ
	unit students	question	Identification	solving.(1	Discussion.	ER	BAQ
	are able to:	Problem/ question	of problem	Hr)	Exercise on	POIN	SAQ
***	Cognitive:	Problem Statement,	area and		writing	T	LAQ
II	Discuss the	Stating objectives	scope of		statement of		
(3	Problem	of the research	nursing		problem and		
Hrs)	Statement,	problem(1Hr)	research		objectives		
	objectives of		(1Hr)		Each		
	the research				student		
	problem &				selects a		
	Scope of				research		

	nursing				problem		
	research				F		
	Psychomotor						
	: Use the						
	problem						
	solving						
	approach in						
	nursing						
	practice.						
	Affective:						
	Develops						
	positive						
	attitude						
	towards use						
	of scientific						
	approach in						
	nursing						
	practice.						
	At the end of	Must know Review of	• Identificat	_	Lecture	Power	MCQ
	unit students	Literature,	ion of		Discussion	Point	BAQ
	are able to:	Review of	publicatio		Exercise on		SAQ
	Cognitive:	Literature,	n (1Hr)		reviewing		LAQ
	Elaborate the	Steps and			one		
	uses of	writing the			research		
III	Review of	Review of			report/		
(3Hrs	Literature in	Literature			article for a		
)	nursing	(1Hrs)			selected		
	research.	Keeping record			research Problem.		
	Psychomotor : Find and	and writing of					
	read	Bibliography			Prepare annotated		
		(1Hrs)					
	appropriate literature for				bibliograph y (5)		
	incrature for				y (3)		

V (7Hrs	research. Affective: Does the research work in which contributes in writing Review of Literature At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the methods of data presentation. Psychomotor: Present research data effectively. Affective: Develop research Affective for improving the quality of nursing care.	Must know • Sampling and Data Collection: Definition of Population, sample, sampling criteria (1Hr) Factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques. (1Hr) • Data collection Methods (1Hrs) • Validity and reliability and Pilot study. (1Hr)	• Preparatio n of data collection tools/instruments. (2Hrs)	• Types of tools/instruments. (1Hrs)	· Lecture, discussion · Practice of preparations of tool in respect to the selected research problem · Practice of Calculations of sample Size	POW ER POIN T	MCQ BAQ SAQ LAQ
VI	At the end of	Must know Introduction	• Inferential	Statistica	• Lecture,	POW	MCQ

(15 Hrs)	unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain importance of communicati ng research findings. Psychomotor: Communicate research findings effectively. Affective: Conduct research studies and/or	to statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales ofmeasurement (2Hrs) Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data(2Hrs) Mean, Median, mode, standard deviation (3Hrs) Normal probability and test of significance(2H	statistics and types. (3Hrs) • Coefficie nt of correlatio n(1Hrs)	l packages and its applicati on (2Hrs)	discussio n Practice on graphical presentation s Mathem atical Calculation s Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability	ER POIN T	BAQ SAQ LAQ
VII (4 Hrs)	contribute effectively in other's research studies. At the end of unit students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain importance of compilation and	Analysis of Data Compilation of Data, Tabulation of Data(1Hr) Classification, summarization of Data(1Hr)	• presentati on of Data(1Hr)	• interpreta tion of Data(1Hr)	& correlation Lecture, discussion Practice on compilation, Tabulation Practice on interpretation of Data	POW ER POIN T	MCQ BAQ SAQ LAQ

	tabulations of						
	data						
	Psychomotor						
	:						
	Communicate						
	research						
	findings						
	effectively.						
	Affective:						
	Conduct						
	research						
	studies and/or						
	contribute						
	effectively in						
	other's						
	research						
	studies.						
	At the end of	Communicatio	• Writing	 Critical 	Lecture,	POW	MCQ
	unit students	n utilization of	scientific	review of	discussion	ER	BAQ
	are able to	research	article/pap	published	· Practice on	POIN	SAQ
	Cognitive:	 Communication 	er	research.	Writing	T	LAQ
	Understand	of research	Writing	(1Hrs)	Research		
	and explain	findings. (1Hrs)	scientific		Report		
VIII	importance of	 Verbal report. 	article/pa		· Practice on		
(4	communicati	• Writing	per		Writing		
Hrs)	ng research	Research	(1Hrs)		scientific		
	findings.	Report and			article/paper		
	Psychomotor	Utilization of					
	:	research					
	Communicate	findings					
	research	(1Hrs)					
	findings						
	effectively.						

Affective:				
Conduct				
research				
studies and/or				
contribute				
effectively in				
other's				
research				
studies.				

EVALUATION SCHEME: NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Formative And Summative Evaluation:								
Internal Assessment: (Theory Exams) Maximum Marks: 25marks.								
Midterm Examination 75marks								
Pre Final Examination	75 Marks							
Total 150 Marks.								
(150 Marks To Be Conver	rted In To 15 Marks For	or Internal Assessment (Theory)).						
Group Project	100marks							
(100 Marks To Be Conver	ted In To 10 Marks For	r Internal Assessment)						
External Assessment: (Theory) -University Examination: 75 Marks								

Midterm 75	Prefinal 75	University Examination
MCQ-1X15=15MARKS	MCQ-1X15=15MARKS	MCQ-1X15=15MARKS
LAQ-1X10=10MARKS	LAQ-1X10=10MARKS	GEOTION C 10V2 20M A DVC
LAQ-1X10=10MARKS	LAQ-1X10=10MARKS	SECTION C-10X2=20MARKS
BAQ-2X10=20MARKS	BAQ-2X10=20MARKS	SECTION B-2X10=20MARKS
SAQ4X5=20MARKS	SAQ4X5=20MARKS	SECTION B-4X5=20MARKS

REFERENCES

- 1. Polit, Denise F. & Hungler., Benadelte. P., Essentials of Research., 8th J. B. Lippiricoti company, Philadelphia, 2002.
- 2. Sundar Rao. P. S. S. jesudian G. Richard J An introduction to Biostatistics, 2nd Edition, 1989, Christian Medical College, Vellore.
- 3. Chirs Metzer Mcquiston. Adele A. Webb, Foundations of Nursing Theory, Sage Publication, London. 1995.
- 4. B.T. Basavanthappa Nursing Research, Jaypee Brother Publication, New Delhi, 1st Edition, 1998.
- 5. R. Kothari. Research Methodology", Wishwa Prakashan Publication, New Delhi. 2nd Edition, 1990.
- 6. Ruby L. Weslye, "Nursing Theories Models", Spring House Publication Pennsylvania, 2nd Edition, 1995

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-41

Subject: Community Health Nursing – II

Placement: Fourth YearTime: Theory – 90 hours

Practical – 135 hours

Course description

This course is designed for students to practice community health nursing for the individual, family and groups at both urban and rural setting by using concept and principles of health and community health nursing

Specific objectives: At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the concepts, scope, principles and historical development of community health and community health nursing.
- 2. Appreciate the national health planning, polices, problems.
- 3. Describe the system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban area.
- 4. Develop understanding about community health nursing approaches, concepts and roles and responsibilities of nursing personnel.
- 5. Participate in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health.
- 6. Appreciate the national health and family welfare programme and the role of the nurse.
- 7. Understand the health agencies at the international and national level.

UNIT NO. & TOTAL HRS.	OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	MUST KNOW (60%) 54 HRS	DESIRE TO KNOW (30%) 27 HRS	NICE TO KNOW (10%) 9 HRS	T/L METH OD	METHO D OF EVALUA TION
UNIT-I 4hrs.	At the end of unit student are able to Cognitive: Define Community Health and community health Nursing. Explain concepts, scope & principles of CHN. Describe historical development of Community Health and community health Nursing. Psychomotor: Practice community health Nursing in different setting. Affective: differentiatesPre & Post independence health status & concept of health.	Introduction Definition, concept & scope of Community Health and Community Health Nursing • Historical development of Community health, Community health, Community health Nursing Pre-independence - Post-independence Professional responsibility in community health careClient's rights- CPA (1 Hr) Ethical principles Application of ethics in Community health practice Govt & legal influence on community health nursing practice Law in community health nursing practice	responsibility in community health care (1 Hr) Client's rights-CPA (1 Hr) Ethical principles Application of ethics in Community health practice Govt & legal influence on community health nursing practice Law in community health nursing	Historical development of Community health, Community health Nursing Pre-independence - Post-independence (1 Hr) TOTAL-1		Lectures & Discussi on • films and slides • Semina rs • Clinical practice	Essay type •Short answers • Objective type

			, public health ethics ,			
			nurse patient			
			relationship, clinical			
			ethics, benefit and			
			harm, justice and			
			health resource			
			allocation			
			accessibility to health			
			care ,national health			
			programmes,			
			research ethics,			
			sensitivity to socio-			
			economic status			
			stigma and			
			discrimination, focus			
			on vulnerable groups			
			family and community			
			, implementing health			
			policies .(2hr)			
Unit II	At the end of unit	Health planning and	, ,	Women &	Various	Lectures
	student are able to	policies and problems	National health	Child Welfare	committees	&
6hrs		National health planning	planning in India -		and	Discussi
	Cognitive :	in India- Five Year	five year plans(1 Hr)	(1 Hr)	commission	on
		Plans, Various		Rural health	s on health	• Chart s
	Describe health	committees and		mission	and family	,
	plans, policies,	commissions on health	Central council for	(1 hrs)	welfare	graphs
	various health	and family welfare	health and family			models,
	committees and	Central council for	welfare (CCH and	TOTAL-2	(1Hr)	films
	health problems in	health and family	FW) (1 Hr)			and
	India	welfare (CCH and FW)	National health		TOTAL-1	slides
	Psychomotor:		policies (1983, 2002)			•
	Identify the	National health policies	 National population 			seminar
	changing pattern in	(1983, 2002)	policy			•Clinical

	health problems	National population	• Health problems in			practice	
	Affective:	policy	India(1 hrs)				
	participates in	Rural health mission	, ,				
	implementing	Health problems in India	TOTAL-3				
	health plans, policies		TOTAL-3				
	effectively.						
Unit-III	At the end of unit	Delivery of community	Rural: Organization,	National health		Lectures	• Essay
	student are able to	health services	staffing and functions	programmes,	Planning,	&	type
15hr		Planning, budgeting and	of rural health services	 School health 	budgeting	Discussi	•Short
	Cognitive:	material management of	provided by	services	and material	on	answers
	understands&	SCs , PHC and, CHC	government at:	 Occupational 	managemen	• Chart s	•
	Describe health care	Rural: Organization,	• Village	health	t of SCs,	,	Objective
	delivery system of	staffing and functions of	• Sub centre	• Defences	PHC and,	graphs	type
	India.	rural health services	• Primary health centre	services	CHC.	models,	Skill
	List the functions of	provided by government	 Community health 	•Institutional	(2 hrs)	films	assessmen
	various levels and	at:	center / sub divisional	services		and	t
	their staffing pattern	Village, Sub centre,	Hospitals, District,	(2 hrs)	TOTAL-2	slides	with
	Describe the chain	Primary health centre	State, Center (2hrs)			•	check list
	of referral system	Community health	Urban: Organization,	Systems of		seminar	
		center / sub divisional	staffing and functions	medicine and		•Clinical	
	Psychomotor:	Hospitals, District,	of urban health	health care		practice	
		State, Center	services provided by	 Allopathy 		• deba	
	Contributes in	• Urban: Organization,	government at: Slums,	Indian System		te	
	improving health	staffing and functions of	Dispensaries	of Medicine and		prob	
	status of	urban health services	Maternal and child	Homeopathy		lem	
	thecommunity.	provided by government	health centers	Alternative		base	
		at:	Special Clinics	health care		d	
	Affective:	Slums, Dispensaries	Hospitals Corporation	systems like		learn	
	appreciates the	Maternal and child	/ Municipality / Board	yoga,		ing	
	utility & acceptance	health centers, Special	(2 hrs)	meditation,			
	ofAlternative health	Clinics, Hospitals		social and			
	care systems of	Corporation /	Components of health	spiritual			
	medicine.	Municipality / Board	services	healing etc			

		Components of health		(2 hrs)			
		services	• Environmental	(/			
		Environmental	sanitation	TOTAL-4			
		sanitation,	Health education	101112			
		Health education,	• Vital statistics				
		Vital statistics	(2 hrs)				
		M.C.Hantenatal, natal,	(2 ms)				
		postnatal, MTP Act,	• M.C.Hantenatal,				
		female feticide act, child	natal, postnatal, MTP				
		adoption act, Family	Act, female feticide				
		Welfare	act, child adoption act				
		National health	Family Welfare				
		programmes	(2 hrs)				
		School health services					
		Occupational health	•Referral system				
		Defense services	(1 hrs)				
		Institutional services					
		Systems of medicine					
		and health care					
		Allopathy	TOTAL-9				
		Indian System of					
		Medicine and					
		Homeopathy,					
		Alternative health care					
		systems like yoga,					
		meditation, social and					
		spiritual healing etc					
		Referral system					
Unit-IV	At the end of unit	Community health	Approaches	National Health		Lectures	• Essay
	student are able to	nursing approaches,	• Nursing theories And	Programmes:	Training	&	type
25		concepts and roles and	Nursing process		and	Discussi	•Short
Hrs.	Cognitive :	responsibilities of	 Epidemiological 	Environmental	supervision	on	answers
	Describe	nursing personnel	approach (1 hrs)	sanitation	of various	• Chart s	•

		1			1	
Community health	 Approaches 	 Problem solving 	Environmental	categories	,	Objective
Nursing approaches	 Nursing theories And 	approach	Ethics. Bio	of health	graphs	type
and concepts	Nursing process	 Evidence based 	Sphere & Bio	workers	models,	Skill
Describe the roles	 Epidemiological 	approach (1 hrs)	Safety Moral	(1hrs)	films	assessmen
and responsibilities	approach	• Empowering people	development &	Organizatio	and	t
of Community	 Problem solving 	to care for themselves	moral theory	n of clinics,	slides	with
health nursing	approach	(1 hrs)	Role of	camps:	•	check list
personnel	 Evidence based 	• Concepts of Primary	Information	Types,	seminar	Clinical
	approach	Health Care:	Technology In	Preparation,	•Clinical	work
Psychomotor:	• Empowering people to	• Equitable	Environment &	planning,	practice	Assessme
Planning &	care for themselves	distribution	Human Health.	conduct and	• deba	nt
organizing in-service	 Concepts of Primary 	• Community	(2 hrs)	evaluation	te	
education	Health Care:	participation	Mahatma Phule	(1hrs)	problem	
programme for	 Equitable distribution 	 Focus on prevention 	Jeevendai		based	
personnel in health	Community	 Use of appropriate 	Yojana,		learning	
care system.	participation	technology	(1hrs)		, group	
Affective:	 Focus on prevention 	 Multi-sectoral 	.Pradhanmantri	TOTAL-2	discussi	
Apply principles of	 Use of appropriate 	approach (1hrs)	SurakskhitMatrr		on	
adult learning	technology	 Roles and 	av Vandan		Demons	
addit learning	Multi-sectoral	responsibilities of	Yojana,		tration	
inplanning &	approach	Community health	Adolescent		•Practice	
implementing in-	Roles and	nursing personnel in	Empowerment		sessions	
implementing in-	responsibilities of	 Family health 	Programme		Health	
service education	Community health	services (1 hrs)	such as Balika		Educatio	
programme.	nursing personnel in	 Information 	Shatkti Yojana,		n	
programme.	• Family health services	Education	etc.		Supervis	
	 Information Education 	Communication (IEC)			ed	
	Communication (IEC)	(1 hrs)	(2hrs)		clinical	
	Management				practice	
	Information System	 Management 				
	(Mis): Maintenance of	Information System	5.Adolescents			
	Records & reports	(Mis): Maintenance of	reproductive			
	 Training and 	Records & reports	sexual health			

	(41	T T	
supervision of .	(1hrs)	programme	
various categorie	± '	(ARSH),	
health workers	Principles, Process,	(2 hrs)	
National Health	1		
Programmes	technique home visit.		
• Environmental	(1 hrs)	6.	
sanitation		Pradhanmantri	
Environmental E	thics. Qualities of	Ayushman	
Bio Sphere & Bio	Community Health	Yojana, (1 hrs)	
Safety Moral	Nurse		
development & n	noral (1 hrs)		
theory	Maternal and child		
Role of Informati	on health and Family		
Technology In	welfare (1 hrs)		
Environment & F	` · · · ·	TOTAL-8	
Health.	Treatment of Minor		
3 Mahatma Phule	ailments (1 hrs)		
Jeevendai Yojana	` ,		
4.Pradhanmantri	School Health		
Surakskhit	Services (1 hrs)		
Matrrav Vandan Y	Yojana,		
5.Adolescents	Occupational Health		
reproductive sexu	-		
health programme	` ,		
(ARSH),	the center, clinics etc.		
Adolescent	(1hrs)		
Empowermen	t Joh Description of		
Programme su Balika Shatkt	ich as		
Yojana, etc.	nursing personnel		
6. Pradhanmantri	U 1		
Ayushman Yojan	\ ""		
Adolescent			
Empowermen			
Programme su	ich as		

Balika Shatkti
Yojana, etc.
Maternal and child
health and Family
welfare
• Treatment of Minor
ailments
School Health Services
Occupational Health
Organization of
clinics, camps: Types,
Preparation, planning,
conduct and evaluation
Waste management in
the center, clinics etc.
Home visit: Concept,
Principles, Process,
Techniques: Bag
technique home visit.
Qualities of Community
Health Nurse
Job Description of
Community health
nursing personnel

Unit-V	At the end of unit	Assisting individuals	Empowerment for self	Sensitize and	Utilize	Lectures	• Essay
	student are able to	and groups to promote	care of individuals,	handle social	community	&	type
.5		and maintain their health	families and groups in	issues affecting	resources	Discussi	•Short
Irs.	Cognitive :	Empowerment for self		health and	for self and	on	answers
	-assess & interpret	care of individuals,	Assessment of self and	development for	family	• Chart s	•
	health status of	families and groups in	family	self and family	Trauma	,	Objective
	individuals, family	A. Assessment of self	Monitoring growth	• Women	services	graphs	type
	& community.	and family	and development	Empowerment	• Old age	models,	Skill
		• Monitoring growth and	Mile stones	Value	homes	films	assessmen
	Psychomotor:	development	Weight measurement	Education(1hrs)	Orphanage	and	t
	-organize & provide	Mile stones	Social development	Women and	• Homes for	slides	with
	need based health	Weight measurement	(1hrs)	child abuse	physically	•	check list
	services	Social development	Temperature and	 Abuse of 	and	seminar	Clinical
	Affective:	Temperature and	Blood pressure	elders	mentally	•Clinical	work
	appreciate the	Blood pressure	monitoring (1hrs)	Substance abuse	challenged	practice	Assessme
	activities of	monitoring	Menstrual cycle,	1hrs)	individuals	• deba	nt
	community health	Menstrual cycle	(1hrs)	• Female	 Homes for 	te	
	nurse in assisting	• Breast self	Breast self	Foeticide	destitute	problem	
	individuals and	examination and	examination and	• Commercial		based	
	groups to promote	testicles	testicles, Warning	sex	(2 hrs)	learning	
	and maintain their	• Warning Signs of	Signs of various	workers(1hr)		, group	
	health	various diseases	diseases (1hrs)	• Food		discussi	
		• Tests : Urine for sugar	Tests: Urine for sugar	adulteration		on	
		and albumin, blood	and albumin, blood	(1hrs)	TOTAL-2	Demons	
		sugar	sugar (1hrs)	TOTAL-4		tration	
		B. Seek health services	Seek health services			•Practice	
		for	for			sessions	
		• Routine checkup	Routine checkup			Health	
		• Immunization	• Immunization			Educatio	
		• Counseling	• Counseling			n	
		• Diagnosis	• Diagnosis			Supervis	
		• Treatment	• Treatment			ed	
		• Follow up	• Follow up (1hrs)			clinical	

C. Value Education D. Maintenance of	Maintenance of health records for self and	p	oractice	
health records for self	family			
and family	Continue medical care			
D. Continue medical	and follow up in			
care and follow up in	1			
community for various	community for various diseases and			
diseases and disabilities	disabilities (1hrs)			
	disabilities (Tills)			
E. Carryout therapeutic procedures as	Carryout therapeutic			
procedures as prescribed! required for	procedures as			
self and family	prescribed! required			
F. Waste Management	for self and family			
Waste Wanagement Collection and	Waste Management			
disposable of waste at	• Collection and			
home and community	disposable of waste at			
G. Disaster	home and community			
Management: floods,	(1hrs)			
C v	` '			
earth quakes cyclone & landslide.	Disaster Management: floods, earth quakes			
H. Sensitize and handle	cyclone & landslide.			
	· ·			
social issues affecting health and development	(1hrs)			
for self and family				
Women EmpowermentWomen and child				
abuse • Abuse of elders				
• Female Foeticide				
• Commercial sex				
workers				
• Food adulteration				
Substance abuse				

		I. Utilize community resources for self and family Trauma services • Old age homes • Orphanage • Homes for physically and mentally challenged individuals • Homes for destitute					
UNIT-	At the end of unit student are able to	National Health & Family Welfare	National ARI Programme	National Anti- Malaria	Yaws eradication	Lectures &	• Essay
VI 20	student are able to	Programmes and the	Revised National	Programme	programme	Discussi	type •Short
V1 20	Cognitive :	Role of Nurse	Tuberculosis Control	National Filaria	(1hrs)	on	answers
hrs.	Discuss	National ARI	Programme (RNTCP)	control	(=====)	• Chart s	•
	National Health and	Programme	(1hrs)	Programme	National	,	Objective
	Family Welfare	Revised National	National AIDS	(1hrs)	Guinea	graphs	type
	Programmes and	Tuberculosis Control	Control Programme	Iodine	worm	models,	Clinical
	Role of Nurse	Programme (RNTCP)	STD Control	Deficiency	eradication	films	work
		National Anti-Malaria	Programme (1hrs)	Disorder	Programme	and	Assessme
	Psychomotor:	Programme	National Programme	Programme	(1hrs)	slides	nt
	Motivate health	National Filaria control	for Control of	(1hrs)		•	
	team members to	Programme	Blindness (1hrs)	National		seminar	
	achieve the targets	National Guinea worm	Expanded Programme	Diabetics		group	
		eradication Programme	on Immunization	Control		discussi	
	Affective:	National Leprosy	(1hrs)	Programme		on	
	appreciates the	Eradication Programme	Minimum need	(1hrs)			
	importance of	National AIDS Control	programme (1hrs)	Polio			
	effective	Programme	National Leprosy	Eradication:			
	contribution of	STD Control	Eradication	Pulse Polio			
	community health	Programme	Programme (1hrs)	Programme			

nurca	in achieving	National Programme for	National Family	(1hrs)		
	nal health	Control of Blindness	Welfare Programme	National Cancer		
goals.		Iodine Deficiency	– RCH Programme	Control		
goals.	•	Disorder Programme	Historical	Programme		
		Expanded Programme	Development,	(1hrs)		
		on Immunization	* '	(11118)		
			Organization,			
		National Family	Administration,			
		Welfare Programme –	Research, Constraints			
		RCH Programme	(1hrs)			
		Historical Development,	National Water Supply			
		Organization,	& Sanitation			
		Administration,	Programme (1hrs)			
		Research, Constraints.				
		National Water Supply	National Nutritional			
		& Sanitation	Anemia Prophylaxis			
		Programme	Programme (1hrs)			
		Minimum need	_			
		programme	20 Point Programme			
		National Diabetics	(1hrs)			
		Control Programme	ICDS Programme			
		Polio Eradication: Pulse	Mid-day Meal Applied			
		Polio Programme	Nutritional			
		National Cancer Control	Programme (1hrs)			
		Programme	National Mental			
		Yaws eradication	Health Programme			
		programme	(1hrs)			
		National Nutritional	(11113)			
		Anemia Prophylaxis				
		Programme				
		20 Point Programme				
		ICDS Programme				
		Mid-day Meal Applied				
		Nutritional Programme				

		National Mental Health				
		Programme				
		Health Schemes				
		-ESI ,CGHS				
		-Health Insurance				
	At the end of unit	Health Agencies	WHO, UNFPA,	DANIDA,	Lectures	Essay type
	student are able to	International	UNDP,	European	&	•Short
Unit-VII	Cognitive :	- WHO, UNFPA,	World Bank,	Commission	Discussi	answers
	-Enlist the various	UNDP, World Bank,	UNICEF, Red cross,	(EC),	on	•
5 hrs.	national and	FAQ, UNICEF,	ILO, CARE etc.	FAO,	• Chart s	Objective
	International health	DANIDA, European	(1hrs)	Central Social	,	type
	Agencies & their	Commission (BC), Red	National - Indian Red	Welfare Board	graphs	
	roles & functions.	cross, USAID,	Cross, Indian Council	(1hrs)	models,	
	Psychomotor:	UNESCO, Colombo	for child welfare,	USAID,	films	
	- Utilizes assistance	Plan, ILO, CARE etc.	Family Planning	UNESCO,	and	
	of national &	National - Indian Red	Association of India	Colombo Plan	slides	
	international health	Cross, Indian Council	(FPAI),	(1hrs)	•	
	agencies in	for child welfare,	(1hrs)		seminar	
	improving health	Family Planning	Tuberculosis		group	
	status of the	Association of India	Association India,		discussi	
	community.	(FPAI), Tuberculosis	Hindu Kusht Nivaran		on	
	Affective:	Association India,	Sangh,			
	seeks assistance of	Hindu Kusht Nivaran	Central Social Welfare			
	national &	Sangh, Central Social	Board,			
	international health	Welfare Board, All	All India women's			
	agencies whenever	India women's	conference,			
	needed.	conference, Blind	Blind Association of			
		Association of India etc.	India etc.(1 hr)			

EVALUATION SCHEME: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING – II

C. Theory

SN	Examination	Marks(maximu	Total theory marks sent to University
		m)	[A]
1.	Midterm examination	75	
2.	Pre-final examination	75	
	TOTAL	150	15

D. ASSIGNMENT

Sr. No.	Assignment	Marks (maximum)	Total theory marks sent to University [B]
1.	Seminar	50	
	TOTAL	50	10

Internal assessment marks sent to University =	A + B	=	15 +10	=	25	
--	-------	---	--------	---	----	--

A. Practical

Sr.No.	Activity	Marks	Total marks	Total practical marks sent to University [A]
1.	Family care study – 1	50	50	
2.	Health Teaching: 1	100	100	
3.	Procedure evaluation	50	50	
4.	Family Folders	5X10	50	
5.	Clinical Evaluation Community health Nursing Practice-	2X100	200	
			TOTAL450)

Sr.No.	Examination	Marks	Total marks	Total practical marks sent to University [B]
1.	Viva voce	25	25	
2.	Midterm	50	50	
3.	Prefinal	50	50	
			TOTAL	125

B. Practical examination

ĺ	
	Internal assessment marks sent to University = $A + B = 450 + 125 = 50$

Student References:

- 1. Jayawanti, TNAI Nursing Manual, TNAI publication
- 2. K.Park, 'Text Book Of Preventive & Social Medicine'
- 3. K.Park, Essentials Of Community Health Nursing,
- 4. Rao Kasturi, 'An Introduction To Community Health Nursing', I publications.
- 5. Freeman Ruth, 'Community Health Nursing Practice'
- 6. Stanthope Lancaster, 'Community Health Nursing Process & Practice', Popular publication.
- 7. Basvantappa B.T, 'Community Health Nursing'

Bibliography

- 1) Anderson, 'Community as Partner, Theory & Practice'.
- 2) Allender, 'Community Health Nursing' B.I. Publications

- 3) Harpson, 'Hand Book of Community Health Nursing'
- 4) Shastr, 'Preventive & Social Medicine', National Publications
- 5) Sathe, 'Epidemiology & management of Health Care', Popular Publications
- 6) Vasundhara & Basvantappa, 'Community Health Nursing', Jaypee Publication
- 7) Mc. Evens M. 'Community based Nursing', Sanmdess publication
- 8) Kulkarni & Baride, 'Text Book of Community medicine', Vora Publications.
- 9) Cookfair Joan, 'Nursing Care in Community', Moby Publications
- 10) Maxey Public, 'Health & Preventive Medicine', Applin Colage Publications
- 11) Lippincotts, 'Community Health Nursing', Lrppincotts Publications
- 12) K.Park, 'Text Book of Preventive & Social Medicine'
- 13) Saunder, 'Essentials of Community based Nursing', Jones & Balet Publications
- 14) Mahajan Gupta, 'Textbook of Preventive & Social Medicine', Jaypee Publications
- 15) Walton, 'Community Concepts & Practice', Scuzt Foresmen Publications
- 16) Ghai Gupta, 'Essential Preventive Medicine', Vikas Publications
- 17) Babu Sheshu, 'Review in Community Medicine', Paras Publication
- 18) Lancaster, 'Community Health Nursing Process and Practice for Promoting Health', Morby Publications
- 19) Bhalerao, 'Synopsis in Preventive & Social Medicine', National Publications
- 20) Fromer Margareg, 'Community Health care & the Nursing Process', CV Mosby & Company Publications
- 21) Clarke, 'Preventive & Community Medicine', Boston Little Brown Company

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: 4101-42

4thYear Basic BSc Nursing

Subject: Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing

Placement: Fourth Year Time: Theory-90 Hours

Practical-180 Hours

Course Description:

This course is designed for students to appreciate the concepts and principles of Midwifery and obstetrical nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering nursing care to normal and high risk pregnant woman during antenatal, natal and post natal periods in hospitals and community settings. It also helps to develop skills in managing normal and high-risk neonates and participate in family welfare programme.

Specific objectives: At the end of the course student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the normal pregnancy, labour and peurperium and demonstrate the application of knowledge and skill in giving need –based care.
- 2. Demonstrate safe management of all stages of labour.
- 3. Identify the high risk factor during pregnancy, labour and peurperium as well as neonates and take appropriate interventions.
- 4. Motivate the mother for care of the baby and adapting family planning methods to maintain small family norms.
- 5. Prepare the mothers for self care during the pregnancy, labour and peurperium.

UNIT		CONTENTS WIT	TH DISTRIBUTED HOU	RS		METH
NO. & TOT AL HRS.	OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD S	ODS OF EVALU ATION
Unit I (3 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe regarding trends in midwifery & obstetric nursing. Know the legal and ethical aspects. Psychomotor: Educate the couple regarding preparation of parenthood. Affective: Discuss expanded role of midwife in Maternity and obstetric nursing practice.	Introduction to Midwifery and Obstetrical Nursing: • Trends in midwifery and obstetrical nursing. Role of nurse in midwifery and obstetrical care. Maternal morbidity, mortality and fertility rates. Perinatal morbidity and mortality rates. Pre conception care and preparing for parenthood (1 Hr)	• Introduction to concepts of midwifery and obstetrical nursing. National policy and legislation in relation to maternal health and welfare.(1Hr)	• Historical perspectives and current trends. Legal and ethical aspects (1 Hr)	* Lecture discussion	MCQ BAQ SAQ
Unit II (8 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and explain the anatomy of female reproductive system and explain fertilization, fetal growth and development. Affective: Explain the features of female pelvis and examine the placenta correctly.	Review of Anatomy and Physiology of Female Reproductive System and Fetal Development: • Female pelvis: General description of the bones, joints. Ligaments, planes of pelvis, diameters of the true pelvis, (1Hr) • important landmarks, variations in the pelvis		Review of Genetics.(1 Hr)		MCQ BAQ SAQ LAQ

	Psychomotor: Recognize	shape.(1 Hr) • Female organs of			
	placenta, liquramni and umbilical	reproduction: External			
	cord.	genetalia, internal genital			
		organs and their anatomical			
		relations, musculature,			
		blood supply, nerve supply			
		lymphatics, pelvic cellular			
		tissue, pelvic peritonium. (
		1Hr)			
		• Physiology of menstrual			
		cycle. (1 Hrs)			
		• Human sexuality. Foetal			
		development: Conception,			
		Review of fertilization,			
		implantation (embedding of			
		the ovum), (1Hr)			
		• development of the embryo			
		and plancenta at term,			
		functions, abnormalities, the foetal sac, (1Hr)			
		the foetal sac, (1Hr) amnotic fluid, the umbilical			
		cord, foetal circulation,			
		foetal skull, bones, sutures			
		and measurements. (1Hr)			
III	At the end of unit students are	Must know	• Adjustment to	Nice to	
(7	able to:	Assessment and Management	pregnancy, unwed	Know	
Hrs)	Cognitive: Understand and	of Pregnancy: (Antenatal)	• mothers, single	Adoption.	
	describe physiological changes	• Normal pregnancy.	parents, Teenage	_	
	during pregnancy and diagnose	Physiological changes	pregnancy, Sexual		
	the pregnancy. Know the	during pregnancy:	violence.(1Hr)		
	adaptation procedure.	Reproductive system,			
	Psychomotor: Demonstrate	Cardio vascular system.(1			

mechanism of labour. Identify	Hr),	
physiological changes during	• Respiratory system,	
pregnancy and detect minor	Urinary system, Gastro	
disorders of pregnancy and	Intestinal system, metabolic	
provide appropriate care.	system, skeletal system,	
Affective: Perform antenatal	Skin changes, Endocrine	
assessment of pregnant women	system, Psychological	
and fetus.	changes, Discomforts of	
Provide nursing care to unwed,	pregnancy.(1 Hr)	
teenage mothers and child	• Diagnosis of pregnancy:	
teenage mothers and emid		
	diagnosis, confirmatory	
	tests.(1 Hr)	
	Antenatal Care: Objectives.	
	Assessment: History and	
	physical examination,	
	Antenatal examination,	
	signs of previous child	
	birth, relationship of fetus	
	to uterus and pelvis, lie,	
	Affective, presentation,	
	position, per vaginal	
	examination.(1 Hr)	
	• History and physical	
	examination	
	Antenatal Preparation:	
	Antenatal Counseling,	
	Antenatal Exercises, Diet,	
	Substance abuse, Education	
	for child birth, Husband	
	and family, preparation for	
	safe confinement,	
	prevention from	

117		radiation.(1 Hr) • Psychosocial and cultural aspect of pregnancy(1Hr) •			
IV (13 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and analyze partograph. Describe the stages of labour and manage the labour. Psychomotor: Record partograph. Identify and differentiate stages of labour and manage the labour effectively. Assess the new born and perform new born resuscitation. Affective: Implement and utilize partograph labour process.	Assessment and Management of Intra natal Period: • Physiology and Mechanism of labour.(1 Hr) Management of Labour: • First Stage: Signs of onset of labour: normal and abnormal Duration (1 Hr) • Preparation of labour room, women(1 Hr) • Assessment and observation of women in labour. (1 Hr) • Partogram- maternal and fetal monitoring. Active management of labour. (1 Hr) • Pain relief and comfort in labour shifted from DK to MK • Non pharmacological pain relief methods: • Birthing ball • Patterned breathing • Movement and position	Hypo birthing Aromatherapy Acupuncture(These topics were added In DK) Output DK Output D	Water birth (with fourth stage of labour) The role water of in facilitating normal birth Benefits of labour and birth in water Water birth risks (1Hr) These topics were added in NK	
		changesSuperficial heat and cold			

Counter pressure
Touch and massage
Aroma therapy
Focus and distraction
Audio analgesia
Various positions for birth
• Acupressure(1Hr)These
topics were added in
MKSecond Stage: Signs
and symptoms- normal and
abnormal Duration.
Conduct of delivery:
principles and techniques.
.(1 Hr)
• Episiotomy: Definition,
Indications, types,
procedure and after care.(1
Hr)
Receiving the new born:
Neonatal resuscitation-
Initial steps and subsequent
resuscitation. Care of
umbilical cord. Immediate
assessment including
screening for congenital
abnormalities.
Identification, bonding,
initiates feeding, screening
and transporting new born.
(1 Hr)
• Third stage: Signs and
symptoms- normal and
abnormal, Duration. (1Hr)

	Placental expulsion- Management- principles and methods. Examination of placenta. Examination of perineum. Maintaining record and reports (1Hr) Fourth stage.(1Hr)		
V (5 able to: Hrs) Cognitive: Underse discuss the physical puerperium and its management of the province of th	of Women during Post Natal Period: Normal puerperium- physiology, duration. (1 Hr) Postnatal assessment and management: promoting	• Family dynamics after child birth shifted from NK to DK.(1Hr) Anticipatory guidance regarding new born(These topics added in DK)	case based learning.(1 Hr)

VI (6 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe normal physiology of normal new born. Affective: Display confidence while caring new born. Motivate mother for exclusive breast feeding. Psychomotor: Assess neonate correctly.	 of Normal Neonates: Normal Neonate-Physiological adaptation, Initial and daily assessment, essential new born care, (1 Hr) Thermo regulation, Breastfeeding, (1 Hr) prevention of infections, immunization. (1 Hr) Reports and records. (1 Hr) 	Minor disorders of new born and its management. (1 Hr)	• Levels of neonatal care (Level I, II and III) at primary, secondary and tertiary levels.(1 Hr)		
VII (12 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe methods of identifying high risk pregnancy. Psychomotor: Differentiate high risk pregnancy. Affective: Provide effective nursing care to high risk pregnant client	 High Risk Pregnancy: Assessment and Management - Screening and assessmen - USG, CT scan, NST, CST, non invasive and invasive, newer modalities of diagnosis. High risk approach.(1 Hr) Disorders of pregnancy: Hyper emesis gravidarum, bleeding in pregnancy, abortion, ectopic pregnancy. (1 Hr) vesicular mole, antepartum hemorrhage. Uterine abnormalities and displacement. (1 Hr) Diseases complicating pregnancy: Medical and 	 Levels of care-Primary, secondary and tertiary levels. Multiple pregnancies(1Hr) Abnormalities of pregnancy & cord.(1Hr) Bioethics: - In vitro fertilization ,Abortion ,prenatal care Maternal rights versus fetal rights ,Extraordinary medical treatment for pregnancy complications , Surrogacy , Drug testing in pregnancy 	Assessment and Management - USG, CT scan, NST, CST, non invasive and invasive, newer modalities of diagnosis.(1 Hr)	(Problem based learning) (1 Hr)Newly Added	

		Surgical conditions, infections, RTI (STD), HIV, TORCH. (1 Hr) • Gynecological conditions complicating pregnancy. Pregnancy induced hypertension and diabetes, Toxemia of pregnancy, hydraminosis, Rh incompatibility. Mental disorders.(1 Hr) • Adolescent pregnancy, early primi and grand multipara. Intra uterine growth retardation.(1 Hr) • Nursing management of mothers with high risk pregnancy. Maintenance of records and reports. (1 Hr) • Perinatal loss and management of bereavement (Problem based learning)	,substance abuse in pregnancy, Fetal therapy, gender determination, ethical and legal issues, mothers rights, investigations during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period, (2hr)		
		(1Hr)Newly Added in MK			
VIII (10 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and explain abnormal labour and provide effective care to the client with abnormal labour. Psychomotor: Identify mal presentation by palpation. Affective: Incorporate this	Abnormal Labour – Assessment and Management: • Disorders in labour- CPD and contracted pelvis,(1 Hr) • mal positions and mal presentations, (1 Hr) • premature labour, disorders of uterine actionsprecipitate labour,	 Obstetrical emergencies and their management: Presentation and prolapsed of cord, Vasa previa, (1Hr) amniotic fluid embolism, rupture 	• Complications of third stage of labour- (1Hr) injuries to birth canal(1Hr)	

	Cognitive in nursing practice.	 Prolonged labour. (1 Hr) Obstetrical procedures and operations: induction of labour, forceps, vacuum version, (1 Hr) manual removal of placenta, caesarean section, destructive operations. (1 Hr) Nursing management of women undergoing Obstetrical operations and procedures.(1 Hr) Other obstetrical operations: Dilatation and curettage Dilatation and evacuation Suction and evacuation Cervical cerclage Newly Added in MK 	of uterus, shoulder dystocia, obstetrical shock (1Hr) • Emergency obstetrical hysterectomy,(1Hr) Newly added			
IX (4 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand abnormalities during post natal period, its causes and management. Psychomotor: Assess the involution of uterus. Affective: Provide nursing care effectively to client having abnormal labour.	Abnormalities during Post Natal Periods: • Assessment and Management of women with post natal complications: Puerperial infections, (1 Hr) • breast engorgement & infections. (1 Hr) • UTI, Thrombo embolic disorders, post partum hemorrhage, Eclampsia and sub involution. (1 Hr)	Psychological complications- Post partum blues, depression and psychosis. for this topic Role Play T/L Method added in DK) (1 Hr)	T N ac	Role Play V/L Method dded in OK) (1 Hr)	

X (10 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe the assessment of high risk new born. Psychomotor: Develop proficiency in caring high risk new born. Affective: Incorporate this Cognitive while caring high risk new born.	Assessment and Management Of High Risk New Born: • Admission of neonates in the neonatal intensive care units, .(1 Hr) • its protocols.(1 Hr) • Nursing management of low birth weight babies, infections, .(1Hr) • respiratory problems, hemolytic disorders, .(1Hr) • birth injuries, malformations.(1Hr) • Reports and record. (1 Hr)	Infection control in neonatal intensive care unit.(1 Hrs)	Monitoring of high risk neonates, (1 Hr) feeding of high risk neonates, (1 Hr) • management and organization of neonatal intensive care unit. (1 Hr)	
XI (4 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and describe the pharmaco therapies in obstetrical nursing. Psychomotor: Use the pharmaco therapy effectively while rendering nursing care. Affective: Remains responsible and accountable while administering drugs.	Pharmaco Therapies in Obstetrics: Indications, dosages, action, contraindications, interactions and side effects of drugs. (1 Hr) Nursing responsibilities in the administration of drugs in obstetrics — Oxytocins, antihypertensive, diuretics, tocolytic agents, anticonvulsants. Analgesia and an aesthesia in obstetrics.(1 Hr)	Effects of drugs on pregnancy, labour and puerperium. (1 Hr)	Effects of maternal medication on fetus and neonate (1 Hr)	
XII (8 Hrs)	At the end of unit students are able to: Cognitive: Understand and explain family welfare	Family Welfare Programme: • Concepts, aims, importance and history of family welfare programme.(1Hr)	 Population trends and problems in India. National 	• Latest research in contraceptio n.	

EVALUATION SCHEME: MIDWIFERY AND OBSTETRICAL NURSING

Theory

Sr.No.	Examination	Marks (maximum)	Total theory marks sent to University [A]
1.	Midterm examination	75	
2.	Pre-final examination	75	
	TOTAL	150	15

ASSIGNMENT

Sr.No.	Assignment	Marks (maximum)	Total theory marks sent to University [B]
•	Seminar 01	50	
•	Drug study	50	
	TOTAL	100	10

Internal assessment marks sent to university=A+B=25

SUMMATIVE							
MID-TERM :75 M	PREFINAL 75M	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION					
Section A-MCQ- 15 -1M: 15	Section A-MCQ- 15 -1M:	Section A-MCQ- 15 -1M: 15					
	15						
Section B-BAQ-10-2M-20	Section B-BAQ-10-2M-20	Section B-BAQ-10-2M-20					
Section B- SAQ-5-4M-:20	Section B- SAQ-5-4M-:20	Section B- SAQ-5-4M-:20					
Section C- LAQ-1-10M	Section C- LAQ-1-10M	Section C- LAQ-1-10M					
Section C- LAQ-1-10M	Section C- LAQ-1-10M	Section C- LAQ-1-10M					

References:

- 1.D. C. Dutta. Text book of Obstetrics. 7th Edition, New Central book Agency: Delhi; 2010
- 2.Littleton, Engebretson J C. Maternity Nursing Care. 2005: Thompson Canada 2005.
- 3. Myles M. Text book for midwives. 9th ed. Edinburgh: Churchill Levingstone; 1981.
- 4.Datta D.C, Textbook of obstetrics, 6th ed. New central book agency (P) LTD, Calcutta, 2004.
- 5.Jacob Annamma, A Comprehensive text book of midwifery, 2nd ed., Jaypee Brothers Medial Publishers, New Delhi 2008.
- 6.Basavanthappa BT. Textbook of Midwifery and Reproductive Health Nursing. 1st Ed. B-3EMCA house, 23/23 B Ansari Road, Daryaganji: Jaypee Brothers: 2006.
- 7.Lowdermilk Perry Cashion; Maternity Nursing; 8th ed.; Elsevier publications; Canada; 2010.
- 8. Cunningham leveno bloom hauth rouse sponge Williams Obstetrics 23rd edition New York Chicago San Francisco Lisbon London Madrid Mexico City Milan New Delhi San Juan Seoul Singapore Sydney Toronto.
- 9.Charles R. B. Beckmann, Obstetrics and Gynecology 6th edition Copyright © by Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer
- 10.Bobak. Maternity nursing. 4th ed. 2009

KIMSDU.KINS.

Basic BSc Nursing Program code: 4101 Course code: Course code: 4101-43

Subject: Management of Nursing Services and Education

Placement- Fourth year Total hours: Theory: 90 Hrs (Class 60 + Lab 30 hrs)

Course Description:

This course is designed to enable students to acquire in-depth understanding of management of hospital services, management of nursing services and nursing educational programmes. This is also designed to enable students to acquire understanding of the professional responsibilities, prospects and contribution to the growth of the Nursing profession.

Specific objectives: At the end of the course student will be able to

- 1. Understand the principles and functions of management
- 2. Understand the elements and process of management
- 3. Appreciate the management of nursing services in the hospital and community.
- 4. Apply the concepts, theories and techniques of organizational behaviour and human relations.
- 5. Develop Psychomotors in planning and organizing in service education
- 6.Understand the management of nursing educational institutions.
- 7. Describe the ethical and legal responsibilities of a professional nurse
- 8. Understand the various opportunities for professional advancement.

UNIT I	NO. & URS	CHANGE D HRS.			•	CONTENTS		
ТН.	PR.		OBJECTIVES	MUST KNOW	DESIRABLE TO KNOW	NICE TO KNOW	T/L METHOD	METHOD OF EVALUATIO N
I (4 hrs)			At the end of the course the students are able to Cognitive: Understand the concept of management and explain different theories of management. Psychomotor: Practice principles of management while managing variety of people. Affective: Adapt to different roles of nurse manager.	Introduction to management in nursing: • Definition, concepts(1 hr) • and theories. (1 hr) • Functions of management. • Principles of Management. (1 hr)	• Role of Nurse as a manager (1 hr)	-	Lecture Discussion □Explain using organization chart	MCQ BAQ Short answers
II (6 hrs)			At the end of the course the students are able to Cognitive: Describe management process & Understand leadership roles and functions of nurse manager. Psychomotor: Identify staffing requirements and participate in human resource management effectively. Affective: Strive for economic and cost	Management process: Planning: Mission, philosophy, objectives, operational plan (1 hr) Material management: (1 hr) equipment and supplies (1 hr)	 Staffing: Philosophy, staffing study, norms, activities, patient classification systems, scheduling. (1 hr) Human recourse management; recruiting, 	• Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT), Bench marking, Activity Plan (Gantt Chart) (1 hr)	Lecture Discuss ion Case studies	

		effective management strategies.		selecting, deployment, retaining, promoting, superannuatio n etc. (1 hr)			
III (8 hrs)	(5hrs)	To understand the modern concepts, components and changing trends in hospital organization		 hospital utilization indices (1 hr) Role of hospital in comprehensive health care (1 hr) Marketing of Hospitals, (1 hrs) Specialty Hospitals (1 hr) 	Development of new management practices (1 hrs)	• Lecture Discussion □ Preparatio n of organization chart of hospital	 MCQ BAQ Essay type Short answers MCQ
IV (8 hrs)	(20 hrs)	At the end of the course the students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the job responsibilities of different categories of personnel in times of emergency and peace.	Management of nursing services in the hospital and community: • Planning: Hospital and patient care units including	Emergency and disaster management Human recourse management: Recruiting,	 Directing and leading: delegation (1 hr), participatory management (1 hr) Assignment, 	 Lecture Discuss ion Demon stration Case studies 	BAQEssay type

Psychomotor: Renders managerial support and prompt goal directed services. Affective: Incorporates humanness while functioning as a nurse manager.	ward management. (1 hr) Emergency and disaster management. (1 hr) Budgeting: Proposal, (1 hr) projecting requirements for staff, (1 hr) equipments and supplies for: Hospital and patient care units, (1 hr) • Emergency and disaster management Controlling / Evaluation: (1 hr) Nursing Rounds/ visits, (1 hr) Nursing Protocols, Manuals (1 hr) • Quality Assurance Model, (1 hr) documentation. Records and reports (1 hr)	retaining, (1 hr) promoting, superannuatio n etc. (1 hr) Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels (1 hr) Staff development	rotations, delegation (1 hr)	□□Supervised practice in ward writing indents, preparing rotation plan and duty roaster, ward supervision □□Assignment on duties and responsibilities of ward sister □□Writing report □□Preparing diet sheets	problem solving exercises Assessmen t of the assignments Performan ce evaluation by ward sister with rating scale
---	--	---	------------------------------	---	--

		Performa nce appraisal. (1 hr) Supervision & guidance (1 hr) Implement Standards, policies, procedures and practices (1 hr) Maintenance of discipline (1 hr) Material Management: procurement, (1 hr) inventory control, (1 hr) auditing and maintenance in Hospital and patient care units (1 hr)				
V (5 hrs)	At the end of the course the students are able to Cognitive: Understand and describe organizational behavior and leadership styles and role of human relations in an organization. Psychomotor: Develops	Organizational behavior and human relations: • Concepts and theories of organizational behavior. Leadership styles. (1 hr)	 Review of Motivation; concepts and theories Relations with professional associations and 	-	games	 MCQ BAQ Essay type Short answers Assessmen t of problem

		effective interpersonal relationships as leader in an organizational setting. Affective: Incorporates her professional cognitive for professional team building.	 Group dynamics. (1 hr) Public relations in context of nursing. (1hr) 	employee unions and Collective bargaining (1 hr) • Review of Channels of communicatio n • Techniques of ; • Communicati on; and • Interpersonal relationship Human relations. (1 hr)	assessment Case discussion Practice session	Solving
VI (5 hrs)	-	the students are able to	In service education: Nature & scope of in service education programme, (1 hr) Organization of in service education. Principles of adult learning (1 hr) Introductiont o NACC, NABL, NABH, ISO.	Planning for in service education programme, techniques, methods (1hr) evaluation of staff education programme. • Preparation of report. (1hr)	Lecture Tiscussion □ Plan and Conduct an education al session for in-service nursing personnel	• MCQ • BAQ • Essay type □ Short answers □ Assess the planning and conduct of educational session

		(1hr)					
VII (10 hrs)	At the end of the course the students are able to Cognitive: Understand and explain the management of different education institutions. Psychomotor: Practice INC norms and guidelines while managing nursing education institutions. Affective: Co-ordinates with different authorities effectively and participates in curriculum planning.	- INC norms and guidelines (1 hr) • Budgeting (1 hr)	•	Curriculum; Planning, implementati on and evaluation, Clinical facilities Transport facilities (1 hr) Institutional Records and reports-administrative, faculty, staff and students (1 hr) Co-ordination with: Regulatory bodies. Accreditation. Affiliation. Philosophy/objective. Organizationa 1 Structure & Committees. (1 hr)	Physical facilities: College /School. Hostel. (1 hr)	Lecture Discussion Role plays Counseling session -Educational visit	 MCQ BAQ Essay type □ Short answers

its philosophy and practice standards. Psychomotor: Develop Psychomotor in defining aims and objectives of nursing at various levels of functioning. Affective: Practice nursing ensuring safety of patients and self. (1 hr) Philosophy; nursing practice. Aims and objectives. (1 hr) Characteristics of a professional nurse. (1 hr) Regulatory bodies; INC, SNC Acts; constitution, functions (1hr) Professional ethics: Code of ethics; INC, ICN. (1 hr) Code of Professional conduct; INC, ICN Practice standards for Nursing; INC. (1 hr)	registration and licensing (1 hr) • Laws related to nursing practice; Breach and penalties. (1 hr) • Bioethics:- Moral values , end of life care , medical resource allocation , decision making , Bioethics and health care management , ethical conflicts , doubts in
---	---

	ethical acts ,	
	ethical	
	distress,	
	organizationa	
	l culture ,	
	social culture	
	, issues	
	related to	
	organization ,	
	managerial	
	problems,	
	issues related	
	to employees	
	,employer and	
	employee	
	rights ,	
	employment	
	at will,	
	statutory	
	regulations	
	and	
	protection	
	and health	
	benefits ,	
	protection	
	from	
	discriminatio	
	n, collective	
	rights, right	
	to life with	
	to life with	
	dignity,	
	material	
	management	
	,staffing,	
	human	
	resource	
	management .	

IX (4 hrs)	Professional Advancement: Continuing education. (1hr) Collective bargaining. Participation in research activities. (1 hr)	 (1hr) Career Opportunities Publications; Journals, newspapers etc. (1 hr) 	Membership with Professional organizations; National and International. (1 hr)	Lecture re Discure Short Answers □ Review/ Presentation of published articles □ Group work on maintenance of bulletin ■ MCQ BAQ Short Answers

EVALUATION SCHEME:

REFERENCES:

- 1. TNAI. Nursing Administration and Management, 1st edn, Academic Press: New Delhi, 2000.
- 2. Shakharkar, B M. Principles of Hospital Administration and Planning, Jaypee Brothers:Banglore, 1998.
- 3. Pai, Pragna. Effective Hospital Management, 1st edn, The National Book Depot: Mumbai, 2002.
- 4. Srinivasan, A V.Managing a Modern Hospital, 1st edn, Sage Publications: New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Basavanthappa, B T. Nursing Administration, 1st edn, J P Brothers Medical Publishers: NewDelhi, 2000.

- 6. Goel, s & Kumar, R. Hospital Administration and Management, 1st edn, Deep and DeepPublications: New Delhi, 2000.
- 7. Park K. Park's Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine, 17th edn, M/S BanarsidasBhanot Publishers: Jabalpur, 2003.
- 8. Russels, C S. Management & Leadership for Nurse Managers, 3rd edn, Jones BartlettPublishers: London, 2002.
- 9. Francis, E M & Desouza, Mario. Hospital Administration, 3rd edn, Jaypee Brothers MedicalPublishers: New Delhi, 2000.
- 10. Goddard, H A. Principles of Administration applied to Nursing Practice, WHO: Geneva,1966.
- 11 .Hersey, P. ,Blanchard, H K & Johnson, E D. Management of Organizational Behavior,Pearson Education Indian Branch: New Delhi, 2002.
- 12. Barret, Jean. Ward Management and Teaching, 2nd edn, English Book Society: New Delhi.